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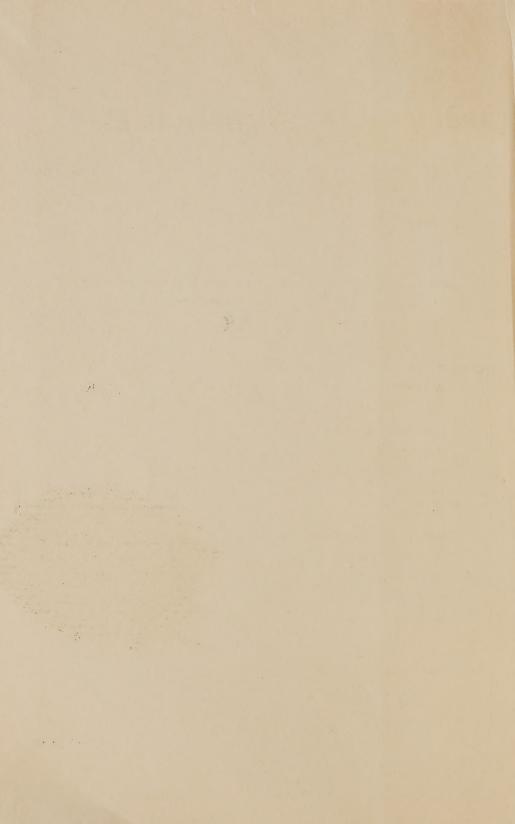
# Industrial Development Bank

fiscal year 1957

1956/57



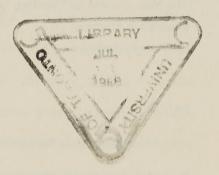
Annual Report to the Minister of Finance and Statement of Accounts



## **Industrial Development Bank**

"Whereas it is desirable to establish an industrial development bank to promote the economic welfare of Canada by increasing the effectiveness of monetary action through ensuring the availability of credit to industrial enterprises which may reasonably be expected to prove successful if a high level of national income and employment is maintained, by supplementing the activities of other lenders and by providing capital assistance to industry with particular consideration to the financing problems of small enterprises . . . "

—Preamble of the Industrial Development Bank Act





### Industrial Development Bank

Ottawa, December 9th, 1957

The Hon. Donald M. Fleming, Q.C., Minister of Finance, Ottawa, Ontario

Dear Sir,

In accordance with the provisions of the Industrial Development
Bank Act, I am transmitting herewith my report for
the fiscal year ending September 30th, 1957,
and a statement of the Bank's accounts for this period
which is signed and certified in the prescribed manner.

Yours very truly,

J. E. Coyne, President.

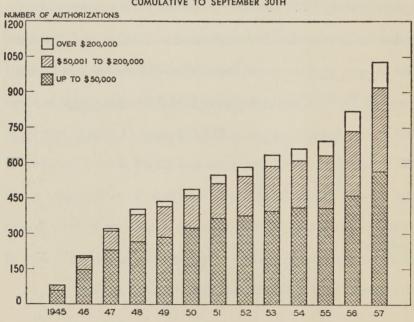
### Report of the President 1957

During the fiscal year ended September 30th, 1957, there were increased demands on the credit facilities of the Industrial Development Bank. Although chartered banks' total loans to industrial and commercial borrowers and investment in business enterprises by life insurance companies and other investors continued to rise during this period, the demand for credit from all sources increased even more rapidly. A total of 391 new loans were approved by the Industrial Development Bank compared with 340 in 1956. The number of new borrowers rose from 233 to 312, an increase of 34%. Loans of \$200,000 or less increased from 307 to 361, while the number of new loans in excess of \$200,000 declined slightly from 33 to 30. The average size of new loans was \$62,000. Almost the whole of the increase in new loans in 1957 was in loans to borrowers in the Atlantic region and Western Canada. New loans in Ontario and Quebec were slightly greater in number and amounted to 56% of the national total in 1957, as compared with 62% in 1956.

A comparison of the number of loans approved by the Bank during the last three fiscal year is given below and on the following page.

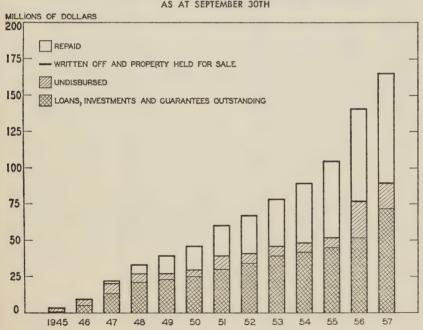
	New loans approved during the fiscal year ending Sept. 30th		
	1955	1956	1957
Number of New Borrowers	145	233	312
Number of New Loans to			
Existing Borrowers	69	107	79
Total New Loans Approved	214	340	391
Average Size (thousands of dollars)	71	108	62

### NUMBER OF CURRENT AUTHORIZATIONS CUMULATIVE TO SEPTEMBER 30TH



	New loans approved during the fiscal year ending Sept. 30th		
By Size	1955	1956	1957
Loans up to \$200,000	196	307	361
Loans exceeding \$200,000	18	33	30
Total	214	340	391
By Geographical Area			
Atlantic Provinces	11	21	38
Ontario - Quebec	128	209	219
Western Canada	75	110	134
Total	214	340	391

### ANALYSIS OF LOANS, INVESTMENTS AND GUARANTEES AUTHORIZED AS AT SEPTEMBER 30TH



Other important features of the Bank's operations during the year under review as compared with the previous year are given in the following tabulation:

following tabulation:	1956	1957
Number of loans, investments and guarantees outstanding at September 30th	821	1,028
Net authorizations current at September 30th	\$76,949,539	\$88,559,91 <b>7</b>
Disbursements during the year	20,192,801	32,362,043
Repayments during the year	12,091,268	12,618,279
Loans and investments outstanding plus liability under guarantees at September 30th	52,297,358	71,930,529
Amounts undisbursed at September 30th	24,652,181	16,629,388

The distribution of Industrial Development Bank financing by industrial groups is indicated graphically and in detail in the two following pages.

### Industrial Classification of Loans, Investments and Guarantees

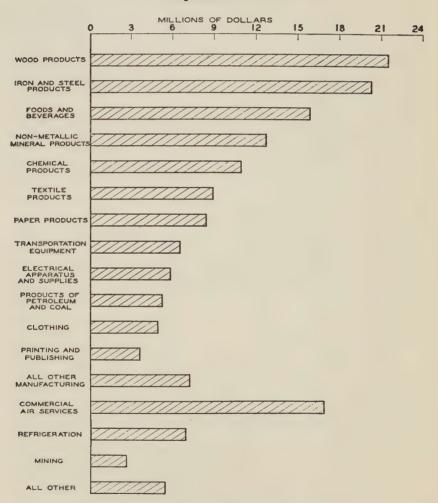
### (Thousands of Dollars)

		Auth. to Sept. 30/57 (less can- cellations &	Gross Auth. during	Current Auth. at Sept. 30	Amount Outstanding at Sept. 30
By I	ndustrial Enterprises	reductions)	1957	1957	1957
1.	Foods and Beverages	\$ 15,953	\$ 2,428	\$ 9,504	\$ 5,565
2.	Tobacco and Tobacco Products		Ψ 2,720	<b>—</b>	Ψ 5,505 —-
3.	Rubber Products	280	25	245	167
4.	Leather Products.	1,139	10	368	221
5.	Textile Products (except clothing)	8,928	895	4,829	3,250
6.	Clothing (Textiles and Fur)	4,890	438	3,233	2,189
7.	Wood Products	21,595	4,194	13,944	9,155
8.	Paper Products (including Pulp)	8,388	580	6,416	5,407
9.	Printing, Publishing and				
10	Allied Industries	3,642	386	2,345	1,400
10.	Iron and Steel Products (including Machinery and Equipment)	20,337	3,684	12,440	7,370
11.	Transportation Equipment	6,513	354	3,946	2,814
12.	Non-Ferrous Metal Products	2,577	2,982	2,062	1,380
13.	Electrical Apparatus & Supplies	5,808	772	4,991	3,456
14.	Non-Metallic Mineral Products	12,695	2,058	8,661	5,801
15.	Products of Petroleum & Coal	5,237	19	1,483	1,185
16.	Chemical Products	10,923	569	6,163	4,003
17.	Miscellaneous Manufacturing				
	Industries	3,244	601	2,141	1,277
18.	Transportation and Storage	1 / 770	0.7/4	24442	~ 1 - 1
	(a) Commercial Air Services(b) Refrigeration	16,778 6,949	3,764 886	14,441 5,316	7,151 3,385
	(c) Other	1,907	1,426	1,905	1,333
19.	Generating & Distributing of Electricity	290	80	80	68
20.	Mining	2,626	525	2,626	2,521
21.	Construction	1,189	905	1,197	949
22.	Industrial Buildings	2,251	2,007	2,264	1,360
23.	Industrial and Technical Services	922	614	922	524
24.	Forestry		_		
		\$165,061	\$30,202	\$111,522	\$71,931

The above classification follows the lines of the accepted international standard of classification.

# **Industrial Composition of Gross Authorizations**

### (Less Cancellations and Reductions) at September 30, 1957



An analysis by Provinces and Territories of the Bank's loans, investments and guarantees is given on the following page:

# Geographical Classification of Loans, Investments and Guarantees

### (Thousands of Dollars)

By Provinces and Territories	Gross Auth. to Sept. 30/57 (less can- cellations & reductions)	during fiscal year	Current Auth. at Sept. 30 1957	Amount Outstanding at Sept. 30/57
Newfoundland	\$ 475	\$ 255	\$ 433	\$ 315
Prince Edward Island	5,620	10	5,549	1,308
Nova Scotia	2,751	1,060	1,722	1,040
New Brunswick	3,819	1,237	1,947	1,083
Quebec	56,516	7,235	36,747	23,222
Ontario	46,366	8,995	33,916	23,752
Manitoba	7,306	1,185	5,090	3,793
Saskatchewan	4,928	858	1,616	562
Alberta	10,496	1,633	5,658	3,642
British Columbia	26,052	7,147	18,265	12,959
Yukon and North-West Territories	732	587	579	255
	\$165,061	\$30,202	\$111,522	\$71,931

# Size Classification of Current Authorizations

### (Loans, Investments and Guarantees)

Current Authorizations at Sept. 30/57

	Number of Credits	Amount Authorized Thousands of Dollars
\$ 5,000 and under	10	\$ 44
5,001 to \$25,000	307	5,178
25,001 to 50,000	250	9,723
50,001 to 100,000	231	17,445
100,001 to 200,000	124	18,948
Over \$200,000	106	60,184
	1,028	\$111,522

### Size Classification of New Loan Approvals

New Loans Approved during the fiscal year ending Sept. 30th

		1956	,,	1957
_	No.	Amount	No.	Amount
5,000 and under	5	\$ 20,475	6	\$ 24,750
5,001 to \$25,000	116	1,911,305	143	2,370,400
25,001 to 50,000	82	3,097,785	90	3,524,500
20,001 10 00,000	O L	0,077,703	, 0	0,024,000
50,001 to 100,000	73	5,524,508	87	6,477,548
30,001 to 100,000	/3	3,324,306	07	0,477,546
100 001 +- 000 000	0.1	4 / 4 / 050	2.5	5 277 500
100,001 to 200,000	31	4,646,950	35	5,377,500
Over \$200,000	33	23,848,000	30	12,230,500
Adjustments		70,480		196,846
	340	\$39,119,503	391	\$30,202,044
	==	Ψ57,117,505	===	<b>400,202,044</b>

Authorizations for amounts of \$200,000 or less constituted over 90% by number of the undertakings in effect at the year end. Accounts which exceeded \$200,000 or which might exceed that sum upon full disbursement of arranged credits aggregated \$45,908,033; the statutory limitation in this respect is \$75,000,000.

### **Statement of Profit and Loss**

A summary of the Profit and Loss statements for the year ending September 30th, 1957, and for the previous fiscal year is provided below:

	Year ending September 30th 1957 1956		Change over the year
Income	\$3,601,471	\$2,703,197	+ \$898,274
Less:			
Operating expenses	1,093,827	859,745	+ 234,082
Interest on debentures (including amortization of discount and premium)	919,972	321,009	+ 598,963
Provision for bad and doubtful debts	253,517	200,233	+ 53,284
	\$2,267,316	\$1,380,987	+ \$886,329
Profits transferred to Reserve Fund	\$1,334,155	\$1,322,210	+ \$ 11,945

The increase of income amounting to \$89\%,274 as compared with 1956, was entirely due to the increase in the Bank's average volume of loans and investments. The increase in operating expenses of \$234,082 is attributable in considerable measure to the impact for the first full fiscal year of additional staff and other expenses incurred in respect of the Calgary and Halifax offices opened late in

the 1956 fiscal year. Interest on debentures increased substantially both because of the increase in the amount of debentures outstanding and the rise in interest costs during a period of rising market rates of interest. Since the end of the Bank's fiscal year there has been a substantial decline in yields on Government of Canada securities and other market rates of interest and the Bank has reduced its normal lending rate from 61/2% to 6% effective November 18th.

Profit before provision for bad and doubtful debts was \$1,587,672 as compared with \$1,522,443 during fiscal 1956. Bad debts aggregating \$53,517 in excess of recoveries were written off during the year and \$200,000 was transferred to the Reserve for Losses raising it to \$1,100,000. The balance of the profits, \$1,334,155, was transferred to the Reserve Fund which now stands at \$10,040,624. Net profits in 1957 were at the rate of 3.8% of the average amount of capital and reserves outstanding as compared with 3.9% in 1956.

Funds to provide for an increase during the year of \$19,690,200 in loans and investments outstanding were obtained principally from the sale of debentures, and to a smaller extent from net earnings during the year, and from amounts left temporarily on deposit with the Bank by borrowers. At September 30th, 1957, the face amount of debentures outstanding was \$35,450,000 representing an increase of \$17,750,000 during the fiscal year.

# Industrial Destatement of ass

(with comparative figur

ASSETS:	1057	1054
	1957	1956
Cash on hand and deposits with other banks	\$ 349,635	\$ 26,406
Loans and investments \$71,874,499 Accrued interest 473,299	72,347,798	52,535,135
Property held for sale (including agreements for sale)	169,944	169,897
Guarantees and underwriting agreements (as per contra)	56,031	113,060
Other assets (including unamortized debenture discount 1957 — \$817,517; 1956 — \$189,075)	862,869	218,288
	\$73,786,277	\$53,062,786

J. E. COYNE

President

### AUDITORS' REPORT

We have made an examination of the statement of assets and liabilities of the Industrial Development Bank as at September 30, 1957 and have received all the information and

G. A. Adamson, F.C.A. of Clarkson, Gordon & Co.

Ottawa, November 1, 1957

### opment Bank

AND LIABILITIES

ER 30, 1957

September 30, 1956)

		LIABILITIES:
Capital—	1957	1956
Authorized, issued and paid up 250,000 shares par value \$100 each:	\$25,000,000	\$25,000,000
Reserve fund	10,040,624	8,706,469
Reserve for losses	1,100,000	900,000
Bonds and debentures outstanding		
Accrued interest 582,500	36,032,500	17,913,312
Liabilities under guarantees and underwriting agreements	56,031	113,060
Other liabilities (including insurance proceeds awaiting disposition 1957—\$1,144,668; 1956—\$50,378	1,557,122	429,945
	\$73,786,277	\$53,062,786
	E. FRICKER	n+
	hief Accounta	[1]

explanations we have required. We report that in our opinion it correctly sets forth the position of the Bank at September 30, 1957, according to the best of our information and as shown by the books of the Bank.

Maurice Samson, O.B.E., C.A. of Chartré, Samson, Beauvais, Bélair & Cie.

### Statement of Profit and Loss

# FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 1957 (with comparative figures for the year ended September 30, 1956)

	Year ended Sep	
INCOME:	1957	1956
INCOME.		
On loans, investments and guarantees Sundry	\$3,488,451 113,020	\$ 2,570,004 133,193
	\$3,601,471	\$ 2,703,197
EXPENSES:		
Salaries Pension fund, unemployment insurance and group	\$ 717,898	\$ 569,716
insurance	93,431	81,052
Investigation and supervision expenses	23,224	16,592
Travelling expenses	31,562	27,375
Rental and other costs — leased premises	108,544	73,911
Depreciation on equipment	11,571	8,756
Telephones and telegrams	20,220	16,001
Office supplies and expenses	23,079 6,050	15,490 5,150
Directors' fees	11,515	9,000
All other operating expenses	46,733	36,702
Total operating expenses	\$1,093,827	\$ 859,745
Interest on debentures (including amortization of	\$1,093,027	\$ 637,743
discount and premium)	919,972	321,009
Provision for bad and doubtful debts	253,517	200,233
11071b1011 101 back dila doublial dobib	\$2,267,316	\$ 1,380,987
D-64-4		
Profits transferred to reserve fund	\$1,334,155	\$ <u>1,322,210</u>
RESERVE FOR LOSSES		
Balance, September 30, 1956		\$ 900,000
Add:		
Recovery of debts previously written off Provision for bad and doubtful debts for the year	\$ 362	
ended September 30, 1957	253,517	253,879
onded boptombor oo, roor minimum.	200,017	\$ 1,153,879
Less bad debts written off		53,879
Balance, September 30, 1957		\$ 1,100,000
balance, September 30, 1937		\$ 1,100,000
RESERVE FUND		
Balance, September 30, 1956		\$ 8,706,469
Profits for year ended September 30, 1957		1,334,155
Balance, September 30, 1957		\$10,040,624

### **Summary Statement of Profit and Loss**

### (Comparative and Cumulative)

	Fiscal year ending Sept. 30th  1957  1956		Cumulative Total since Nov. 1st, 1944
Income on loans, investments and guarantees	\$3,488,451	\$2,570,004	\$18,388,081
Interest on Government of Canada securities	_	1,327	1,471,989
Profit on sales of Government of Canada securities	_	_	— 159,540
Profit on sales of other securities	_	_	804,933
All other income	113,020	131,866	414,872
Total income	\$3,601,471	\$2,703,197	\$20,920,335
Less operating expenses	1,093,827	859,745	7,181,709
Interest on I.D.B. deben- tures(1)	919,972	321,009	2,189,151
Provision for bad and doubtful debts	253,517	200,233	1,508,851
Profits transferred to the Reserve Fund	\$1,334,155	\$1,322,210	\$10,040,624
Write-offs			
Bad debts written off (net) (²)	\$ 53,517	\$ 233	\$ 408,851
Reserve for losses at end of period	\$1,100,000	\$ 900,000	\$ 1,100,000

<sup>(1)</sup> After amortization of premium or discount on sale of debentures.

<sup>(2)</sup> Bad debts written off, less recovery of bad debts written off previously. The net write-off is debited to the reserve for losses account.

# Summary of Operations, 1957, 1956 and Cumulative

	Fiscal year ending September 30th	September 30th	Cumulative Total since Nov. 1, 1944
Gross authorizations of logns, investments and quar-			
antees	\$30,202,044	\$39,119,503	\$193,046,150
Net increase in authorizations to protect Property Held for Sale	3,641	6,059	40,329
Gross authorizations	\$30,205,685 5,863,464	\$39,125,562 2,576,084	\$193,086,479 27,985,281
Net increase in authorizations	\$24,342,221	\$36,549,478	\$165,101,198
Less repayments, retirements of guarantees, write-offs and change in property held for sale	12,731,843	12,163,338	76,541,281
Increase in loans, investments and guarantees plus undisbursed	\$11,610,378	\$24,386,140	\$ 88,559,917
Disbursements*	\$32,362,043 12,618,279	\$20,192,801 12,091,268	\$147,671,279 75,217,986
Less write-offs	53,517 + 47	233 — 33,163	+ 169,944
Increase in outstanding loans and investments	\$19,690,200	\$ 8,134,463	\$ 71,874,498
Change in liability under guarantees	- 57,029	-1,207,834	+ 56,031
Increase in outstanding loans, investments and liability under guarantees	\$19,633,171	\$ 6,926,629	\$ 71,930,529
Increase in unaisbursed portion of loans a investments. Increase in combined total outstanding plus undis-	0,022,00	¢27.204.140	¢ 88 550 017
parsed	0/6/010/11¢	041,000,470	
*Exclusive of guarantees.			

### **Board of Directors**

- J. E. COYNE, President, Ottawa, Ont.
- J. R. BEATTIE, Ottawa, Ont.

  Member of the Executive Committee
  - J. M. BUCHANAN, Vancouver, B.C.
- E. G. BURTON, C.B.E., Toronto, Ont.
- J. L. CAVANAGH, New Glasgow, N.S.
  - N. A. HESLER, Sackville, N.B.
- W. A. JOHNSTON, Q.C., Winnipeg, Man.
  - R. H. MILLIKEN, Q.C., Regina, Sask.
  - H. O. PATRIQUIN, Edmonton, Alta.
  - A. C. PICARD, Quebec, Que. Member of the Executive Committee
    - H. A. RUSSELL, St. John's, Nfld.
- A. SAMOISETTE, O.B.E., Montreal, Que.
  - A. A. SCALES, Charlottetown, P.E.I.
  - K. W. TAYLOR, C.B.E., Ottawa, Ont. Member of the Executive Committee

### Officers

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D. G. MARBLE, C.B.E., General Manager

A. N. H. JAMES, Assistant General Manager

N. C. TOMPKINS, Assistant General Manager — British Columbia

L. F. MUNDY, Secretary

P. D. SMITH, Deputy Secretary

A. M. SWAN, Administrative Assistant

H. M. SCOTT, Chief, Legal Department

W. L. MUNDY, Chief, Insurance Department

G. R. ELLIOTT, Chief, Branch Credits Department

C. I. STUART, Deputy Secretary

L. VIAU, Deputy Secretary

E. FRICKER, Chief Accountant

GENERAL MANAGER'S OFFICE, 901 Victoria Square, Montreal, Que.

ATLANTIC PROVINCES

H. R. STOKER, Supervisor, 65 Spring Garden Road, Halifax, N.S.

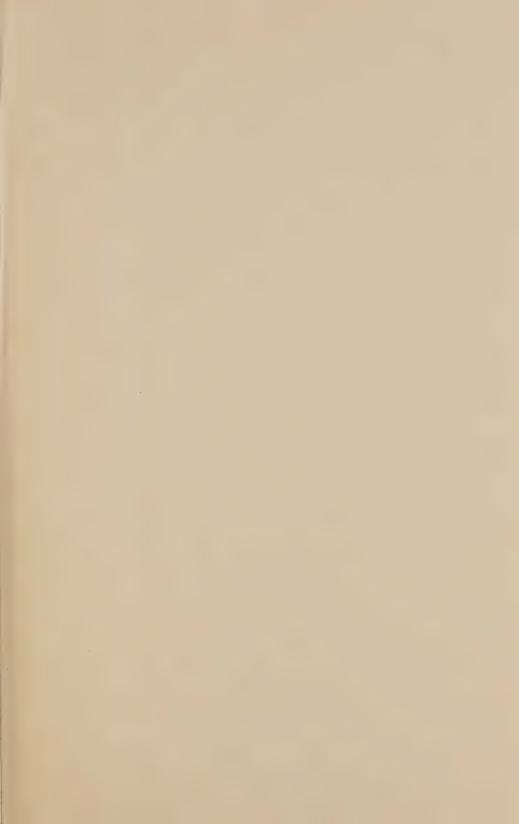
ONTARIO

W. C. STUART, Supervisor, 85 Richmond St. W., Toronto, Ont.

MANITOBA & SASKATCHEWAN
E. R. CLARK, Supervisor, 195 Portage Ave. E., Winnipeg, Man.

ALBERTA, YUKON & NORTHWEST TERRITORIES
F. M. AYKROYD, Supervisor, 513 Eighth Ave. W., Calgary, Alta.

BRITISH COLUMBIA
N. C. TOMPKINS, Assistant General Manager,
1030 West Georgia St., Vancouver, B.C.





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# INDUSTRIAL DEVELOPMENT BANK $label{eq:constraint}$

Report of the President and statement of accounts

Fiscal Year 1958

1957/58





"Whereas it is desirable to establish an industrial development bank to promote the economic welfare of Canada by increasing the effectiveness of monetary action through ensuring the availability of credit to industrial enterprises which may reasonably be expected to prove successful if a high level of national income and employment is maintained, by supplementing the activities of other lenders and by providing capital assistance to industry with particular consideration to the financing problems of small enterprises . . . "

-Preamble to the Industrial Development Bank Act



### INDUSTRIAL DEVELOPMENT BANK

Ottawa, December 9th, 1958

The Hon. Donald M. Fleming, Q.C., Minister of Finance, Ottawa, Ontario

Dear Sir,

In accordance with the provisions of the Industrial Development Bank Act, I enclose my report for the fiscal year ending September 30th, 1958, and a statement of the Bank's accounts for this period which is signed and certified in the prescribed manner.

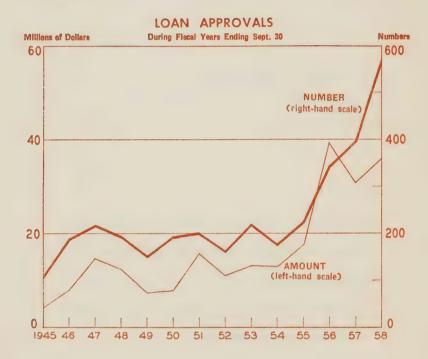
Yours very truly,

J. E. Coyne, *President*.

### INDUSTRIAL DEVELOPMENT BANK

### Report of the President-1958

During the fiscal year ending September 30, 1958, the Industrial Development Bank made 564 new loans totalling \$35.8 million. This represented an increase from the preceding year of 42% in number and 17% in dollar amount. The growth in the Bank's lending operations over the fourteen years of its existence is shown

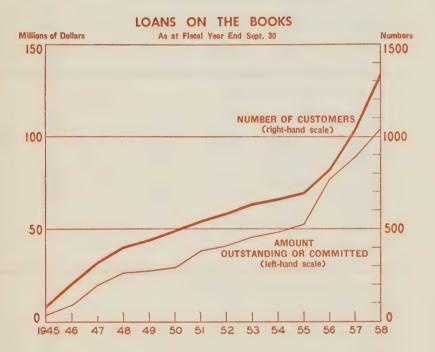


in the chart above, and detailed comparisons and classifications of the number and amount of loan approvals by size, by province and by industry are provided in tabular form on pages 6 to 9.

In June 1958 the total of the Bank's funds outstanding plus undisbursed commitments crossed the \$100 million level for the first time. While this amount is not large in relation to the total of credit outstanding in Canada it will be recalled that the Industrial

Development Bank was established by Parliament to supplement the activities of other lenders in the field of capital assistance, particularly to small enterprises. The continued growth of I.D.B. operations indicates there is in fact still a considerable field for medium term lending which falls between financing in the securities market or on conventional real estate mortgages on the one hand, and normal chartered bank loans on the other.

As will be seen from the table on pages 8 and 9, a large part of the increase in I.D.B. loan approvals in the past year related



to firms in the food and beverage industries, where growth has been particularly strong and little affected by the recession. The same table shows that there was also a considerable increase of loan approvals in the categories of enterprises which were first brought within the scope of Industrial Development Bank lending by the 1956 amendments to the Act.

# LOAN A

	NUMBER	
	1955	1956
CLASSIFICATION BY NEW OR EXISTING BORROWERS		
To new borrowers	145	233
To existing borrowers	76	109
Total	221	342
CLASSIFICATION BY SIZE		
\$5,000 or less	7	5
Over 5,000 to 25,000	75 53	117 83
Over 50,000 to 100,000	44	73
Over 100,000 to 200,000	24	32
Total up to \$200,000	203 18	310 32
Total		342
10tat	<u>221</u>	342
Average size		
CLASSIFICATION BY PROVINCE		
Newfoundland Prince Edward Island	••	2 5
Nova Scotia	4	7
New Brunswick	7	8
QuebecOntario	71 61	94 116
Manitoba	13	21
SaskatchewanAlberta	6 13	1 25
British Columbia	45	61
Yukon & N. W. Territories	1	2
Total	221	342
Revised*		

# COVALS S ENDING SEPT. 30

		AMOUN	NT (\$000)		
1957	1958	1955	1956	1957	1958
312 84 396	421 143 564	12,740 4,882 17,622	29,364 9,939 39,303	25,250 5,423 30,673	26,509 9,333 35,842
6 144 92 88 36 366 30 396	12 222 128 122 44 528 36 564	24 1,236 1,962 3,242 3,498 9,962 7,660 17,622 ———————————————————————————————————	21 1,924 3,123 5,525 4,820 15,413 23,890 39,303 115*	26 2,410 3,629 6,551 5,534 18,150 12,523 30,673 77*	34 3,621 5,010 9,086 6,408 24,159 11,683 35,842
2 1 15 20 97 123 19 7 31 79 2 396	2 27 24 147 169 41 10 55 88 1	255 207 5,360 5,663 790 477 444 4,346 80	75 5,498 401 1,346 11,974 9,128 2,505 11 2,232 6,032 101 39,303	255 10 1,060 1,237 7,260 8,995 1,343 858 1,671 7,397 587 30,673	31 1,235 1,399 10,479 10,629 2,114 973 2,554 6,178 250

### INDUSTRIAL CLASSIFICATION DURING FISCAL

		NUMBE	R
		1955	1956
1.	Foods and Beverages	26	45
2.		• •	• •
	Rubber Products	I	I
	Leather Products	1	4
	Textile Products (except clothing)	10	14
6.	Clothing (Textiles and Fur)	9	15
	Wood Products	39	53
8.	Paper Products (including Pulp)	4	8
9.	Printing and Allied Industries	10	16
10.	Iron and Steel Products		
	(including Machinery and Equipment)	24	52
11.	Transportation Equipment	8	10
12.	Non-Ferrous Metal Products	8	12
13.	Electrical Apparatus & Supplies	8	17
14.	Non-Metallic Mineral Products	31	25
15.	Products of Petroleum & Coal	6	6
16.	Chemical Products	8	12
17.	Miscellaneous Manufacturing Industries	8	8
18.	Commercial Air Services	13	17
19.	Warehousing (including Refrigeration)	7	6
20.	Other Transportation & Storage		3
21.	Generating & Distributing of Electricity		
22.	Operating a Mine or Quarry		3
23.	Construction		4
24.	Industrial Buildings		7
	Industrial and Technical Services		4
26.	Forestry		
		221	342

### N OF LOAN APPROVALS ENDING SEPT. 30

1957	1958	40#=			
		1955	1956	1957	1958
45	94	1,501	3,010	2,577	6,854
• •	2	• • • •			200
1	2	85	45	25	90
1	3	25	176	10	44
10	17	1,126	775	895	1,737
17	16	453	1,109	438	610
63	70	2,165	4,619	4,194	4,982
7	10	236	2,075	580	514
14	21	398	611	386	1,598
55	62	1,689	3,498	3,693	3,522
12	18	518	2,370	354	794
11	6	557	503	3,232	147
10	12	508	1,390	772	832
28	36	3,451	1,800	2,083	3,451
	1	893	630	19	2
10	14	311	449	569	1,205
14	8	680	245	601	319
13	8	2,315	11,416	3,764	155
6	11	711	1,063	1,236	886
17	27		280	1,076	1,248
1				80	
3	12		2,101	525	1,499
11	28		285	905	991
31	54	• • • •	353	2,045	2,929
16	31		500	614	1,183
	1	• • • •			50
396	564	17,622	39,303	30,673	35,842

The main features of the Bank's financial operations in 1958 and the three preceding fiscal years are summarized in the following table:—

### SUMMARY STATISTICS OF LOANS, INVESTMENTS AND GUARANTEES

for fiscal years ending Sept. 30

1955	1956	1957	1958
12.7	20.2	32.4	31.4
10.8	12.1	12.7	14.2
		.1	.1
44.1	52.2	71.8	88.9
1.3	.1	.1	
7.2	24.6	16.6	15.5
52.6	76.9	88.5	104.4
694	821	1,028	1,326
76	94	86	79
	12.7 10.8 — 44.1 1.3 7.2 52.6 694	12.7 20.2 10.8 12.1 — — — 44.1 52.2 1.3 .1 7.2 24.6 52.6 76.9 694 821	12.7     20.2     32.4       10.8     12.1     12.7       -     -     .1       44.1     52.2     71.8       1.3     .1     .1       7.2     24.6     16.6       52.6     76.9     88.5       694     821     1,028

Over the fourteen years of the Bank's existence it has authorized 3,313 loans for 2,434 businesses in a total amount of \$230.5 million. Of these credits 367 to 341 businesses were not taken up and these cancellations and reductions in other credits made as a result of changes in applicants' plans totalled \$35.4 million, so that net authorizations of \$195.1 million to 2.093 businesses were actually utilized. Accounts which have been paid off in full number 746, with a total amount of \$48.2 million. Outstanding balances totalling \$0.5 million were written off in 19 accounts and 2 cases totalling \$0.1 million are carried under "Property Held for Sale". As a result, at Sept. 30, 1958 the Bank had on its books authorizations for 1,326 businesses. The original amount of these authorizations aggregated \$146.3 million. Up to Sept. 30, 1958 a total of \$41.9 million had been repaid on these authorizations and \$15.5 million had not yet been disbursed, so that amounts outstanding aggregated \$88.9 million and the total of amounts outstanding or committed was \$104.4 million.

Of the \$104.4 million which the Bank had outstanding or committed at Sept. 30, 1958 to 1,326 customers, 92% by number was in accounts of \$200,000 or less. The total of accounts for which an amount in excess of \$200,000 was outstanding or committed was \$49.6 million at Sept. 30, 1958 as compared with \$45.9 million a year before. The statutory limit on the total of accounts with amounts outstanding in excess of \$200,000 is \$75 million.

The following table shows the provincial distribution of the loans which are now on the Bank's books and also of the total of authorizations made since operations commenced on November 1, 1944.

### PROVINCIAL DISTRIBUTION OF LOANS, INVESTMENTS & GUARANTEES

		ts on books t. 30, 1958	Total Authorization Nov. 1, 1944 to Sept. 30, 1958	
	Number of Businesses	Amounts Outstanding or Committed	Number of Businesses	Amount
		(\$000)		(\$000)
Newfoundland	5	215	8	1,331
<i>P.E.I.</i>	9	3,330	11	5,620
Nova Scotia	43	2,452	71	4,645
New Brunswick	52	2,060	94	6,847
Quebec	362	32,367	698	75,098
Ontario	429	32,989	775	65,127
Manitoba	86	5,226	173	10,808
Saskatchewan	24	1,463	51	6,275
Alberta	105	6,061	165	14,952
British Columbia	209	17,472	385	38,606
Yukon & N.W.T	2	751	3	1,164
	1,326	104,386	2,434	230,473
	Westerland on the second of			

The profit and loss statement, which is shown in detail on page 16, is summarized below:—

Fiscal Years	ending	Sept. 30
--------------	--------	----------

	1958	1957	Change		
Income	\$4,663,000	\$3,601,000	+\$1,062,000		
Less:					
Operating expenses	1,241,000	1,094,000	+ 147,000		
Interest on debentures	1,524,000	920,000	+ 604,000		
Provision for bad and					
doubtful debts	663,000	253,000	+ 410,000		
	\$3,428,000	\$2,267,000	+\$1,161,000		
Profits transferred to					
Reserve Fund	\$1,235,000	\$1,334,000	\$ 99,000		

Profit before provision for bad and doubtful debts was \$1,898,000 as compared with \$1,587,000 during fiscal 1957. Bad debts aggregating \$63,000 in excess of recoveries were written off during the year from Reserve for Losses and \$663,000 was transferred to this Reserve raising it to \$1,700,000. In accordance with the provisions of the I.D.B. Act the balance of profit, viz:—\$1,235,000, was transferred to the Reserve Fund which now stands at \$11,275,000. Profit after provision for bad and doubtful debts was at the rate of 3.3% of the average amount of capital and reserves outstanding during the year, as compared with 3.8% in fiscal 1957.

The net increase of \$600,000 in the Reserve for Losses was made following the annual assessment of the Bank's exposure to losses by the management and by the auditors. The total of \$1,700,000 in this special reserve to provide for possible future losses on loans now on the books amounts to 1.63% of the \$104.4 million of such loans outstanding or committed. It has been built up out of revenue earned on such loans and earlier loans. Actual losses realized to date plus the reserve for possible future losses amount to 1.11% of the \$195.1 million total loans taken up by borrowers.

While the Industrial Development Bank makes loans only to enterprises which it expects will operate successfully and at a profit sufficient to enable the loans to be repaid in accordance with their terms, it is important for the accomplishment of its purpose that the Bank should not be governed by an excess of caution—otherwise the development of many industrial enterprises having good earning potential would not be encouraged as contemplated by Parliament. The Bank was established to operate in a field of lending in which there are special problems such as the high cost of investigation and supervision, the length of time for which borrowed funds are needed and the difficulty of appraising the risks involved and it is inevitable that some losses will be experienced. To hold losses to reasonable proportions each application must be carefully assessed as to security, earning power, production methods, market prospects and, very importantly, the quality of the applicant's management. Many accounts also require a considerable degree of supervision after the loan has been made, particularly during their earlier years on the Bank's books.

The work of investigation, assessment, supervision and advice carried on by the Bank necessarily involves relatively high costs of operation, although the Bank is constantly endeavouring to hold such costs to a minimum. The cost-ratio has declined and operations have become more efficient as total outstanding loans have grown and enabled necessary overhead expenses to be spread over a greater volume of business, and as experience and training have been acquired in a highly specialized field of lending. From fiscal 1955 to fiscal 1958 the staff of the Bank increased by 60% while the number of accounts on the books increased by 90% and the number of new loan approvals per annum increased by 160%. This record speaks well for the ability and industry of the staff which at the year-end numbered 89 men and 73 women in our six offices across Canada.

Despite the difficulties, expenses and risks which are characteristic of its allotted field of lending, the record of the Industrial Development Bank to date has demonstrated that a worthwhile contribution towards filling a gap in our financial structure is being made on a basis which earns a moderate return on invested funds.

#### INDUSTRIAL DE

#### STATEMENT OF ASSETS AND LIA

(with comparative figu

ASSETS:		
	1958	1957
Cash on hand and deposits with other banks	\$ 121,900	\$ 349,635
Loans and investments. \$88,843,286 Accrued interest 435,544	89,278,830	72,347,798
Property held for sale (including agreements for sale)	135,193	169,944
Guarantees and underwriting agreements (as per contra)	21,089	56,031
Other assets (including unamortized de- benture discount and premium pay- ments 1958—\$733,618; 1957—		
\$817,517)	822,945	862,869
	\$90,379,957	\$73,786,277

J. E. COYNE

President

#### OPMENT BANK

#### TIES AS AT SEPTEMBER 30, 1958

ptember 30, 1957)

ı		u			- 11 '	1 1	••	-10	
	_1./-	3 LD	ш	ш.	/ II		3 5		

Capital—		
1	1958	1957
Authorized, issued and paid up		
250,000 shares par value \$100 each	\$25,000,000	\$25,000,000
Reserve fund	11,275,405	10,040,624
Reserve for losses	1,700,000	1,100,000
Bonds and debentures		-,,
outstanding \$51,000,000		
Accrued interest 799,625	51,799,625	36,032,500
Liabilities under guarantees and under-		
writing agreements	21,089	56,031
Other liabilities (including insurance proceeds awaiting disposition 1958—		,
\$143,121; 1957—\$1,144,668	583,838	1,557,122
Φ110,121, 1701 Φ1,177,000	202,030	1,557,122
	\$90,379,957	\$73,786,277

E. Fricker

Chief Accountant

#### AUDITORS' REPORT

We have made an examination of the statement of assets and liabilities of the Industrial Development Bank as at September 30, 1958 and have received all the information and explanations we have required. We report that in our opinion it correctly sets forth the position of the Bank at September 30, 1958, according to the best of our information and as shown by the books of the Bank.

G. A. ADAMSON, F.C.A. of Clarkson, Gordon & Co.

ROSAIRE COURTOIS, C.A. of Courtois, Fredette & Cie.

Ottawa, November 7, 1958.

# STATEMENT OF PROFIT AND LOSS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 1958 (with comparative figures for the year ended September 30, 1957)

INCOME:	1958	1957
On loans, investments and guarantees Sundry	\$ 4,521,589 141,522	\$ 3,488,451 113,020
	\$ 4,663,111	\$ 3,601,471
EXPENSES:	-	***
Salaries  Pension fund, unemployment insurance and	\$ 830,564	\$ 717,898
group insurance	111,070 26,433	93,431 23,224
Travelling expenses	16,333	31,562
Rental and other costs—leased premises	122,513	108,544
Depreciation on equipment	14,164	11,571
Telephone and telegrams	22,598	20,220
Office supplies and expenses	25,224	23,079
Directors' fees	6,800	6,050
Auditors' fees and expenses	10,745	11,515
All other operating expenses	54,204	46,733
Total operating expenses Interest on debentures (including amortiza-	\$ 1,240,648	\$ 1,093,827
tion of discount and premium)	1,524,288	919,972
Provision for bad and doubtful debts	663,394	253,517
	\$ 3,428,330	\$ 2,267,316
Profits transferred to reserve fund	\$ 1,234,781	\$ 1,334,155
RESERVE FOR LO	SSES	
Balance, September 30, 1957		\$ 1,100,000
Recovery of debts previously written off Provision for bad and doubtful debts for	\$ 3,539	
the year ended September 30, 1958	663,394	666,933
		\$ 1,766,933
Less bad debts written off		66,933
Balance, September 30, 1958		\$ 1,700,000
RESERVE FUN	D	
Balance, September 30, 1957		\$10,040,624
Profits for year ended September 30, 1958		1,234,781
Balance. September 30, 1958		\$11,275,405

#### BOARD OF DIRECTORS

J. E. COYNE OTTAWA

President

J. R. BEATTIE OTTAWA

Member of the Executive Committee

J. T. BRYDEN TORONTO

F. FIELD, F.C.A. VANCOUVER

N. A. HESLER SACKVILLE, N.B.

C. BRUCE HILL ST. CATHARINES, ONT.

W. A. JOHNSTON, Q.C. WINNIPEG

R. H. MILLIKEN, Q.C. REGINA

J. H. MOWBRAY JONES LIVERPOOL, N.S.

L. PATRICK CALGARY

A. C. PICARD QUEBEC

Member of the Executive Committee

H. A. RUSSELL ST. JOHN'S, NFLD.

A. SAMOISETTE, O.B.E. MONTREAL

A. A. SCALES CHARLOTTETOWN

K. W. TAYLOR, C.B.E. OTTAWA

Member of the Executive Committee

#### **OFFICERS**

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D. G. MARBLE, C.B.E. GENERAL MANAGER

A. N. H. JAMES ASSISTANT GENERAL MANAGER

L. F. MUNDY SECRETARY

H. J. C. RUSSELL ADMINISTRATIVE ASSISTANT

H. M. SCOTT CHIEF, LEGAL DEPARTMENT

W. L. MUNDY CHIEF, INSURANCE DEPARTMENT

G. R. ELLIOTT CHIEF, BRANCH CREDITS DEPARTMENT

P. D. SMITH DEPUTY SECRETARY

C. I. STUART DEPUTY SECRETARY

L. VIAU DEPUTY SECRETARY

E. FRICKER CHIEF ACCOUNTANT

#### REGIONAL OFFICERS

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BRITISH COLUMBIA

C. E. DEATHE ASSISTANT SUPERVISOR BRITISH COLUMBIA

F. M. AYKROYD SUPERVISOR, ALBERTA, YUKON, NORTHWEST TERRITORIES

E. R. CLARK SUPERVISOR, MANITOBA, SASKATCHEWAN

W. C. STUART SUPERVISOR, ONTARIO
E. A. BELL ASSISTANT SUPERVISOR, ONTARIO

H. R. STOKER SUPERVISOR, ATLANTIC PROVINCES

### INDUSTRIAL DEVELOPMENT BANK **OFFICES**

BRITISH COLUMBIA

1030 WEST GEORGIA ST., VANCOUVER, B.C. TELEPHONE: MU 1-7484

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MANITOBA, SASKATCHEWAN

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ONTARIO

250 UNIVERSITY AVE., TORONTO, ONT. TELEPHONE: EM 8-1171

**QUEBEC** 

901 VICTORIA SQUARE, MONTREAL, QUE. (GENERAL MANAGER'S OFFICE) TELEPHONE: UN 6-2701

ATLANTIC PROVINCES

65 SPRING GARDEN ROAD HALIFAX, N.S. TELEPHONE: 2-7444







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# INDUSTRIAL DEVELOPMENT



Annual report to the Minister of Finance

AND STATEMENT OF ACCOUNTS

FISCAL YEAR 1959



Government Publications

"Whereas it is desirable to establish an industrial development bank to promote the economic welfare of Canada by increasing the effectiveness of monetary action through ensuring the availability of credit to industrial enterprises which may reasonably be expected to prove successful if a high level of national income and employment is maintained, by supplementing the activities of other lenders and by providing capital assistance to industry with particular consideration to the financing problems of small enterprises . . . "

-Preamble to the Industrial Development Bank Act

#### INDUSTRIAL DEVELOPMENT BANK

Ottawa, December 9th, 1959

The Hon. Donald M. Fleming, Q.C., Minister of Finance, Ottawa, Ontario

Dear Sir,

In accordance with the provisions of the Industrial Development Bank Act, I enclose my report for the fiscal year ending September 30th, 1959, and a statement of the Bank's accounts for this period which is signed and certified in the prescribed manner.

Yours very truly,

J. E. Coyne, *President*.

#### INDUSTRIAL DEVELOPMENT BANK

#### Report of the President-1959

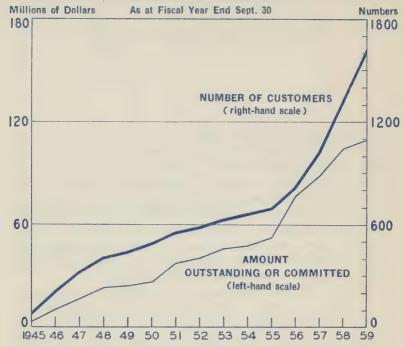
The Industrial Development Bank has now been in operation for a period of fifteen years. During this time, it has approved 3,955 loans in a total amount of \$260.6 million. In the fiscal year ended September 30, 1959 the number of loans made was 599 for a total amount of \$30.6 million. At September 30, 1959 the Bank had 2,030 loan accounts on its books for 1,609 industrial enterprises. The original amount of the authorizations in respect of these accounts aggregated \$166.9 million, on which the amounts outstanding were \$96.7 million and the total of amounts outstanding plus amounts not yet disbursed was \$109.1 million.

Of the loans which the Bank had outstanding or committed at September 30, 1959 to 1,609 customers, 43% by number were for amounts of \$25,000 or less and 93% by number were for amounts of \$200,000 or less. The total of loan accounts for which an amount not exceeding \$200,000 was outstanding or committed was \$65.0 million at September 30, 1959 and the total outstanding or committed for loans in excess of \$200,000 was \$44.1 million. The statutory limit on the total of accounts with amounts outstanding in excess of \$200,000 is \$75 million.

The I.D.B. was established to fill a gap in the financial structure—to make term loans to industrial enterprises which because of their small size, or their lack of a sufficiently long earnings record, or complications in respect of the security they could offer, or for other special reasons, could not obtain term financing from other sources on reasonable terms and conditions. On the basis of the Bank's experience to date there appears to be a continuing demand from industrial enterprises for term lending of this type.

Over the past four years, the number of loans made to new borrowers per year has tripled. In part this results from the 1956 revision of the I.D.B. Act which made additional categories of





industry eligible under the Act; as will be seen from the table on pages 8 and 9 the expansion of lending is particularly noticeable in newly eligible categories such as transportation and storage, construction, and industrial and technical services. The Bank's rate of lending has also increased among a wide variety of other industries mainly because of a growing awareness in the business community of the facilities which the Bank can offer.

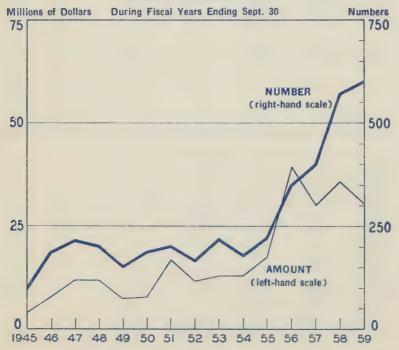
The Bank's procedures and criteria for making loans are open to modification from time to time in the light of operating experience, but two basic principles stand unchanged and indeed re-emphasized by experience. One is the necessity of adequate management capabilities in the applicant business as a condition for making a fruitful loan, that is, one which will be of benefit to the borrower and be repaid within a reasonable period. The other is the importance of the amount and character of the principal's own investment in the business. It would confer only an illusory

and temporary benefit on any borrower to make a loan where these two major requirements for success are not adequately met.

At the beginning of the fiscal year ending September 30, 1959 the rate of loan applications and approvals was showing a tendency to decline. This proved to be a temporary condition and for the year as a whole the number of new loans was slightly higher than in the previous fiscal year. The new fiscal year ending September 30, 1960 has started on a rising trend and at a substantially higher level than a year ago.

The number of new loans made in the fiscal year 1959 was 599 as compared with 571 in the previous fiscal year. The total amount authorized for new loans was \$30.6 million as compared with \$35.9 million and the average amount authorized per new loan was \$51,000 as compared with \$63,000. There were 56 more loans in categories up to \$50,000 and 28 fewer loans for amounts over \$50,000. (See Table on pages 6 and 7).





### LOAN A DURING FISCAL YEAR

	NUMBER		
CLASSIFICATION BY NEW	1955	1956	1957
OR EXISTING BORROWERS  To New Borrowers		232 117	308 93
Total	221	349	401
CLASSIFICATION BY SIZE			
\$5,000 or less  Over 5,000 to 25,000  Over 25,000 to 50,000  Over 50,000 to 100,000  Over 100,000 to 200,000	76 52 42	13 119 80 72 32	13 143 92 88 36
Total up to \$200,000		316 33	372 29
Total	221	349	401
Average size			
CLASSIFICATION BY PROVINCE Newfoundland. Prince Edward Island. Nova Scotia. New Brunswick Quebec. Ontario. Manitoba. Saskatchewan. Alberta. British Columbia. Yukon and N. W. Territories.	7 71 61 14 6 14 43	2 5 7 8 96 121 22 1 25 60 2	2 1 15 20 98 129 19 7 28 80 2
Total	. 221	349	401

# ROVALS NDING SEPTEMBER 30

		AMOUNT	(\$000)			
1958	1959	1955	1956	1957	1958	1959
420 151	438 161	12,739 4,723	29,264 10,095	25,210 4,901	26,686 9,255	24,150 6,429
571	599	17,462	39,359	30,111	35,941	30,579
20 223 127 121 46 537 34 571	31 242 153 112 43 581 18 599	20 1,239 1,892 3,184 3,498 	31 1,971 3,014 5,425 4,820 15,261 24,098 39,359	31 2,392 3,599 6,582 5,526 18,130 11,981 30,111	52 3,662 4,947 9,047 6,808 24,516 11,425 35,941 ————————————————————————————————————	105 3,911 5,939 8,406 6,293 24,654 5,925 30,579
2 28 24 147 169 42 11 57 90 1	7 5 33 26 140 193 32 19 55 87 2	252 206 5,246 5,638 790 465 694 4,091 80 17,462	75 5,497 393 1,344 11,903 9,118 2,504 11 2,232 6,181 101 39,359	255 10 1,060 1,236 7,140 9,079 1,344 858 1,621 6,933 575	31  1,235 1,399 10,449 10,473 2,050 1,019 2,784 6,251 250 35,941	236 171 1,369 751 7,585 9,862 2,065 978 2,735 4,752 75

### INDUSTRIAL CLASSIFICA DURING FISCAL YEAR

	NUMBER		
	1955	1956	1957
Foods and Beverages	26	45	49
Tobacco and Tobacco Products			
Rubber Products	1	1	1
Leather Products	1	4	1
Textile Products (except Clothing)	8	14	12
Clothing (Textiles and Fur)	11	17	17
Wood Products	38	53	69
Paper Products (including Pulp)	4	9	5
Printing and Allied Industries	10	17	14
Iron and Steel Products			
(including Machinery and Equipment)	27	58	61
Transportation Equipment	9	5	10
Non-Ferrous Metal Products	7	13	10
Electrical Apparatus and Supplies	7	19	13
Non-Metallic Mineral Products	32	26	26
Products of Petroleum and Coal	6	6	1
Chemical Products	8	12	12
Miscellaneous Manufacturing Industries	8	8	17
Commercial Air Services	11	17	13
Warehousing (including Refrigeration)	7	6	10
Other Transportation and Storage		3	18
Operating a Mine or Quarry		2	3
Construction		4	12
Industrial Buildings.		2	6
Industrial and Technical Services.	• ·	8	21
Forestry			
1 Orestry	• •		
	221	349	401

### ON OF LOAN APPROVALS NDING SEPTEMBER 30

AMOUNT	(\$000)
--------	---------

		AMOONI (#C	,,,,,			
1958	1959	1955	1956	1957	1958	1959
97	82	1,466	2,988	2,767	7,016	4,340
2					200	
2	1	85	45	25	90	23
4	5	25	176	10	82	246
18	13	837	769	1,014	1,726	621
20	33	732	1,107	428	737	1,707
72	74	2,130	4,737	4,535	5,207	4,777
11	6	236	2,107	530	574	171
20	26	398	641	386	1,475	1,194
67	73	1,685	3,323	3,875	3,792	3,139
25	22	518	1,915	319	1,070	792
6	20	557	504	2,730	147	1,129
14	12	453	1,618	848	909	546
38	34	3,449	1,822	2,037	3,503	1,497
1	3	893	630	22	20	169
18	20	311	449	638	1,362	716
13	17	680	257	724	366	1,108
8	13	2,313	11,406	3,742	158	891
12	6	694	1,062	1,407	931	478
30	41		280	1,055	1,353	1,775
12	5		2,100	525	1,493	346
32	33		285	983	1,027	2,095
21	12		199	714	1,582	884
27	48		939	797	1,071	1,935
1	• •		• • • •		50	
571	599	17,462	39,359	30,111	35,941	30,579

The following table shows the provincial distribution of the loans which are now on the Bank's books and also the total of authorizations made since operations commenced in 1944.

#### PROVINCIAL DISTRIBUTION OF LOANS

	Accounts on Books at September 30, 1959		Total Auth Nov. 1, Sept. 30	1944 to
			Number of Businesses	Amounts
		(\$000)		(\$000)
Newfoundland	10	345	14	1,566
<i>P.E.I.</i>	12	2,644	14	5,791
Nova Scotia	66	3,026	97	5,773
New Brunswick	63	2,347	114	7,496
Quebec	414	32,576	791	82,505
Ontario	534	35,098	927	75,096
Manitoba	97	6,261	185	12,708
Saskatchewan	37	2,139	70	8,153
Alberta	137	7,548	211	18,021
British Columbia	235	16,407	437	42,160
Yukon & N.W.T	4	757	6	1,287
Total	1,609	109,148	2,866	260,556

The amount of loan funds actually drawn down by borrowers during the year was \$29.3 million while repayments were \$20.4 million and \$0.8 million was written off, so that the total amount of loans outstanding rose by \$8.1 million during the year from \$88.6 million to \$96.7 million. The rise in loan repayments year by year makes it possible for an increasing volume of new loans to be made without adding commensurately to the total amount outstanding.

Amounts outstanding plus loans committed but as yet undisbursed rose from \$104.1 million at September 30, 1958 to \$109.1 million at September 30, 1959. The latter amount represented a total of 2,030 loans now current to 1,609 business customers, a doubling of the number of customers in the past three years.

The main features of the Bank's financial operations in 1959 and the four preceding fiscal years are summarized in the following table:

#### SUMMARY STATISTICS OF LOANS For Fiscal Years Ending September 30

	1955	1956	1957	1958	1959
Amounts Drawn Down by					
Borrowers (Millions of Dollars)	12.6	20.1	32.6	31.1	29.3
Repayments by Borrowers (Millions of Dollars)	10.7	12.0	12.8	14.1	20.4
Amounts Written Off (Millions of Dollars)			.1	.1	.8
Increase in Amounts Out- standing (Millions of				•	
Dollars)	1.9	8.1	19.7	16.9	8.1
Amounts Outstanding at Year-End (Millions of					
Dollars) Amounts Not Yet Disbursed	43.9	52.0	71.7	88.6	96.7
on Loans Authorized at Year-End (Millions of					
Dollars) Amounts Outstanding Plus	8.3	24.7	16.4	15.5	12.4
Undisbursed at Year-End	52.2	76 7	00 1	104 1	100 1
(Millions of Dollars) Number of Customers on the	32.2	/0./	00.1	104.1	109.1
Books at Year-End	692	819	1.021	1.321	1.609
Average Amount Outstand-			, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	,	,
ing Plus Undisbursed per					
Customer (Thousands of					
Dollars)		94			
Four new regional office	es were	onened	hy the	Bank	during

Four new regional offices were opened by the Bank during the past year, at Saint John, N.B.; Quebec, Que.; London, Ont.; and Regina, Sask. In addition, a Montreal office was established as a separate administrative unit. Previously, the operations of the Bank in the Montreal area had been under the direct super-

vision of the General Manager's Office in that city.

The Bank's lending rate, which had been  $6\frac{1}{2}$  per cent from September 1956 to November 1957 and 6 per cent since then, was raised to  $6\frac{1}{2}$  per cent in March 1959 and to 7 per cent in September 1959. These increases were made because of the substantial rise in interest costs paid by the Bank on new and refunding issues of its debentures, and because of the general rise in lending rates charged on similar loans, such as industrial mortgages, by private lending institutions.

The profit and loss statement, which is shown in detail on page 15, is summarized below.

Fiscal Years ending September 30

-	1959	1958	Change
Interest income	\$5,476,000	\$4,516,000	+\$ 960,000
Profit on sale of invest-			
ments	258,000	3,000	+ 255,000
Sundry income	150,000	144,000	+ 6,000
•	5,884,000	4,663,000	+ 1,221,000
Less:			
Operating expenses .	1,634,000	1,241,000	+ 393,000
Interest on debentures Provision for bad and	2,001,000	1,524,000	+ 477,000
doubtful debts	715,000	663,000	+ 52,000
	4,350,000	3,428,000	+ 922,000
Profits transferred to			
Reserve Fund	1,534,000	1,235,000	+ 299,000

Interest income on loans was \$5,476,000 compared with \$4,516,000 during fiscal 1958, an increase of \$960,000. Income arising from profits on the sale of investments was \$258,000 compared with \$3,000 in 1958. As explained in the Annual Report for 1954, the Bank occasionally takes minority equity positions in companies borrowing from the Bank where its loan is substantial in relation to the capital invested by the proprietors and where heavy dependence is placed on the success of the business rather than the realizable value of the security taken. Loans of this type involve more than ordinary risks to the lender, and where the enterprise is successful the Bank is able by virtue of its holding of shares to derive a benefit commensurate with its contribution. The proceeds of sales of such shares, over and above the book value at which they were carried by the Bank, constitute the special income mentioned above.

Sundry income received by the Bank during the fiscal year amounted to \$150,000 compared with \$144,000 in 1958 and arose

mainly from fees of certain kinds. No fee is charged for the investigation of a proposal, but a customer's acceptance of the Bank's offer of credit provides that a "commitment fee" is payable to the Bank in the event that the customer allows the credit to lapse without drawing on it. An accepted credit will be held available without charge for a period of several months; if, however, the legal documents are not completed and the credit is not used by a date set out in the letter of offer, it may be necessary for the applicant to pay a "standby fee" if he wishes the Bank to keep its offer to lend open for a further period. In effect, the borrower has an option, for which he pays a premium. Finally, a borrower who wishes to prepay his loan at some time prior to maturity may do so upon payment to the Bank of a "prepayment fee".

The increase in operating expenses during 1959 reflects mainly the additional costs incurred in opening, staffing and equipping the new regional offices referred to above. Salaries and contributions to pension fund, unemployment insurance and group insurance increased from \$942,000 in 1958 to \$1,175,000 in 1959. The total number of persons on the staff of the Bank was 192 at September 30, 1959 as compared with 162 a year earlier, a net increase of 30, associated with the increased volume of business and the staffing of the new offices referred to earlier.

Interest on debentures (including amortization of discount and premium) rose from \$1,524,000 in 1958 to \$2,001,000 in 1959, partly as a result of the increase in the total amount of the Bank's debentures outstanding, but chiefly as a result of the rise in interest rates on new issues and refunding issues of debentures, similar to the rise in yields on short and medium term government bonds during the year.

For the fiscal year as a whole income increased slightly more than expenses; this trend was reversed during the year, however, and in later months the margin of income over expenses was running at an appreciably lower rate than in the earlier months.

The Bank's profit other than capital profits and before provision for bad and doubtful debts was \$1,991,000 as compared with \$1,895,000 during fiscal 1958. An amount of \$715,000 was appropriated to the Reserve for Losses. After taking in the capital profit of \$258,000 already mentioned, the balance of profit, viz:—\$1,534,000, was (in accordance with the provisions of the Industrial

Development Bank Act) transferred to the Reserve Fund which now stands at \$12,809,000. Profit after provision for bad and doubtful debts but excluding capital profit on sale of investments was at the rate of 3.3 per cent of the average amount of capital and reserves outstanding during the year, or at the rate of 4.0 per cent if capital profit on sale of investments is included.

Bad debts aggregating \$815,000 in excess of recoveries were written off out of Reserve for Losses during the year, leaving a year-end balance of \$1,600,000 which was \$100,000 lower than a year earlier. The transactions affecting this account were made following the annual assessment by the management and by the auditors of the Bank of its exposure to losses. At the end of the year this special reserve for possible future losses on loans then on the books amounted to 1.5 per cent of the \$109.1 million of such loans outstanding or committed, which is a smaller ratio than other lending institutions are accustomed to provide. The sum of actual losses realized from 1944 to date plus the reserve for possible future losses amounts to 1.3 per cent of the \$220.1 million total of loans taken up by borrowers during the fifteen-year period.

### STATEMENT OF PROFIT AND LOSS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 1959 (with comparative figures for the year ended September 30. 1958)

INCOME:	1959	1958
Interest	\$5,476,233	\$4,515,927
Profit on sale of investments	257,555	3,000
Sundry	149,922	144,184
	\$5,883,710	\$4,663,111
EXPENSES:		
	\$1,039,298	\$ 830,564
Salaries Pension fund, unemployment insurance and	\$1,039,298	\$ 830,564
group insurance	135,278	111,070
Investigation and supervision expenses	30,462	26,433
Staff transfer and travelling expenses	71,316	16,333
Rental and other costs—leased premises	157,094	122,513
Depreciation on equipment	18,440	14,164
Telephone and telegrams	31,338	22,598
Office supplies and expenses	49,768	25,224
Directors' fees	5,500	6,800
Auditors' fees and expenses	10,286	10,745
All other operating expenses	85,360	54,204
4 0 4		
Total operating expenses	\$1,634,140	\$1,240,648
Interest on debentures (including amortiza-		
tion of discount and premium)	2,001,382	1,524,288
Provision for bad and doubtful debts	714,625	663,394
	0.4.0.50.7.45	00 100 200
	\$4,350,147	\$3,428,330
Profits transferred to reserve fund	\$1,533,563	\$1,234,781
Trojus transjerrea to reserve juna	\$1,555,505	91,234,701
7777777 707 70	0070	
RESERVE FOR LO	SSES	
Balance, October 1, 1958		\$1,700,000
Add:		
Recovery of debts previously written off	\$ 5,643	
Provision for bad and doubtful debts for	71460	77.0 C.C.
the year ended September 30, 1959	714,625	720,268
		\$2,420,268
Less:		φ2,720,200
Bad debts written off		820,268
Dan acord minor off		
Balance, September 30, 1959		\$1,600,000
RESERVE FUN		
Balance, October 1, 1958		\$11,275,405
Balance, October 1, 1958 Profits for the year ended September 30, 1959		1,533,563
		242.000.000
Balance, September 30, 1959		\$12,808,968

#### INDUSTRIAL DI

#### STATEMENT OF ASSETS AND LI

(with comparative figu

#### **ASSETS:**

	1959	1958
Cash on hand and deposits with other banks	8 377,247	\$ 121,900
Loans and investments \$ 96,871,551		
Accrued interest 389,675	97,261,226	89,278,830
Property held for sale (including agree-		
ments for sale)	131,433	135,193
Guarantees and underwriting agreements (as per contra)	18,112	21,089
Other assets (including unamortized de- benture discount and premium pay- ments 1959—\$800,963; 1958—		
\$733,618)	953,682	822,945
	\$98,741,700	\$90,379,957

J. E. COYNE

President

#### OPMENT BANK

#### TIES AS AT SEPTEMBER 30, 1959

eptember 30, 1958)

	LI	ABILITIES:
Capital—	1959	1958
Authorized, issued and paid up 250,000 shares par value \$100 each.	\$25,000,000	\$25,000,000
Reserve fund	12,808,968	11,275,405
Reserve for losses	1,600,000	1,700,000
Bonds and debentures out- standing\$57,700,000		, ,
Accrued interest 990,375	58,690,375	51,799,625
Liabilities under guarantees and under- writing agreements	18,112	21,089
proceeds awaiting disposition 1959— \$ Nil; 1958—\$143,121)	624,245	583,838
	\$98,741,700	\$90,379,957
E.	FRICKER	
Chie	f Accountant	

#### **AUDITORS' REPORT**

We have made an examination of the statement of assets and liabilities of the Industrial Development Bank as at September 30, 1959 and have received all the information and explanations we have required. We report that in our opinion it correctly sets forth the position of the bank at September 30, 1959 according to the best of our information and as shown by the books of the Bank.

ROSAIRE COURTOIS, C.A. of Courtois, Fredette & Cie

W. R. KAY, C.A. of Fred Page Higgins & Company

Ottawa, November 3, 1959.

#### BOARD OF DIRECTORS

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J. R. BEATTIE OTTAWA

Member of the Executive Committee

H. BARIBEAU LEVIS, QUE

J. T. BRYDEN TORONTO, ONTARIO

Member of the Executive Committee

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S. N. MACEACHERN SASKATOON, SASK.

L. PATRICK, C.B.E. CALGARY, ALTA.

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A. SAMOISETTE, O.B.E. MONTREAL, QUE.

A. A. SCALES CHARLOTTETOWN, P.E.I.

K. W. TAYLOR, C.B.E. OTTAWA

Member of the Executive Committee

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A. N. H. JAMES ASSISTANT GENERAL MANAGER

L. F. MUNDY SECRETARY

H. J. C. RUSSELL EXECUTIVE ASSISTANT

C. E. DEATHE ADMINISTRATIVE ASSISTANT

H. M. SCOTT CHIEF, LEGAL DEPARTMENT

W. L. MUNDY CHIEF, INSURANCE DEPARTMENT

G. R. ELLIOTT CHIEF, BRANCH CREDITS DEPARTMENT

H. DUNCAN CHIEF, LOAN ACCOUNTING DEPARTMENT

P. D. SMITH DEPUTY SECRETARY

C. I. STUART DEPUTY SECRETARY

E. FRICKER CHIEF ACCOUNTANT

E. METCALFE INTERNAL AUDITOR

# REGIONAL OFFICES

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ASSISTANT GENERAL MANAGER. BRITISH COLUMBIA

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ASSISTANT SUPERVISOR ASSISTANT SUPERVISOR

TELEPHONE: MU 1-7484

F. M. AYKROYD SUPERVISOR

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CALGARY, ALTA. TELEPHONE: AM 9-6981

MANITOBA, SASKATCHEWAN

ALBERTA, YUKON, NORTHWEST TERRITORIES

H. R. STOKER

SUPERVISOR

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J. G. PLATT OFFICER-IN-CHARGE, REGINA

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ONTARIO

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J. HARVEY

SUPERVISOR

ASSISTANT SUPERVISOR

250 UNIVERSITY AVE., TORONTO, ONT.

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LONDON, ONT. TELEPHONE: GE 8-8363

**QUEBEC** 

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L. VIAU

SUPERVISOR

ASSISTANT SUPERVISOR ASSISTANT SUPERVISOR 901 VICTORIA SQ, MONTREAL, QUE.

TELEPHONE: UN 6-2701

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MANAGER, QUEBEC

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R. H. WHEELER SUPERVISOR

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NOVA SCOTIA, NEWFOUNDLAND

E. A. BELL SUPERVISOR

65 SPRING GARDEN ROAD HALIFAX, N.S.

TELEPHONE: 2-7444







# INDUSTRIAL DEVELOPMENT BANK

idb

And statement of accounts

(FISCAL YEAR 1960)



"Whereas it is desirable to establish an industrial development bank to promote the economic welfare of Canada by increasing the effectiveness of monetary action through ensuring the availability of credit to industrial enterprises which may reasonably be expected to prove successful if a high level of national income and employment is maintained, by supplementing the activities of other lenders and by providing capital assistance to industry with particular consideration to the financing problems of small enterprises . . ."

-Preamble to the Industrial Development Bank Act

# INDUSTRIAL DEVELOPMENT BANK

Ottawa, December 9th, 1960.

The Hon. Donald M. Fleming, Q.C., Minister of Finance, Ottawa, Ontario.

Dear Sir,

In accordance with the provisions of the Industrial Development Bank Act, I enclose my report for the fiscal year ending September 30th, 1960, and a statement of the Bank's accounts for this period which is signed and certified in the prescribed manner.

Yours very truly,

J. E. Coyne, *President*.

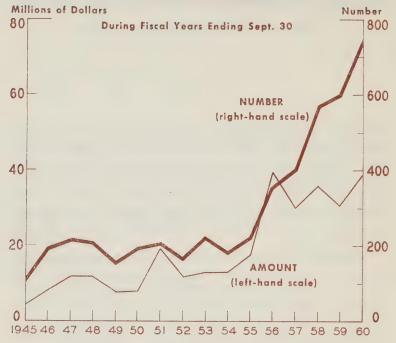
# INDUSTRIAL DEVELOPMENT BANK

# Report of the President-1960

The Bank's volume of lending activity increased in the fiscal year ended September 30, 1960. New loans during this period amounted to 740 for a total of \$38.6 million, an increase of 24 per cent in number and 26 per cent in amount compared with the previous fiscal year. The average amount authorized per new loan was virtually unchanged at \$52,000. Tables showing loan approvals classified by size, by province and by industry appear on pages 6-9 of this report.

Although the increase in the volume of business transacted by the Bank in recent years has been gratifying, there are probably many more businesses which could benefit from use of the Bank's facilities as these facilities become more widely known. During the past two years the Bank has more than doubled the number of its regional offices; in 1959 new offices were opened at Saint John, Quebec City, London, and Regina, and in 1960 at Ottawa, Sudbury and Edmonton bringing the total to 13. In addition the Bank has recently expanded its public information programme. Advertisements have been published in daily and weekly newspapers and in professional, business, financial and industrial publications. These advertisements include typical "case histories" of enterprises which have obtained loans from the Industrial Development Bank and are designed to draw to the attention of the public the services which the Bank is able to extend to qualified borrowers. Direct mailings of information about the I.D.B. have been made to chartered banks, lawyers, auditors, accountants and many categories of industrial enterprises across Canada. A short film illustrating various aspects of the Bank's role in the financing of small and medium-sized businesses was produced in 1959. Copies of this film have already been widely distributed and are available at all I.D.B. regional offices for showing to interested groups in the community. These and other activities of the Bank



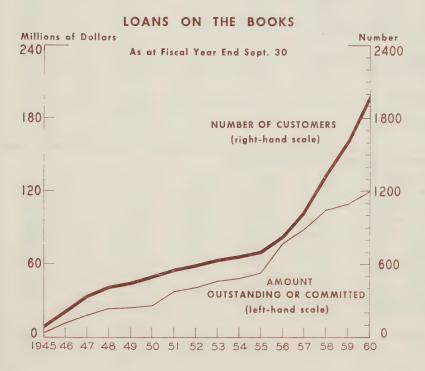


in the information field have been put under the full-time direction of an information officer. As a means of more direct contact, officers of the I.D.B. frequently attend meetings of Chambers of Commerce and other business organizations to discuss the facilities which the Bank has to offer.

Since it commenced operations on November 1, 1944 the Bank has approved 4,700 loans amounting in the aggregate to \$300 million. These two figures for loans approved since 1944 do not reflect the further assistance given by way of deferments of principal payments which have been permitted, in some cases to enable borrowers to acquire new equipment and premises or to replace equipment without having recourse to additional borrowings, and in other cases to assist borrowers during periods when sales or earnings have been at other than satisfactory levels. In the latter cases the deferment of principal payments for a period has frequently provided the necessary relief to enable the busi-

ness to recover and make further progress. The alternative would in many cases have resulted in losses not only to the Bank but also to the owners of the businesses.

At September 30, 1960 the Bank had on its books 2,425 loans to 1,966 industrial enterprises. The total amount outstanding or committed under these loans was \$120 million, of which \$103 million was outstanding and \$17 million was committed but not yet disbursed. Of the 1,966 customers on the Bank's books as of this date 874, or 44 per cent, of the total had loans outstanding or committed for amounts of \$25,000 or less. Those having loans outstanding or committed for amounts of \$200,000 or less numbered 1,851, or 94 per cent of the total. The average amount outstanding or committed per customer was \$61,000. Accounts in excess of \$200,000 amounted in total to \$42 million outstanding or committed; the statutory limit on accounts with amounts outstanding in excess of \$200,000 is \$75 million.



# LOAN A DURING FISCAL YEAR

	NUMBER			
CLASSIFICATION BY NEW OR EXISTING BORROWERS	1955	1956	1957	1958
To New Borrowers	145 76	232 117	308 93	420 151
Total	221	349	401	571
CLASSIFICATION BY SIZE \$5,000 or less	9	13	13	20
Over 5,000 to 25,000	76	119	143	223
Over 25,000 to 50,000	52 42	80 72	92 88	127 121
Over 100,000 to 200,000	24	32	36	46
Total up to \$200,000	203	316	372	537
Over \$200,000	18	33	29	34
Total	221	349	401	571
Average Size			• • • • • • •	
CLASSIFICATION BY PROVINCE				
Newfoundland		2 5	2	2
Nova Scotia	4	7	15	28
New BrunswickQuebec	7 71	8 96	20 98	24 147
Ontario	61	121	129	169
Manitoba	14	22	19	42
Saskatchewan. Alberta.	6 14	1 25	7 28	11 57
British Columbia	43	60	80	90
Yukon and N. W. Territories	1	2	2	1
Total	221	349	401	571

# ROVALS NDING SEPTEMBER 30

		AMOUNT (\$0	000)				
1959	1960	1955	1956	1957	1958	1959	1960
438 161	571 169	12,739 4,723	29,264 10,095	25,210 4,901	26,686 9,255	24,150 6,429	29,517 9,059
599	740	17,462	39,359	30,111	35,941	30,579	38,576
31 242 153 112 43	28 313 188 124 60	20 1,239 1,892 3,184 3,498	31 1,971 3,014 5,425 4,820	31 2,392 3,599 6,582 5,526	52 3,662 4,947 9,047 6,808	105 3,911 5,939 8,406 6,293	121 4,905 7,131 9,659 8,748
581 18	713 27	9,833 7,629	15,261 24,098	18,130 11,981	24,516 11,425	24,654 5,925	30,564 8,012
599	740	17,462	39,359	30,111	35,941	30,579	38,576
	• • • • • •	79	113	75	63	51	52
7 5 32 27 140 193 32 19 55 87 2	8 8 28 30 147 264 37 28 76 110 4 —————————————————————————————————	252 206 5,246 5,638 790 465 694 4,091 80	75 5,497 393 1,344 11,903 9,118 2,504 11 2,232 6,181 101	255 10 1,060 1,236 7,140 9,079 1,344 858 1,621 6,933 575	31  1,235 1,399 10,449 10,473 2,050 1,019 2,784 6,251 250 35,941	236 171 1,355 765 7,585 9,862 2,065 978 2,735 4,752 75	698 111 1,075 888 9,398 12,388 1,895 1,493 3,465 7,057 108

# INDUSTRIAL CLASSIFICA DURING FISCAL YEAR

	NUMBER			
	1955	1956	1957	1958
Foods and Beverages	26	45	49	97
Tobacco and Tobacco Products				2
Rubber Products	1	1	1	2
Leather Products	1	4	1	4
Textile Products (except Clothing)	8	14	12	18
Clothing (Textiles and Fur)	11	17	17	20
Wood Products	38	53	69	72
Paper Products (including Pulp)	4	9	. 5	11
Printing and Allied Industries	10	17	14	20
Iron and Steel Products				
(including Machinery and Equipment)	27	58	61	67
Transportation Equipment	9	5	10	25
Non-Ferrous Metal Products	7	13	10	6
Electrical Apparatus and Supplies	7	19	13	14
Non-Metallic Mineral Products	32	26	26	38
Products of Petroleum and Coal	6	6	1	1
Chemical Products	8	12	12	18
Miscellaneous Manufacturing Industries	8	8	17	13
Commercial Air Services	11	17	13	8
Warehousing (including Refrigeration)	7	6	10	12
Other Transportation and Storage		3	18	30
Operating a Mine or Quarry		2	3	12
Construction		4	12	32
Industrial Buildings		2	6	21
Industrial and Technical Services	• •	8	21	27
Forestry	• •	U		1
200000		• •		
	221	349	401	571

# ON OF LOAN APPROVALS NDING SEPTEMBER 30

### AMOUNT (\$000)

			/				
1959	1960	1955	1956	1957	1958	1959	1960
82	94	1,466	2,988	2,767	7,016	4,340	5,456
					200		
1	5	85	45	25	90	23	250
5	2	25	176	10	82	246	115
13	12	837	769	1,014	1,726	621	489
33	25	732	1,107	428	737	1,707	337
74	77	2,130	4,737	4,535	5,207	4,777	5,147
6	12	236	2,107	530	574	171	803
26	35	398	641	386	1,475	1,194	1,223
73	98	1,685	3,323	3,875	3,792	3,139	4,283
22	30	518	1,915	319	1,070	792	1,169
20	18	557	504	2,730	147	1,129	689
12	11	453	1,618	848	909	546	509
34	41	3,449	1,822	2,037	3,503	1,497	2,625
3	2	893	630	22	20	169	40
20	24	311	449	638	1,362	716	942
17	17	680	257	724	366	1,108	913
13	10	2,313	11,406	3,742	158	891	598
6	12	694	1,062	1,407	931	478	1,183
41	60		280	1,055	1,353	1,775	3,977
5	14		2,100	525	1,493	346	1,009
33	57		285	983	1,027	2,095	2,339
12	11		199	714	1,582	884	485
48	71		939	797	1,071	1,935	3,203
• •	2				50		292
599	740	17,462	39,359	30,111	35,941	30,579	38,576
	===						

The following table shows the provincial distribution of the loans which are now on the Bank's books and of the loan authorizations made since operations commenced in 1944.

#### PROVINCIAL DISTRIBUTION OF LOANS

	Accounts on Books at September 30, 1960		Total Authorizations Nov. 1, 1944 to Sept. 30, 1960		
	Number of Businesses	Amounts Outstanding or Committed	Number of Businesses	Amounts	
	META-LA-TOTAL AND	(\$000)		(\$000)	
Newfoundland	15	905	21	2,264	
<i>P.E.I.</i>	16	1,468	21	5,902	
Nova Scotia	82	3,276	121	6,834	
New Brunswick	83	2,682	141	8,398	
Quebec	469	34,140	896	91,902	
Ontario	681	39,688	1,128	87,484	
Manitoba	111	6,381	212	14,603	
Saskatchewan	53	2,790	95	9,646	
Alberta	179	9,267	273	21,487	
British Columbia	269	18,574	519	49,217	
Yukon & N.W.T	8	663	10	1,395	
Total	1,966	119,834	3,437	299,132	

Drawings by borrowers during the year amounted to \$29.7 million while repayments were \$23.4 million and \$0.1 million was written off, so that the total amount of loans outstanding rose by \$6.2 million during the year from \$96.7 million to \$102.9 million. Amounts outstanding plus loans committed but as yet undisbursed rose from \$109.1 million at September 30, 1959, to \$119.8 million at September 30, 1960. The latter amount represented a total of 2,425 loans to 1,966 industrial enterprises.

Comparative statistics covering the main features of the Bank's lending operations during recent fiscal years are summarized in the following table:

### SUMMARY STATISTICS OF LOANS For Fiscal Years Ending September 30

	1955	1956	1957	1958	1959	1960
(Millions of Dollars)						
Amounts Drawn Down by						
Borrowers	12.6	20.1	32.6	31.1	29.3	29.7
Repayments by Borrowers.	10.7	12.0	12.8	14.1	20.4	23.4
Amounts Written Off		0 0	.1	.1	.8	.1
Increase in Amounts Out-						
standing	1.9	8.1	19.7	16.9	8.1	6.2
Amounts Outstanding at Year-End	43.9	52.0	71.7	88.6	96.7	102.9
Amounts Not Yet Disbursed on Loans Authorized at						
Year-End	8.3	24.7	16.4	15.5	12.4	16.9
Amounts Outstanding Plus						
Undisbursed at Year-End	52.2	76.7	88.1	104.1	109.1	119.8
Number of Customers on the Books at Year-End	692	819	1,021	1,321	1,609	1,966
Average Amount Outstand- ing Plus Undisbursed per Customer (Thousands of						
Dollars)	75	94	86	79	68	61

The Bank's lending rate, which had been raised from  $6\frac{1}{2}$  per cent to 7 per cent in September 1959, was reduced to  $6\frac{1}{2}$  per cent in September 1960. This is the interest rate which normally applies to the Bank's term loans. The reduction was made in view of the decline in bond yields and other interest rates in Canada over the previous twelve months.

The profit and loss statement, which is shown in detail on page 16, is summarized below.

Fiscal Years Ending September 30

	1960	1959	Cl	nange
Interest income	\$6,301,000	\$5,476,000	+\$	825,000
Profit on sale of invest-				
ments	46,000	258,000		212,000
Sundry income	116,000	150,000		34,000
	6,464,000	5,884,000	+	580,000
Less:				
Operating expenses .	1,993,000	1,634,000	+	359,000
Interest on debentures	2,474,000	2,001,000	+	473,000
Provision for bad and doubtful debts	488,000	715,000	-	227,000
Profits transferred to				
Reserve Fund	1,508,000	1,534,000	terrories (	26,000
:				

Interest income on loans during fiscal 1960 was \$6,301,000, an increase of \$825,000 over the previous year. Income arising from profits on the sale of investments was \$46,000 compared with the unusually high 1959 figure of \$258,000. Sundry income which consists mainly of fees of various kinds amounted to \$116,000 compared with \$150,000 in 1959.

Both the substantial increase in the volume of business handled by the Bank and the costs incurred in opening, staffing and equipping additional regional offices contributed to the increase in operating expenses during 1960. Salaries and contributions to pension fund, unemployment insurance and group insurance increased from \$1,175,000 in 1959 to \$1,418,000 in 1960. With the rise in the volume of business and the opening of new offices, the staff of the Bank numbered 251 at September 30, 1960 as compared with 192 a year earlier, a net increase of 59.

Interest on debentures (including amortization of discount and premium) rose from \$2,001,000 in 1959 to \$2,474,000 in 1960. The total amount of the Bank's debentures outstanding continued

to rise (from \$57.7 million at September 30, 1959 to \$63.6 million at September 30, 1960) and the average interest rate paid on debentures was higher than in the previous fiscal year.

With total costs rising more than the rise in income, the Bank's profit other than capital profits and before provision for bad and doubtful debts was \$1,950,000 as compared with \$1,991,000 during fiscal 1959. An amount of \$488,000 was appropriated to the Reserve for Losses out of the year's operating profit. Including the capital profit on sale of investments of \$46,000, the total profit for the year amounted to \$1,508,000 and in accordance with the provisions of the Industrial Development Bank Act this sum was transferred to the Reserve Fund which now stands at \$14,317,000. Profit after provision for bad and doubtful debts but excluding capital profit on sale of investments was at the rate of 3.6 per cent on the average amount of capital and reserves outstanding during the year, or at the rate of 3.7 per cent if capital profit is included.

Bad debts aggregating \$35,000 were written off out of the Reserve for Losses during the year, but recoveries of amounts previously written off were \$132,000. In addition to the \$488,000 appropriated to the Reserve for Losses out of current operating profit, an amount of \$315,000 was transferred from special reserves previously carried in "Other liabilities", representing an accumulation of interest which had been received in previous years on doubtful accounts and held in suspense. Since October 1, 1959 interest received on such accounts has been taken into current income. The net effect of these various transactions, which were made following the annual assessment of the Bank's exposure to losses by the management and the auditors, was to increase the year-end balance of the Reserve for Losses to \$2,500,000 compared with \$1,600,000 a year earlier.

As of September 30, 1960 this special reserve for possible future losses on loans then on the books amounted to 2.1 per cent of the \$120 million of such loans outstanding or committed. Actual losses sustained from the inception of the Bank's operations in 1944 to September 30, 1960 amounted to 0.5 per cent of the \$254 million total of loans taken up by borrowers during the sixteen-year period.

# INDUSTRIAL DE'

# STATEMENT OF ASSETS AND LIA

(with comparative figur

#### ASSETS:

Abblib.		
	1960	1959
Cash on hand and deposits with other banks	\$ 1,452,893	\$ 377,247
Government of Canada securities at values not exceeding market	499,644	
Loans and investments \$ 103,071,936		
Accrued interest 451,808	103,523,744	97,261,226
Property held for sale (including		
agreements for sale)	288,182	131,433
Guarantees and underwriting agree-		
ments (as per contra)	53,756	18,112
Unamortized discount and premium		
on debentures	882,307	800,963
Other assets	144,884	152,719
	\$106,845,410	\$98,741,700

#### J. E. COYNE

President

# LOPMENT BANK

### ITIES AS AT SEPTEMBER 30, 1960

September 30, 1959)

	LIA	BILITIES:
Capital	1960	1959
Authorized, issued and paid up	<b>4. 27.</b> 200 200	425 000 000
250,000 shares par value \$100 each		\$25,000,000
Reserve fund	14,316,786	12,808,968
Reserve for losses	2,500,000	1,600,000
Bonds and debentures outstanding \$63,600,000		
Accrued interest 1,204,750	64,804,750	58,690,375
Liabilities under guarantees and underwriting agreements  Other liabilities	53,756 170,118	18,112 624,245
	\$106,845,410	\$98,741,700
E.	FRICKER	
Chi	ief Accountant	

#### AUDITORS' REPORT

We have made an examination of the statement of assets and liabilities of the Industrial Development Bank as at September 30, 1960 and have received all the information and explanations we have required. We report that in our opinion it correctly sets forth the position of the bank at September 30, 1960 according to the best of our information and as shown by the books of the bank.

ROSAIRE COURTOIS, C.A. of Courtois, Fredette & Cie

W. R. KAY, C.A. of Fred Page Higgins & Company

Ottawa, October 28, 1960

# STATEMENT OF PROFIT AND LOSS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 1960 (with comparative figures for the year ended September 30, 1959)

(with comparative figures for the year ended 5	epiember 50, 1	737)
INCOME:	1960	1959
Interest	\$6,301,260	\$5,476,233
Profit on sale of investments	46,472	257,555
Sundry	115,946	149,922
	06.463.670	05.002.710
	\$6,463,678	\$5,883,710
EXPENSES:		
Salaries	\$1,313,217	\$1,039,298
Pension fund, unemployment insurance and	Ψ1,515,217	ψ1,007,200
group insurance	105,192	135,278
Investigation and supervision expenses	38,823	30,462
Staff transfer and travelling expenses	65,079	71,316
Rental and other costs—leased premises	183,041	157,094
Depreciation on equipment	27,289	18,440
Telephone and telegrams	41,090	31,338
Office supplies and expenses	102,072	49,768
Directors' fees	5,250	5,500
Auditors' fees and expenses	19,762	10,286
All other operating expenses	92,593	85,360
Total operating expenses	\$1,993,408	\$1,634,140
Interest on debentures (including amortiza-	2 474 252	2 001 202
tion of discount and premium)	2,474,252	2,001,382
Provision for bad and doubtful debts	488,200	714,625
	\$4,955,860	\$4,350,147
Profits transferred to reserve fund	\$1,507,818	\$1,533,563
RESERVE FOR LOS	SSES	
Balance, October 1, 1959		\$1,600,000
Add: Recovery of amounts previously written off	\$ 132,092	
Transfer of interest previously unapplied	Ų 101,0×1	
and held in suspense*	315,078	
Provision for bad and doubtful debts for		
the year ended September 30, 1960	488,200	935,370
		\$2,535,370
Less:		25 270
Bad debts written off		35,370
Balance, September 30, 1960		\$2,500,000
RESERVE FUNI	D	
Balance, October 1, 1959		\$12,808,968
Profits for the year ended September 30, 1960		1,507,818
Balance, September 30, 1960		\$14,316,786
*See page 13.		

# BOARD OF DIRECTORS

J. E. COYNE OTTAWA President

J. R. BEATTIE OTTAWA

Member of the Executive Committee

H. BARIBEAU LEVIS, QUE.

J. T. BRYDEN TORONTO, ONT.

Member of the Executive Committee

G. G. CROSBIE ST. JOHN'S, NFLD.

N. H. DEBLOIS CHARLOTTETOWN, P.E.I.

F. FIELD, F.C.A. VANCOUVER, B.C.

C. HEDLEY FORBES FREDERICTON, N.B.

C. BRUCE HILL, M.C. ST. CATHARINES, ONT.

J. H. MOWBRAY JONES LIVERPOOL, N.S.

S. N. MACEACHERN SASKATOON, SASK.

J. RENE OUIMET MONTREAL, QUE.

L. PATRICK, C.B.E. CALGARY, ALTA.

DANIEL SPRAGUE, C.A. WINNIPEG, MAN.

K. W. TAYLOR, C.B.E. OTTAWA
Member of the Executive Committee

### **OFFICERS**

J. E. COYNE PRESIDENT

D. G. MARBLE, C.B.E. GENERAL MANAGER

A. N. H. JAMES ASSISTANT GENERAL MANAGER

L. F. MUNDY SECRETARY

C. E. DEATHE ADMINISTRATIVE ASSISTANT

G. D. COATES ADMINISTRATIVE ASSISTANT

H. M. SCOTT CHIEF, LEGAL DEPARTMENT

W. L. MUNDY CHIEF, INSURANCE DEPARTMENT

G. R. ELLIOTT CHIEF, BRANCH CREDITS DEPARTMENT

H. DUNCAN CHIEF, LOAN ACCOUNTING DEPARTMENT

P. D. SMITH DEPUTY SECRETARY

C. I. STUART DEPUTY SECRETARY

E. FRICKER CHIEF ACCOUNTANT

E. METCALFE INTERNAL AUDITOR

# REGIONAL OFFICES

F. M. AYKROYD VANCOUVER SUPERVISOR 1030 WEST GEORGIA ST., J. E. MILLARD ASSISTANT SUPERVISOR TELEPHONE: MU 1-7434 B. E. CRAWFORD ASSISTANT SUPERVISOR CALGARY H. J. C. RUSSELL SUPERVISOR L. F. SMITH 513 EIGHTH AVE. WEST, ASSISTANT SUPERVISOR TELEPHONE: AM 9-6981 **EDMONTON** E. G. CAPLING MANAGER 10010-105TH STREET. TELEPHONE: GA 4-0695 WINNIPEG H. R. STOKER SUPERVISOR 195 PORTAGE AVE. EAST, K. A. POWERS ASSISTANT SUPERVISOR TELEPHONE: WH 3-0748 REGINA C. R. T. BINGLEY ACTING MANAGER 1874 SCARTH ST., TELEPHONE: LA 7-6631 TORONTO W. C. STUART SUPERVISOR J. R. GIBB 250 UNIVERSITY AVE., ASSISTANT SUPERVISOR TELEPHONE: EM 8-1145 N. P. BRUCE ASSISTANT SUPERVISOR K. K. HAY-ROE LONDON MANAGER 291 DUNDAS ST., TELEPHONE: GE 8-8363 W. H. JAY SUDBURY MANAGER 45 ELM STREET. TELEPHONE: OS 4-8347 MONTREAL E. R. CLARK SUPERVISOR J. E. NORDIN 901 VICTORIA SQ., ASSISTANT SUPERVISOR TELEPHONE: UN 6-2701 L. VIAU ASSISTANT SUPERVISOR **OTTAWA** J. HARVEY MANAGER 350 KING EDWARD AVE., TELEPHONE: CE 2-5789 J. J. PANNETON **OUEBEC** MANAGER 925 CHEMIN ST. LOUIS. **TELEPHONE: 527-2539** SAINT JOHN R. H. WHEELER SUPERVISOR 35 CHARLOTTE ST.. TELEPHONE: OX 3-2595 E. A. BELL HALIFAX SUPERVISOR

123 HOLLIS ST., TELEPHONE: 2-7444







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# INDUSTRIAL DEVELOPMENT BANK

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REPORT OF THE PRESIDENT AND STATEMENT OF ACCOUNTS FISCAL YEAR

1961



# INDUSTRIAL DEVELOPMENT BANK

Government Publications



HEAD OFFICE

**OTTAWA** 

December 8th, 1961.

The Hon. Donald M. Fleming, Q.C., Minister of Finance, Ottawa, Ontario.

Dear Sir,

In accordance with the provisions of the Industrial Development Bank Act, I enclose my report for the fiscal year ending September 30th, 1961, and a statement of the Bank's accounts for this period which is signed and certified in the prescribed manner.

Yours very truly,

h. Rasminery

President.

#### HIGHLIGHTS



# INDUSTRIAL DEVELOPMENT BANK



# REPORT OF THE PRESIDENT 1961

The fiscal year ending September 30, 1961, the seventeenth year of operation for Industrial Development Bank, was one of marked expansion — in volume of lending, in number of staff and branches, in loanable resources and in the fields of eligible lending as laid down by Parliament in the I.D.B. Act.

#### VOLUME OF LENDING

There was an 84 per cent increase in the number of loans made by the Bank in fiscal 1961 compared with the previous year. The rate of lending has been rising steadily ever since the Bank was established, but the increase was much greater in 1961 than in any previous year, and 1,364 loans were made during the year. The dollar total of loans made increased from \$38.6 million in fiscal 1960 to \$71.2 million in fiscal 1961.

Since the I.D.B. was established in 1944, 6,059 loans amounting to \$370.3 million have been made to 4,507 Canadian businesses. Of this total number of loans 23 per cent were made in fiscal 1961.

The number of customers with loans outstanding or committed rose from 1,966 at September 30, 1960 to 2,768 at September 30, 1961, an increase of 41 per cent. Loans outstanding or committed increased by \$34.4

#### REPORT OF THE PRESIDENT (continued)

million, from \$119.8 million at the beginning of the year to \$154.2 million at the year end.

Several factors contributed to this large expansion of the Bank's lending activity in fiscal 1961. Foremost amongst these, perhaps, was the cumulative effect of the earlier steady growth of lending by the Bank to Canadian businesses from coast to coast. More businessmen, bankers, lawyers and auditors — the business community in general — are now aware of the existence of the I.D.B. and the help it can give in financing the establishment, expansion and modernization of Canadian businesses in cases where the required financing is not available elsewhere on reasonable terms and conditions. Other major factors have been the opening of additional branch offices, which now number 16 as compared with 6 three years ago, and the expanded programme of public information which was initiated a year ago and was described in some detail in last year's Annual Report.

#### SIZE OF LOANS

The Bank gives particular consideration to the financing problems of small businesses. In fiscal 1961, 45 per cent of the number of loans made were for amounts of \$25,000 or less and 72 per cent were for amounts of \$50,000 or less. The average amount of the loans authorized during the year was \$52,000, virtually unchanged from the two previous years.

While most of the loans made by the Bank were for amounts of less than \$50,000 the Bank also authorized a number of larger loans. In fiscal 1961, 37 of the 1,364 loans approved were for amounts in excess of \$200,000 and these loans accounted for \$14.8 million of the total of \$71.2 million.

A detailed size classification of loans made in each of the last six years is shown on pages 16 and 17, as well as classifications by province and as between new and existing borrowers. There is a classification by types of businesses on pages 18 and 19. The provincial distribution of loans and summary statistics of loans appear on page 15.

#### NEW BRANCHES

To make its services more readily accessible to businessmen the Bank opened four branches in 1959 and three in 1960. During 1961 three more branches were opened at:

- Hamilton to serve the Hamilton-Niagara region.
- St. John's to serve Newfoundland.
- Port Arthur to serve northwestern Ontario.

The Bank's 16 branch offices from coast to coast are listed on pages 22 and 23 of this Report.

#### AMENDMENT TO I.D.B. ACT

The Industrial Development Bank Act was amended by Parliament in July, and the Bank's powers and resources were expanded in these important respects:

• Many more types of businesses in Canada were made eligible for loans. Previously the Bank was empowered to provide financing only for certain specified classes of industry, including manufacturing and processing, air transport, construction and some service activities. The 1961 amendment broadened the definition of eligible enterprises to include "any industry, trade or other business undertaking", thus adding such categories as retail and wholesale trade, the tourist industry, and recreational and professional services. As this change did not become effective until near the end of the Bank's fiscal year, it had comparatively little influence on the total number of loans made in the year. However, many loan applications from newly eligible businesses were in process at the fiscal year-end. While the new definition of eligible enterprises is very widely inclusive, it was clear that Parliament did not intend it to be all-inclusive, and there are a few categories of business which, by policy decisions of the Board of Directors, are not regarded as appropriate for I.D.B. assistance.

#### REPORT OF THE PRESIDENT (continued)

• The Bank's authorized share capital was increased from \$25 million to \$50 million. The Bank of Canada, which purchased all of the originally issued capital of \$25 million, acquired an additional \$1 million shortly before the end of fiscal 1961 and the balance of \$24 million will be issued as needed. In addition, the borrowing authority of the I.D.B. was increased from three to five times the aggregate amount of its paid-up capital and reserve fund. The effect of these changes was to increase the total financial resources available to the I.D.B. from approximately \$157 million at the beginning of fiscal 1961 to approximately \$400 million.

In the consideration which Parliament gave to amending the Act the hope was expressed that the I.D.B. might be of increasing use in making it possible to maintain Canadian ownership of family firms at times when infusions of new management together with new capital become desirable or when the incidence or prospect of estate taxes presents difficult problems.

#### BOARD OF DIRECTORS AND EXECUTIVE COMMITTEE

The 1961 amendment to the I.D.B. Act increased the number of the Bank's Directors from 15 to 16 by the addition of the Deputy Minister of the Department of Trade and Commerce, who was also designated a member of the Executive Committee of the Board. An additional Director was also made a member of the Executive Committee of the Board, raising the number serving on the Committee from four to six.

#### EXPANSION OF STAFF

The very large growth in the Bank's business in fiscal 1961, the opening of three new branch offices and the prospective increase in lending activity arising from the amendment to the Industrial Development Bank Act to which reference has been made required a substantial increase in the Bank's staff. The number of employees rose from 251 to 402 during the year.

#### LOANS AND INVESTMENTS

Loans and investments outstanding increased from \$103.1 million at September 30, 1960 to \$123.3 million at September 30, 1961. These figures exclude amounts authorized but not yet fully disbursed at those dates, which were \$17.0 million and \$31.5 million respectively.

#### INCOME AND EXPENSES

The profit and loss statement, which is shown in detail on page 12, is summarized below.

Fiscal Years Ending	September	30
---------------------	-----------	----

	1961	1960	Change
Interest income	\$7,134,000	\$6,301,000	+\$833,000
Profit on sale of investments	128,000	46,000	+ 82,000
Sundry income	162,000	116,000	+ 46,000
	7,424,000	6,463,000	+ 961,000
Less:			
Operating expenses	2,779,000	1,993,000	+ 786,000
Interest on debentures	3,008,000	2,474,000	+ 534,000
Provision for bad and doubtful			
debts	444,000	488,000	- 44,000
Profit transferred to Reserve Fund	1,193,000	1,508,000	- 315,000

Interest income of \$7,134,000 from loans and investments was \$833,000 more than in the previous fiscal year. This was chiefly due to the larger amounts outstanding as the Bank's interest rate on new loans remained unchanged at 6½ % during the year.

Profit from sale of investments amounted to \$128,000. In addition to making term loans, the Bank on occasion provides a further part of the

#### REPORT OF THE PRESIDENT (continued)

financing required by purchasing a small portion of the borrowing company's common shares with a view to resale to the owner or to others at a later date; the profit referred to arose from sale of some of the shares acquired in that way.

Sundry income of \$162,000 represented mainly prepayment, commitment and standby fees.

Interest paid by the Bank on its debentures rose by \$534,000 to \$3,008,000.

The administrative expenses of the Bank in fiscal 1961 were increased not only as a result of the large expansion in business during that year but as a result of the preparations made for the expansion which is expected to result from the amendment to the Act passed by Parliament. The total of administrative expenses increased by \$786,000 to \$2,779,000. The major increases in expenses were as follows:

- Salaries (including contributions to pension fund, unemployment insurance and group insurance) were \$548,000 higher than in the previous fiscal year, reflecting the expansion of staff during 1961.
- The cost of premises increased \$123,000 over fiscal 1960; most branches required larger premises to accommodate the expanded staff and three new offices were opened.
- The public information programme, designed to make the Bank's services more widely known, accounted for expenditures of \$80,000, which was \$34,000 more than in the previous year.

Net profit before provision for bad and doubtful debts was \$1,637,000 in fiscal 1961, or 18 per cent less than in the preceding year. After appropriation of \$444,000 of the year's operating profit to the reserve for losses, the balance of profit for fiscal 1961 amounted to \$1,193,000 as compared with \$1,508,000 in fiscal 1960. In accordance with the Industrial Development Bank Act, the profit remaining after the appropriation to the reserve for losses was added to the reserve fund, raising it to \$15,510,000 at fiscal year end.

#### RESERVE FOR LOSSES

Bad debts totalling \$246,000 were written off in fiscal 1961 against the reserve for losses accumulated in prior years, while \$2,000 of amounts previously written off were recovered. The amount of \$444,000 transferred from 1961 operating profit raised the reserve to \$2,700,000, representing 1.8 per cent of loans outstanding or committed at the fiscal year end.

PRESIDENT.

h. Rasminsky

#### INDUSTRIAL DE

# STATEMENT OF ASSETS AND LIA

WITH DOMPARATIVE FIGUR

#### ASSETS

	1961	1960
Cash on hand and deposits with other banks	\$ 61,962	\$ 1,452,893
Government of Canada securities at values not exceeding market		499,644
Loans and investments \$123,260,808	100 701 051	100 500 511
Accrued interest	123,791,851	103,523,744
Property held for sale (including agreements for sale)	196,494	288,182
Guarantees and underwriting agreements (as per contra)	47,101	53,756
Unamortized discount and premium on de-		
bentures	700,925	882,307
Other assets	213,799	144,884

\$125,012,132 \$106,845,410

L. RASMINSKY

PRESIDENT

A. J. NORTON

CHIEF ACCOUNTANT

#### LOPMENT BANK

# LITIES AS AT SEPTEMBER 30, 1961

SEPTEMBER 30, 1960

#### LIABILITIES

	1961	1960
Capital —		
Authorized 500,000 shares par value \$100 each		
Issued and paid up		
260,000 shares (1960 — 250,000 shares)	\$ 26,000,000	\$ 25,000,000
Reserve fund	15,510,042	14,316,786
Reserve for losses	2,700,000	2,500,000
Bonds and debentures out-standing       \$ 78,900,000         Accrued interest       1,671,500	80,571,500	64,804,750
Liabilities under guarantees and underwriting agreements	47,101	53,756
Other liabilities	183,489	170,118
	\$125,012,132	\$106,845,410

#### AUDITORS' REPORT

We have made an examination of the statement of assets and liabilities of the Industrial Development Bank as at September 30, 1961 and have received all the information and explanations we have required. We report that in our opinion it correctly sets forth the position of the bank as at September 30, 1961 according to the best of our information and as shown by the books of the bank.

W. R. KAY, C.A. of Fred Page Higgins & Company

J. H. RENÉ DE COTRET, C.A.

of René de Cotret, Ferron,

Ottawa, October 31, 1961.

page eleven

Nobert & Cie.

# STATEMENT OF PROFIT AND LOSS

# FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 1961

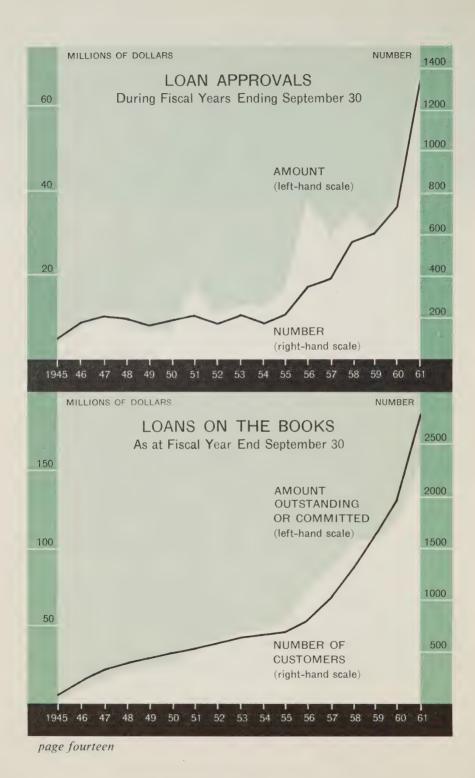
WITH COMPARATIVE FIGURES FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 1960

INCOME	1961	1960
Interest Profit on sale of investments Sundry	\$ 7,134,362 127,470 162,408	\$ 6,301,260 46,472 115,946
	\$ 7,424,240	\$ 6,463,678
EXPENSES		
Salaries  Pension fund, unemployment insurance and	\$ 1,813,247	\$ 1,313,217
group insurance	153,543	105,192
Investigation and supervision expenses	50,320	38,823
Staff transfer and travelling expenses	76,078	65,079
Rental and other costs — leased premises	305,668	183,041
Depreciation on equipment	38,741	27,289
Telephone and telegrams	52,792	41,090
Office supplies and expenses	99,654	102,072
Directors' fees	8,000	5,250
Auditors' fees and expenses	14,686	19,762
All other operating expenses	166,313	 92,593
Total operating expenses Interest on debentures (including amortization	\$ 2,779,042	\$ 1,993,408
of discount and premium)	3,007,554	2,474,252
Provision for bad and doubtful debts	 444,388	 488,200
	\$ 6,230,984	\$ 4,955,860
Profit transferred to reserve fund	\$ 1,193,256	\$ 1,507,818

#### RESIDENCES

RESERVE FOR LOSSES		
Balance, October 1, 1960	\$	2,500,000
Recovery of amounts previously written off \$ 1,642  Provision for bad and doubtful debts for the		
year ended September 30, 1961 444,388		446,030
	\$	2,946,030
Less:		
Bad debts written off	_	246,030
Balance, September 30, 1961	\$	2,700,000

RESERVE FUND	
Balance, October 1, 1960	
Balance, September 30, 1961	\$ 15,510,042



#### PROVINCIAL DISTRIBUTION OF LOAMS

		on Books at er 30, 1961	Total Auth November September	1, 1944 to
	Number of Outstanding Businesses or Committed		Number of Businesses	Amounts
		(\$000)		(\$000)
Newfoundland	33	1,372	41	3,019
Prince Edward Island		596	24	5,971
Nova Scotia	111	4,751	161	8,964
New Brunswick	114	4,571	190	11,109
Quebec	603	41,252	1,078	108,816
Ontario	1,024	55,063	1,553	112,491
Manitoba	170	7,262	290	20,036
Saskatchewan	96	4,915	150	12,779
Alberta	267	11,802	387	27,498
British Columbia	324	21,893	618	58,102
Yukon, N.W. Territories	10	715	15	1,543
Total	2,768	154,192	4,507	370,328

#### SUMMARY STATISTICS OF LOANS FOR FISCAL YEARS ENDING SEPTEMBER 30

(Millions of Dollars)	1956	1957	1958	1959	1960	1961
Amounts Drawn Down by						
Borrowers	20.1	32.6	31.1	29.3	29.7	47.5
Repayments by Borrowers.	12.0	12.8	14.1	20.4	23.4	27.1
Amounts Written Off		.1	.1	.8	.1	.2
	• •	. 1	.1	.0	.1	.4
Increase in Amounts Out-	0.1	10.7	160	0.1	( )	20.2
standing	8.1	19.7	16.9	8.1	6.2	20.2
Amounts Outstanding at						
Year-End	52.0	71.7	88.6	96.7	102.9	123.1
Amounts Not Yet Disbursed						
on Loans Authorized at						
Year-End	24.7	16.4	15.5	12.4	16.9	31.1
Amounts Outstanding Plus						
Undisbursed at Year-End	76.7	88.1	104.1	109.1	119.8	154.2
Number of Customers on						
the Books at Year-End	819	1,021	1,321	1,609	1,966	2,768
Average Amount Outstand-		-,	,	, , , , , ,	,	,
ing Plus Undisbursed per						
Customer (Thousands of						
Dollars)	94	86	79	68	61	56

# LOAN APPROVALS

DURING FISCAL YEARS ENDING SEPTEMBER 30

# CHASSING ATION BY NEW OR EXISTING BORHOWERS

	NUMBER			
	1956	1957	1958	1959
To New Borrowers To Existing Borrowers	232 117	308 93	420 151	438 161
Total	349	401	571	599
CLASSIFICATION BY SIZE			-	.0.
\$ 5,000 or less  Over 5,000 to 25,000.  Over 25,000 to 50,000.  Over 50,000 to 100,000.  Over 100,000 to 200,000.	13 119 80 72 32	13 143 92 88 36	20 223 127 121 46	31 242 153 112 43
Total up to \$200,000	316 33	372 29	537 34	581 18
Total	349	401	571	599
Average Size				
CLASSIFICATION BY PROVINC	Ž.			
Newfoundland Prince Edward Island Nova Scotia New Brunswick Quebec Ontario Manitoba Saskatchewan Alberta British Columbia Yukon and N. W. Territories	2 5 7 8 96 121 22 1 25 60 2	2 1 15 20 98 129 19 7 28 80 2 401	2 28 24 147 169 42 11 58 89 1	7 5 32 27 140 193 32 19 56 86 2

		AMOUNT	(\$000)				
1960	1961	1956	1957	1958	1959	1960	1961
571 169	1,070 294	29,264 10,095	25,210 4,901	26,686 9,255	24,150 6,429	29,517 9,059	53,596 17,600
740	1,364	39,359	30,111	35,941	30,579	38,576	71,196
28 313 188 124 60	39 578 371 234 105	31 1,971 3,014 5,425 4,820	31 2,392 3,599 6,582 5,526	52 3,662 4,947 9,047 6,808	105 3,911 5,939 8,406 6,293	121 4,905 7,131 9,659 8,748	165 8,960 14,198 17,610 15,418
713 27	1,327 37	15,261 24,098	18,130 11,981	24,516 11,425	24,654 5,925	30,564 8,012	56,351 14,845
740	1,364	39,359	30,111	35,941	30,579	38,576	71,196
• • • • • • •		113	75	63	51	52	52
						, , , , , , ,	
8 8 28 30 147 264 37 28 76 110 4	21 4 49 61 259 537 106 64 131 127 5	75 5,497 393 1,344 11,903 9,118 2,504 11 2,232 6,181 101	255 10 1,060 1,236 7,140 9,079 1,344 858 1,621 6,933 575	31  1,235 1,399 10,449 10,473 2,050 1,019 2,796 6,239 250	236 171 1,355 765 7,585 9,862 2,065 978 2,744 4,743 75	698 111 1,075 888 9,398 12,388 1,895 1,493 3,465 7,057 108	754 70 2,130 2,711 16,914 25,007 5,433 3,133 5,990 8,907 147
740	1,364	39,359	30,111	35,941	30,579	38,576	71,196

# CLASSIFICATION OF LOAN APPROVALS BY TYPES OF BUSINESSES

DURING FISCAL YEARS ENDING SEPTEMBER 30

	NUMBER	ξ		
	1956	1957	1958	1959
Manufacturing:				
Foods and Beverages	44	49	97	82
Tobacco and Tobacco Products		• ;	2 2	• • •
Rubber Products	1	1	2	2 5
Leather Products	4	1	4 18	13
Textile Products (except Clothing)	14 17	12 17	20	33
Clothing (Textiles and Fur)	53	69	72	76
Wood Products	9	5	11	6
Printing and Allied Industries	17	14	20	26
Iron and Steel Products	58	61	67	74
(including Machinery and Equipment)	50	01	07	, ,
Transportation Equipment	8	11	26	23
Non-Ferrous Metal Products	13	10	6	20
Electrical Apparatus and Supplies	19	13	16	12
Non-Metallic Mineral Products	26	27	38	34
Products of Petroleum and Coal	6	1	1	3
Chemical Products	12	12	18	20
Miscellaneous Manufacturing Industries	8	17	13	16
Commercial Air Services	17	13	8	13
Warehousing (including Refrigeration)	6	10	13	6
Other Transportation and Storage	3	18	30	42
Mines (incl. Milling), Quarries, Oil Wells	3	3 12	13 33	35
Construction	4	6	33 18	13
Industrial Buildings	2	4	15	11
Personal Services Forestry	. 2	4	13	11
Wholesale Trade	1	4	3	7
Retail Trade	1	6	2	8
Education and Health Services			-	
Recreation Services		i		
Services to Business Management	1	3	1	2
Miscellaneous Services	1	1	3	7
Agriculture				4
	349	401	571	599
(Enterprises engaged in more than one type of	347	401	J/1	===
business are classified according to major activity.)				

AMOUNT (\$00)
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		711100111	(4000)				
1960	1961	1956	1957	1958	1959	1960	1961
93	163	2,958	2,767	7,076	4,340	5,447	8,819
5		4.5	25	200		250	5.47
2	15	45 176	25 10	90	38	250	547
12	15	769	1,014	82	246 621	115 489	1,026 933
25	49	1,107	428	1,726 737	1,707	837	2,585
77	129	4,737	4,535	5,207	4,740	5,227	7,698
12	18	2,107	530	574	171	803	1,615
35	60	641	386	1,475	1,194	1,223	2,466
99	181	3,323	3,875	3,792	3,154	4,301	8,548
	101	J,J <u>2</u> J	3,073	3,772	3,134	4,501	0,540
30	45	2,448	354	1,096	795	1,169	1,466
18	31	504	2,730	147	1,129	689	1,207
12	21	1,618	848	962	546	531	2,086
41	69	1,822	2,063	3,503	1,497	2,625	6,034
2	3	630	22	20	169	40	224
24	28	449	638	1,362	716	942	1,281
16	38	257	724	404	1,102	868	1,746
10	19	11,406	3,742	158	891	598	898
12	14	1,062	1,407	951	479	1,183	765
62	104	280	1,055	1,353	1,789	4,047	5,455
19	29	2,525	525	1,603	361	1,420	2,510
60	143	285	1,002	1,072	2,135	2,454	5,957
12 23	27	25 45	714	1,477	949	525	1,152
23	41	43	254	432 50	327	672 292	1,586 220
13	27	30	46	159	370	593	1,227
16	50	60	291	70	546	801	2,032
	2			70	540	001	85
	ī		50		• •		100
2	4	30	51	30	51	105	168
4	16	20	25	133	456	245	562
2	8				60	85	198
740	1,364	39,359	30,111	35,941	30,579	38,576	71,196
	===					====	

#### DIRECTORS

- \*L. RASMINSKY, C.B.E., OTTAWA, ONT.
- \*J. R. BEATTIE, OTTAWA, ONT.
  - A. C. ASHFORTH, TORONTO, ONT.
- \*H. BARIBEAU, LEVIS, QUE.
- N. H. DeBLOIS, CHARLOTTETOWN, P.E.I.

FREDERICK FIELD, F.C.A., VANCOUVER, B.C.

- C. HEDLEY FORBES, FREDERICTON, N.B.
- \*C. BRUCE HILL, M.C., ST. CATHARINES, ONT.
  - S. N. MACEACHERN, SASKATOON, SASK.
  - J. RENE OUIMET, MONTREAL, QUE.
- L. PATRICK, C.B.E., CALGARY, ALTA.
- \*J. A. ROBERTS, D.S.O., OTTAWA, ONT.

  DANIEL SPRAGUE, C.A., WINNIPEG, MAN.
- \*K. W. TAYLOR, C.B.E., OTTAWA, ONT.

<sup>\*</sup>Member of the Executive Committee

# OFFICERS

#### HEAD OFFICE, OTTAWA

L. RASMINSKY, C.B.E. President
L. F. MUNDY Secretary

P. D. SMITH

A. J. NORTON

Chief Accountant

E. METCALFE

Internal Auditor

#### GENERAL MANAGER'S OFFICE, MONTREAL

D. G. MARBLE, C.B.E. General Manager

A. N. H. JAMES

C. E. DEATHE

G. D. COATES

K. K. HAY-ROE

H. M. SCOTT

Assistant General Manager

Administrative Assistant

Administrative Assistant

Administrative Assistant

Chief, Legal Department

W. L. MUNDY Chief, Insurance Department

G. R. ELLIOTT Chief, Branch Credits Department
H. DUNCAN Chief, Loan Accounting Department

P. F. LIMOGES
C. I. STUART
Deputy Secretary
E. C. SCOTT
Personnel Officer
J. W. SIVERS
Information Officer

# REGIONAL OFFICES

85 Elizabeth Avenue
123 Hollis Street
rince William Street
25 Chemin St. Louis
901 Victoria Square
ling Edward Avenue
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THERE IS an underlying aspect of the work of the Bank which is not readily reduced to statistical form but which is apparent to those who have an opportunity to visit enterprises which have been assisted by I.D.B. financing. This is the concrete effect which I.D.B. assistance has had in providing Canadian enterprises with opportunities for the production of real things or the provision of valuable services.

The following photographs made in the establishments of customers of I.D.B. give some impression of the varied activities across the country which its loans have helped to promote.



Marine equipment requires constant maintenance and repair to resist the attack of weather and stress. Owners of marine equipment look for people with the skill and the facilities to do the work properly.



Car washing has been mechanized and streamlined, even though muscle power still provides the finishing touches.



Lumber cut on this gang saw in a West Coast mill is shipped to markets at home and abroad.



The making of ceramic tile is a process nearly as old as time, but today's need for a consistently high quality product with precise dimensions has called for constant improvements to production equipment.



Canada has contributed much to the development of new and more efficient machinery for agriculture. This company is carrying on the tradition successfully both at home and in the export trade. Here cultivator steels are being shotblasted to increase surface hardness.



This machine shop recently designed and shipped an ingenious machine to New Orleans where it will clean millions of Gulf Coast shrimp.



This business began 16 years ago with equipment consisting mainly of hand shovels and wheel barrows. Good management, hard work and careful planning have improved manufacturing methods until the enterprise is now a major source of concrete pipe in its area.



Synthetic packaging materials have brought about a major change in the merchandising of consumer products. This machine prints designs on 350 feet of film per minute before it is formed into plastic bags.



This plant caters to the demands of Canadian women for sheer hosiery. Modern equipment, well trained staff and alert management assist it to operate successfully.



This modern bakery, run by a new-Canadian family, produces one million packages of cookies a year in 25 different varieties. It also makes pumpernickel bread from a Dutch recipe.

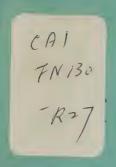


This family meat-processing business, which has been operating for over a quarter of a century, produces smoked, fresh, and cooked meats to suit the varied tastes of consumers. To do this successfully has required constant improvements in plant and equipment.









Lovemment Publications



# INDUSTRIAL DEVELOPMENT BANK

Annual West



statement of accounts
fiscal year
1961/1962



# INDUSTRIAL DEVELOPMENT BANK



HEAD OFFICE

**OTTAWA** 

December 7th, 1962.

The Hon. George C. Nowlan, P.C., Q.C., Minister of Finançe, Ottawa, Ontario.

Dear Sir,

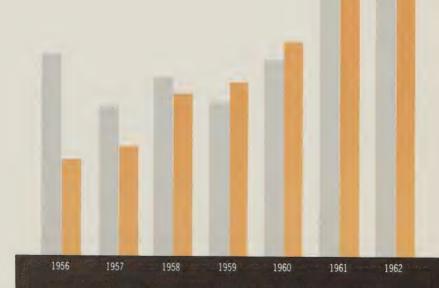
In accordance with the provisions of the Industrial Development Bank Act, I enclose my report for the fiscal year ending September 30th, 1962, and a statement of the Bank's accounts for this period which is signed and certified in the prescribed manner.

Yours very truly,
L. Rasmin My

President.

# HIGHLIGHTS

FISCAL YEARS	1	1		
ENDING SEPT. 30	1960	1961	1962	
Number of loans made in year	740	1,365	2,085	
Amount of loans made in year*	\$39	\$71	\$92	
Number of customers at year-end	1,966	2,768	4,083	
Amounts outstanding or committed at year-end*	\$120	\$154	\$204	
*IN MILLIONS				



AMOUNT AND NUMBER OF LOANS MADE IN YEAR

### INDUSTRIAL DEVELOPMENT BANK



# EIGHTEENTH ANNUAL REPORT OF THE PRESIDENT — 1962

The fiscal year ended September 30th, 1962, was one of substantial further expansion. Towards the end of fiscal 1961 the Industrial Development Bank Act was amended by Parliament and the Bank's field of lending was further enlarged to the point where almost all types of businesses became eligible including retail and wholesale trade, hotels, motels and the provision of recreational facilities and professional services. This expansion of the Bank's terms of reference together with the increase in the number of branches from thirteen to twenty-two in the past two years has resulted in a growing awareness on the part of the public of the existence and scope of the Bank's facilities.

During fiscal 1962 the Bank made 2,085 loans, which was 53 per cent greater than the number made in fiscal 1961 and 182 per cent more than the number made in fiscal 1960. In dollar amount, loans made in fiscal 1962 totalled \$92 millions, which was 29 per cent more than in fiscal 1961 and 138 per cent more than in fiscal 1960.

In the eighteen years since it was established by Parliament, the Bank has made more than 8,100 loans, amounting to \$462 millions, to over 6,200 Canadian businesses. Of these loans, 26 per cent by number and 20 per cent by amount were made in the fiscal year just ended.

About one-third of the loans made during the year were authorized for businesses which became eligible for IDB financial assistance as a result of the 1961 amendment to the Industrial Development Bank Act referred to

### REPORT OF THE PRESIDENT (Continued)

above. Loans to all non-manufacturing types of businesses, which were not eligible under the Bank's original terms of reference, accounted for 61 per cent of all loans made in fiscal 1962 compared to 36 per cent in fiscal 1961. A classification of loans by types of businesses in each of the last six years appears on pages 18 and 19.

The proportion of smaller loans made by the Bank has been growing steadily in recent years and, in fiscal 1962, 51 per cent of new loans were for \$25,000 or less. The average size of loans approved during fiscal 1962 dropped to \$44,000 from a level of about \$52,000 in each of the three previous fiscal years. A classification by size of loans made in each of the last six years appears on pages 16 and 17.

While loans for \$25,000 or less represent one-half of the total number made by the Bank and thus account for a large proportion of the work of the Bank, they represent only 17 per cent of the total dollar amount of loans authorized and provide only a small proportion of the Bank's revenues. Despite the relatively high cost to the Bank of smaller loans, no approach is declined on the grounds that the effort to investigate it and reach a decision would be disproportionate to the financial return which might be earned. The Industrial Development Bank gives just as much attention to small loans and to borderline proposals as to requests for larger amounts which would provide a greater financial return.

While smaller loans predominated, during the year the Bank also made 162 loans for amounts over \$100,000 and these accounted for \$30.7 millions of the total of \$92 millions.

The total amount of loans outstanding, plus loans approved but not yet disbursed, passed the \$200 million mark during September and at the fiscal year-end was \$204 millions, having increased some \$50 millions during the year. The number of customers with loans outstanding or committed rose from 2,768 at the end of fiscal 1961 to 4,083 at the end of fiscal 1962.

The provincial distribution of loans made in each of the past six years is recorded on pages 16 and 17. As shown in the table below, there is a fairly close correlation between the regional distribution of loans made by the

IDB and the regional distribution of economic activity as measured by total employment and by capital investment expenditures.

## Regional Distribution of:

	IDB Loan Approvals Fiscal 1962		Total Employment	Capital Investment Forecast	
Region	Number	Amount	Fiscal	Calendar 1962	
Atlantic	11%	8%	9%	8%	
Quebec	20	26	27	- 24	
Ontario	39	37	37	36	
Prairies	21	19	18	21	
B.C., Yukon and					
N.W.T	9	10	9	11	
	100%	100%	100%	100%	

The \$92 millions of loans authorized by the IDB in fiscal 1962 were made to help finance customers' programmes totalling \$123.5 millions, summarized as follows:—

	Millions of Dollars	Per cent of Total
Investment in Land and Buildings	\$ 57.3	46.4%
Investment in Machinery and Equipment	34.5	27.9
Increase in Working Capital*	15.4	12.5
Refinancing of Mortgages (mainly realty)	5.0	4.1
Refinancing of Suppliers' Liens	1.9	1.5
Refinancing of Other Liens	3.3	2.7
Refinancing of Other Obligations	3.1	2.5
Financing of Changes in Ownership	1.5	1.2
All Other Purposes	1.5	1.2
*including replenishment of working capital depleted by recent capital expenditures.	\$123.5	100.0%

### REPORT OF THE PRESIDENT (Continued)

Repayment of an IDB loan is usually by monthly instalments over a period of years, with payments commencing some months — about five months on the average — after authorization, so that the borrower will have an opportunity to benefit from the programme before repayment commences. For loans authorized in fiscal 1962, the period of repayment ranged up to fifteen years and averaged nearly seven years.

### ORGANIZATION

The number and location of the Bank's branches reflect the desire to provide as prompt and convenient service to customers as is possible consistent with economical operations — in considering which the Bank must, of course, have regard for the volume of existing or prospective lending business in a particular area. Three branches were opened in 1960, three in 1961 and six in 1962 — at Moncton, Trois-Rivières, Kitchener-Waterloo, Saskatoon, Kelowna and Victoria. The Bank now has 22 branches from Newfoundland to Vancouver Island as listed on pages 22 and 23.

The growing volume of the Bank's lending and new branch openings necessitated additions to the staff, which rose by 70 in fiscal 1962 to a total of 472. While the staff increased by 88 per cent during the two years to September 30th last, the number of loans approved in fiscal 1962 was 182 per cent higher than in 1960.

The rapid growth which has taken place in recent years, both in volume of loans and in the size of the organization, prompted the Bank to undertake a review of its organizational structure and internal operating procedures during the year. Management consultants were retained for this purpose and certain changes in organization and procedures which were found to be desirable as a result of this review are now being implemented. On the basis of their observations, the consultants have commented favourably on the efficiency and the enthusiasm of our staff, who have continued to render a high quality of service despite the many problems which have arisen in this period of rapid expansion.

### LOANABLE RESOURCES

The Bank obtains its loanable resources in three forms: share capital, debentures, and the Reserve Fund built up through profits. When the IDB Act was amended in 1961, the authorized share capital of the Bank was increased from \$25 millions to \$50 millions. During fiscal 1962, \$4 millions of this additional authorized capital was drawn down, bringing the issued total to \$30 millions.

During fiscal 1962, the IDB issued debentures for new money and refunding purposes totalling \$52.6 millions, which accounted for 46 per cent of debentures outstanding at year-end. In line with changes in market interest rates generally, the rates applying to these new debentures were higher than in the previous year.

At the end of fiscal 1962 debentures accounted for 70 per cent of total funds raised as compared with 22 per cent at the end of fiscal 1955. Share capital and reserves as sources of funds had declined to 30 per cent of the total at the end of fiscal 1962 as compared with 78 per cent seven years before. This change in the structure of the Bank's sources of funds has steadily increased the average cost of money to the IDB and has become a factor of growing importance among those which determine the net income of the Bank.

### STATEMENT OF PROFIT AND LOSS

The profit and loss statement for 1962 and the comparative statement for 1961 appear on page 12.

The income of the Bank is derived almost entirely from interest on loans; other income represented only 3 per cent of the total in fiscal 1962. Income for the year was 31 per cent higher than in the previous fiscal year. This was due chiefly to the larger amount of loans and investments outstanding, which totalled \$165 millions at year-end compared to \$123 millions at the end of fiscal 1961. The interest rate which the IDB normally applies to new loans was raised from 61/2% to 7% in September 1962.

### REPORT OF THE PRESIDENT (Continued)

The substantial increase in interest paid on debentures — from \$3.0 millions in fiscal 1961 to \$4.5 millions in fiscal 1962 — reflected both the larger amount of debentures outstanding and higher rates of interest. For the reason mentioned at the end of the preceding section, debenture interest has been growing steadily, not only in dollar amount but also as a percentage of income. From 12 per cent of income in fiscal 1956, it rose to 41 per cent in 1961 and to 46 per cent in 1962, and this has naturally brought about a corresponding reduction of profits expressed as a percentage of income.

The increase of \$902,000 in salaries was chiefly due to the increase in the average number of staff from 304 in fiscal 1961 to 442 in fiscal 1962. The increase in other operating expenses reflected the enlarged volume of the Bank's operations and, in particular, the opening of six branches.

During the recent period of rapid growth in IDB lending, the expansion in its interest income has unavoidably lagged behind the increase in expenditure for the additional staff, premises and other facilities which were required to make possible such a major increase in the volume of its lending.

The net profit of \$415,000 remaining after provision of \$650,000 for bad and doubtful debts was transferred to the Reserve Fund, increasing it to \$15,925,000.

### RESERVE FOR LOSSES

Bad debts totalling \$267,000 were written off in fiscal 1962 against the Reserve for Losses accumulated in prior years, while \$17,000 previously written off was recovered. Over the eighteen years to the end of fiscal 1962, net write-offs have amounted to \$1,681,000.

The amount of \$650,000 transferred from 1962 operating profit raised the Reserve for Losses from \$2,700,000 to \$3,100,000 representing 1.52 per cent of loans outstanding or committed at the fiscal year-end.

In July, 1962, Mr. D. G. Marble who had served the Bank in the capacity of General Manager since 1953, retired from that post. Prior to Mr. Marble's appointment as General Manager, he had been the Secretary of the Bank of Canada and served as Secretary of the Industrial Development Bank from the commencement of its operations in 1944. I would like to record the Directors' deep appreciation of the major contribution made by Mr. Marble to the successful operation and the expansion of the Bank. I am happy to say that he will continue to be associated with the Bank in the role of Special Consultant.

Mr. A. N. H. James formerly Assistant General Manager who has been with the Bank since its formation, was appointed to succeed Mr. Marble as General Manager.

PRESIDENT.

L. Rasminsky

## INDUSTRIAL DE

## STATEMENT OF ASSETS AND LIA

WITH COMPARATIVE FIRMS

### ASSETS

	1962	1961
Cash on hand and deposits with other banks	\$ 80,847	\$ 61,962
Loans and investments \$164,924,615		
Accrued interest	165,642,225	123,791,851
Property held for sale (including agreements for sale)	16,073	196,494
Guarantees and underwriting agreements (as per contra)	13,181	47,101
Unamortized discount and premium on debentures	1,063,893	700,925
Other assets	318,894	213,799

\$167,135,113 \$125,012,132

L. RASMINSKY

**PRESIDENT** 

A. J. NORTON

CHIEF ACCOUNTANT

## LOPMENT BANK

### LITIES AS AT SEPTEMBER 30, 1962

SEPTEMBER 30, 1981

## LIABILITIES

1962	1961
\$ 30,000,000	\$ 26,000,000
15,925,486	15,510,042
3,100,000	2,700,000
117,847,750	80,571,500
13,181	47,101
248,696	183,489
\$167,135,113	\$125,012,132
	\$ 30,000,000 15,925,486 3,100,000 117,847,750 13,181 248,696

### AUDITORS' REPORT

We have made an examination of the statement of assets and liabilities of the Industrial Development Bank as at September 30, 1962 and have received all the information and explanations we have required. We report that in our opinion it correctly sets forth the position of the bank as at September 30, 1962 according to the best of our information and as shown by the books of the bank.

W. R. KAY, F.C.A. of Fred Page Higgins & Company

J. H. RENÉ DE COTRET, C.A. of René de Cotret, Ferron, Nobert & Cie.

Ottawa, October 24, 1962.

## FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 1962

WITH COMPARATIVE FIGURES FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 1961

	(\$000)	(\$000)
INCOME	1962	1961
Interest. Profit on sale of investments. Sundry.	\$9,382 6 304	\$7,134 128 162
	\$9,692	\$7,424
EXPENSES		
Salaries (1)  Pension fund, unemployment insurance and group insur-	\$2,723	\$1,821
ance	243	154
Other staff expenses (2)	42	33
Investigation and supervision expenses	73	50
Travel and transfer expenses	92	76
Rental and other costs — leased premises	399	306
Depreciation on equipment	58	39
Advertising — public information programme (3)	143	80
Telephones and telegrams	100	53
Office supplies and expenses	169	116
Directors' fees	13 17	8 15
Auditors' fees and expenses	69	28
All other operating expenses	09	40
Total operating expenses	\$4,141	\$2,779
and premium)	4,486	3,008
Provision for bad and doubtful debts	650	444
	\$9,277	\$6,231
Profit transferred to reserve fund	\$ 415	\$1,193

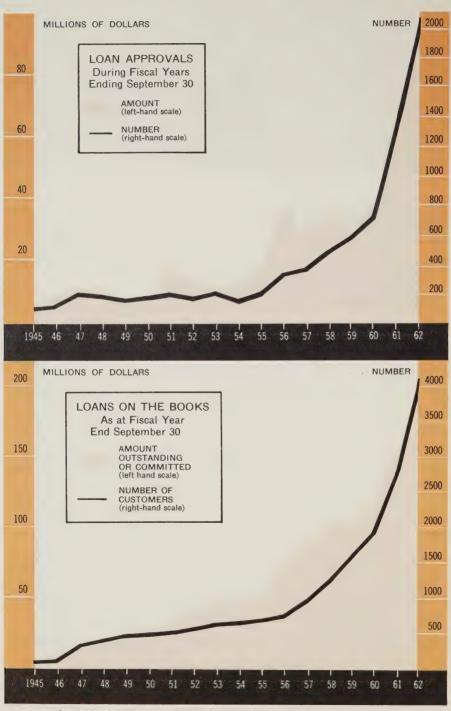
The number of staff averaged 442 in 1962 and 304 in 1961.
 Includes overtime pay, medical services, and cafeteria expense.
 Includes printing of Annual Report and of booklet "A Source of Financing for Canadian Business".

### RESERVES

RESERVE FOR LOSSES	
Balance, October 1, 1961	\$ 2,700,000
Recovery of amounts previously written off \$ 16,944	
Provision for bad and doubtful debts for the year ended September 30, 1962	666,886
	\$ 3,366,886
Less:	
Bad debts written off	266,886
Balance, September 30, 1962	\$ 3,100,000

# RESERVE FUND

Balance, October 1, 1961	\$15,510,042 415,444
Balance, September 30, 1962	\$15,925,486



page fourteen

### FROVINCIAL DISTRIBUTION OF LOANS

		on Books at per 30, 1962	Total Author November : September	l, 1944 to
	Number of Businesses	Amounts Outstanding or Committed	Number of Businesses	Amounts
		(\$000)		(\$000)
Newfoundland	78	2,601	94	4,646
Prince Edward Island	27	646	38	6,374
Nova Scotia	140	6,138	204	11,804
New Brunswick	166	5,509	260	13,600
Quebec	849	54,473	1,409	133,084
Ontario	1,564	73,760	2,231	146,164
Manitoba	269	12,003	414	26,453
Saskatchewan	160	6,711	227	15,717
Alberta	421	16,409	574	35,509
British Columbia	390	24,210	760	66,832
Yukon, N.W. Territories	19	1,192	26	2,165
Total	4,083	203,652	6,237	462,348

### SUMMARY STATISTICS OF LOANS FOR FISCAL YEARS ENDING SEPTEMBER 30

(Millions of Dollars)	1957	1958	1959	1960	1961	1962
Amounts Drawn Down by						
Borrowers	32.6	31.1	29.3	29.7	47.5	74.3
Repayments by Borrowers.	12.8	14.1	20.4	23.4	27.1	32.6
Amounts Written Off	.1	.1	.8	.1	.2	.2
Increase in Amounts Out-						
standing	19.7	16.9	8.1	6.2	20.2	41.5
Amounts Outstanding at						
Year-End	71.7	88.6	96.7	102.9	123.1	164.6
Amounts Not Yet Disbursed						
on Loans Authorized at						
Year-End	16.4	15.5	12.4	16.9	31.1	39.0
Amounts Outstanding Plus						
Undisbursed at Year-End	88.1	104.1	109.1	119.8	154.2	203.6
Number of Customers on						
the Books at Year-End	1,021	1,321	1,609	1,966	2,768	4,083
Average Amount Outstand-						
ing Plus Undisbursed per						
Customer (Thousands of						
Dollars)	86	79	68	61	56	50

### LOAN APPROVALS

DURING FISCAL YEARS ENDING SEPTEMBER 30

### CLASSIFICATION BY NEW OF EXISTING BORROWERS

NUMBER

	NOMBER			
	1957	1958	1959	1960
To New Borrowers	308 93	420 151	438 161	571 169
Total	401	571	599	740
	Total State Control of the Control o	Sprandelinenskalen		
CLASSIFICATION BY SIZE				
\$ 5,000 or less	13 143	20 223	31 242	28 313
Over 25,000 to 50,000	92 88	127 121	153 112	188 124
Over 100,000 to 200,000	36	46	43	60
Total up to \$200,000	372 29	537 34	581 18	713 27
Total	401	571	599	740
Average Size			• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	
CLASSIFICATION BY PROVINCE	-			
NewfoundlandPrince Edward Island	2	2	7 5	8
Nova Scotia New Brunswick	15 20	28 24	32 27	28 30
Quebec	98 129	147 169	140 193	147 264
Manitoba	19	42	32 19	37 28
Saskatchewan	28	58	56	76
British Columbia	80 2	89 1	86 2	110
Total	401	571	599	740

		AMOUNT	(\$000)				
1961	1962	1957	1958	1959	1960	1961	1962
1,070 295	1,730 355	25,210 4,901	26,686 9,255	24,150 6,429	29,517 9,059	53,596 17,640	75,922 16,059
1,365	2,085	30,111	35,941	30,579	38,576	71,236	91,981
39 578 372 234 105	72 985 526 340 121	31 2,392 3,599 6,582 5,526	52 3,662 4,947 9,047 6,808	105 3,911 5,939 8,406 6,293	121 4,905 7,131 9,659 8,748	165 8,960 14,238 17,610 15,418	304 15,278 20,414 25,289 17,797
1,328	2,044 41	18,130 11,981	24,516 11,425	24,654 5,925	30,564 8,012	56,391 14,845	79,082 12,899
1,365	2,085	30,111	35,941	30,579	38,576	71,236	91,981
		75	63	51	52	52	44
21 4 49 61 258 538 106 64 131 128 5	60 16 61 89 422 811 143 86 216 169	255 10 1,060 1,236 7,140 9,079 1,344 858 1,621 6,933 575	31 1,235 1,399 10,449 10,473 2,050 1,019 2,796 6,239 250	235 171 1,355 765 7,585 9,862 2,065 978 2,745 4,743	698 111 1,075 888 9,398 12,388 1,895 1,493 3,465 7,057 108	754 70 2,130 2,711 16,884 24,952 5,433 3,133 5,990 9,032 147	1,628 403 2,840 2,491 24,298 33,728 6,417 2,938 8,011 8,605 622
1,365	2,085	30,111	35,941	30,579	38,576	71,236	91,981

# GLASSIFICATION OF LOAN APPROVALS BY TYPES OF BUSINESSES

DURING FISCAL YEARS ENDING SEPTEMBER 30

	NUMBER			
	1957	1958	1959	1960
Manufacturing: Foods and Beverages	49	97	82	93
Tobacco and Tobacco Products	• •	2		• :
Rubber Products	1	2	2 5	5 2
Leather Products	12	18	13	12
Textile Products (except Clothing)	17	20	33	25
Clothing (Textiles and Fur)	69	72	76	77
Paper Products (including Pulp)	5	11	6	12
Printing and Allied Industries	14	20	26	35
Iron and Steel Products	62	67	73	102
(including Machinery and Equipment)	02	07	7.5	102
Transportation Equipment	11	26	23	27
Non-Ferrous Metal Products	9	6	20	16
Electrical Apparatus and Supplies	13	16	12	12
Non-Metallic Mineral Products	27	37	34	40
Products of Petroleum and Coal	* *	1	1	2
Chemical Products	12	18	20	24
Miscellaneous Manufacturing Industries	17	13	16	16
Commercial Air Services	13	8	13	10
Warehousing (including Refrigeration)	10	12	5	12
Other Transportation and Storage	18	30	42	61
Electric Power, Gas, Water Utilities  Mines (incl. Milling) Quarries, Oil Wells	3	13	6	20
	13	32	37	59
ConstructionIndustrial Buildings	6	19	13	11
Personal Services.	4	15	11	23
Forestry	7	2		2
Wholesale Trade	4	4	8	16
Retail Trade	6	2	8	18
Education and Health Services				
Recreation Services	1			
Services to Business Management	3	1	2	2
Miscellaneous Services	1	3	8	4
Agriculture			4	2
Fishing and Trapping				
Communications				
(Enterprises angued in more than any true of	401	571	599	740
(Enterprises engaged in more than one type of business are classified according to major activity.)				

## AMOUNT (\$000)

		1 11110 0111	(4000)				
1961	1962	1957	1958	1959	1960	1961	1962
162	166	2,767	7,076	4,340	5,447	8,669	6,976
• •	• •	25	200		250		
9	2 6	25	90	38	250	547	47
15 15	27	10 1.014	82	246 621	115 489	1,026 933	463
49	53	428	1,726 737	1,707	837	2,585	2,323
128	130	4,535	5,207	4,740	5,227	7,682	2,934 7,592
18	11	530	574	171	803	1,615	407
60	64	386	1,475	1.194	1,223	2,466	2,057
184	163	3,895	3,792	3,124	4,603	8,645	6,657
10,	105	2,070	5,.,2	2,12.	1,005	0,015	0,007
44	16	354	1,096	795	787	1,456	648
25	4	2,710	147	1,129	664	1,044	138
22	25	848	962	546	531	2,112	1,860
69	66	2,063	3,428	1,497	2,621	6,034	3,097
3	3		20	30	40	224	152
28	27	638	1,362	716	942	1,303	1,164
39	45	724	404	1,102	868	1,726	1,394
20	19	3,742	158	891	598	908	1,490
14	11	1,407	921	469	1,203	765	703
103	88 2	1,055	1,353	1,789	4,013	5,445	4,579 80
29	28	525	1.603	361	1,499	2,510	1,418
143	162	1,024	1,003	2,274	2,358	5,957	6,928
27	32	714	1,502	949	480	1,152	1,312
42	269	254	432	327	672	1,596	12,813
5	9		125		292	220	612
28	152	46	189	380	673	1,287	5,888
52	241	291	70	546	906	2,196	6,895
2	18					85	463
1	67	50	::	• •		100	4,174
4	25	51	30	51	105	168	628
17	34	25	133	486	245	582	1,156
8	106			60	85	198	4,127
• •	1	• •	• •	• •		• •	8 798
• •	13	• •	• •	• •	• •	• •	130
1,365	2,085	30,111	35,941	30,579	38,576	71,236	91,981
,,,,,,		====				====	

## DIRECTORS

- \*L. RASMINSKY, C.B.E., OTTAWA, ONT.
- \*J. R. BEATTIE, OTTAWA, ONT.
- A. C. ASHFORTH, TORONTO, ONT.
- \*H. BARIBEAU, LEVIS, QUE.
  - N. H. DEBLOIS, CHARLOTTETOWN, P.E.I.
  - R. W. DEWOLFE, WOLFVILLE, N.S.

FREDERICK FIELD, F.C.A., VANCOUVER, B.C.

- C. HEDLEY FORBES, FREDERICTON, N.B.
- \*C. BRUCE HILL, M.C., ST. CATHARINES, ONT.
  - S. N. MACEACHERN, SASKATOON, SASK.
- J. RENÉ OUIMET, MONTREAL, QUE.
- L. PATRICK, C.B.E., CALGARY, ALTA.
- W. S. PERLIN, ST. JOHN'S, NFLD.
- \*J. A. ROBERTS, D.S.O., OTTAWA, ONT.

DANIEL SPRAGUE, C.A., WINNIPEG, MAN.

- \*K. W. TAYLOR, C.B.E., OTTAWA, ONT.
- \*Member of the Executive Committee

## OFFICERS

### HEAD OFFICE, OTTAWA

L. RASMINSKY, C.B.E. President
L. F. MUNDY Secretary

P. D. SMITH
Deputy Secretary
A. J. NORTON
Chief Accountant
E. METCALFE
Internal Auditor

## GENERAL MANAGER'S OFFICE, MONTREAL

A. N. H. JAMES General Manager

E. R. CLARK Assistant General Manager

C. E. DEATHE Executive Assistant

G. R. ELLIOTT Assistant Superintendent, Credit Department

G. D. COATES Controller

H. M. SCOTT Chief, Legal Department
W. L. MUNDY Chief, Insurance Department

H. DUNCAN Chief, Loan Accounting Department

E. C. SCOTT

Personnel Officer

P. F. LIMOGES

Deputy Secretary

Deputy Secretary

J. W. SIVERS

Information Officer

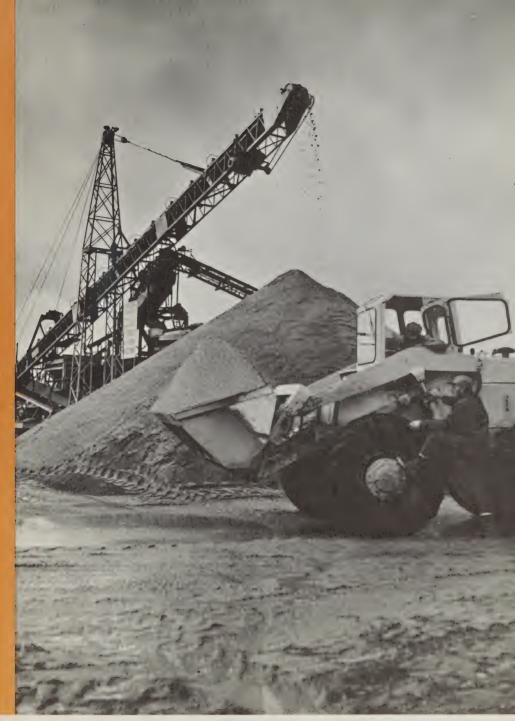
D. G. MARBLE, C.B.E. Special Consultant

### REGIONAL AND BRANCH OFFICES

ST. JOHN'S
HALIFAX
SAINT JOHN
MONCTON
EASTERN REGION REGIONAL OFFICE, MONTREAL
QUEBEC
TROIS-RIVIERES
MONTREAL
OTTAWA

CENTRAL REGION  REGIONAL OFFICE, TORONTO250 University Avenue  W. C. STUART, Regional Supervisor  J. R. Gibb, Assistant Supervisor
TORONTO
HAMILTON
KITCHENER-WATERLOO Waterloo Square Building, Waterloo W. H. Jay, <i>Manager</i>
LONDON
SUDBURY
LAKEHEAD
WINNIPEG
REGINA
SASKATOON
CALGARY
EDMONTON
KELOWNA
VANCOUVER
VICTORIA

THE PHOTOGRAPHS on the following pages of the facilities of some of IDB's customers will provide an impression of the diversity of enterprises — both as to type and size — which IDB has helped to finance in every part of the country.



Many projects using concrete require carefully washed and grade controlled sand such as is being piled by this belt conveyor.



The plastic chair backs produced by this company are one of several of its products sold in Canada and abroad.



The manufacture of wooden doors and panels requires careful attention to detail and finish.



In this laboratory, analyses and tests are made to maintain control of the quality of cleansers, industrial sealants, and chemicals produced by this company.



This large machine produces sheets of particle board for use by the furniture and construction industries.



Many a hockey player and pleasure skater in Canada and elsewhere wears skates made in this plant.



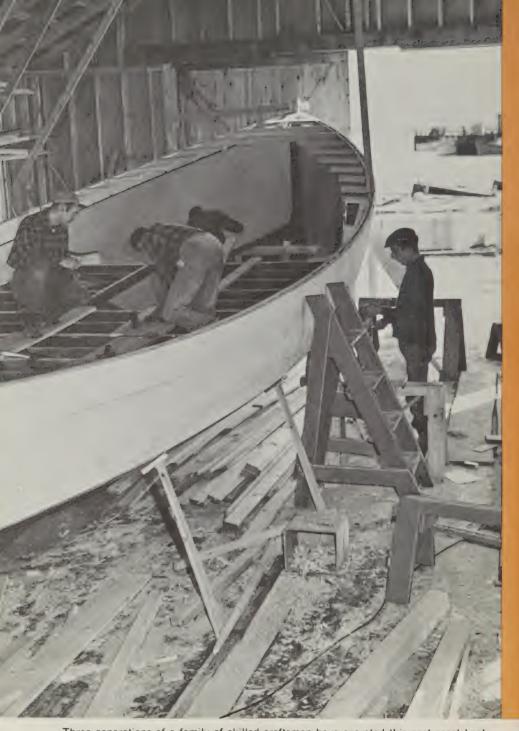
This firm rebuilds, repairs and sells organs and pianos and enjoys a steady demand for its services.



A wide cattle-raising area in the Prairies is served by this modern all steel feed mill.



This continuous web of paperboard will be converted into cartons and boxes of various sizes and shapes for packaging food and beverages.



Three generations of a family of skilled craftsmen have operated this east coast boat building business for over half a century.



More ski resorts are being equipped with modern types of lifts such as shown in this photograph of an installation in Western Canada.







CAI FN 130 -R27

Publications

# idb INDUSTRIAL DEVELOPMENT BANK

REPORT OF THE PRESIDENT AND
STATEMENT OF ACCOUNTS
FISCAL YEAR

1963





HEAD OFFICE

**OTTAWA** 

December 9th, 1963

The Hon. Walter L. Gordon, P.C., Minister of Finance, Ottawa, Ontario.

Dear Sir,

In accordance with the provisions of the Industrial Development Bank Act, I enclose my report for the fiscal year ending September 30th, 1963, and a statement of the Bank's accounts for this period which is signed and certified in the prescribed manner.

Yours very truly,

h. Rasminerky

President.

## Highlights

Amount of loans at September 30, 1963:

Outstanding . . . . . . \$200,000,000 Undisbursed . . . . . 32,000,000

\$232,000,000

#### Number of customers at fiscal year-end:

Fiscal 1963................ 5,104

#### Number of loans approved in fiscal year:

Since inception in 1944..... 10,131

#### Amount of loans approved in fiscal year:

Fiscal 1960 ....... \$39,000,000 Fiscal 1961 ...... \$71,000,000

Fiscal 1962..... \$92,000,000

Fiscal 1963..... \$80,000,000

Since inception in 1944..... \$542,000,000



#### NINETEENTH ANNUAL REPORT OF THE PRESIDENT—1963

A number of milestones were passed by Industrial Development Bank during the fiscal year ended September 30th, 1963, its nineteenth year of operation:

The amount of loans outstanding reached \$200,000,000.

The number of customers on the books passed the 5,000 mark, having doubled in just over two years.

The amount of loans approved by the Bank since its inception in 1944 passed \$500,000,000.

The number of loans approved by the Bank since 1944 passed the 10,000 mark; 40% of these loans were made during the past two years.

During fiscal 1963 the Bank approved 1,986 loans. This was 45% more than in fiscal 1961 and was within 5% of the record number of loans in fiscal 1962. It will be recalled that towards the end of fiscal 1961 the Industrial Development Bank Act was amended by Parliament to enlarge substantially the Bank's field of lending. The initial surge of applications from businesses not eligible to borrow from the IDB prior to that amendment carried the Bank's volume of new loans to a record level in fiscal 1962 and, after having expanded threefold during the preceding two years, the total number of loan approvals per year levelled off in fiscal 1963 at close to the 1962 figure.

In fiscal 1963 the number of loans made for amounts of \$25,000 or less was actually greater than in fiscal 1962. Loans in this size category have

been increasing from year to year both in number and as a proportion of total loan approvals, while larger loans have been declining as a proportion of total loans.

	Fiscal 1961		Fiscal 1962		Fiscal 1963	
Size of loans	No.	%	No.	%	No.	%
\$25,000 or less	617	45%	1,057	51%	1,093	55%
\$25,001 to \$100,000	606	45	866	41	779	39
Over \$100,000	142	10	162	8	114	6
	1,365	100%	2,085	100%	1,986	100%

The increased proportion of small loans made by the Bank reflects the continuing financial needs of small businesses, which tend to experience more difficulty than larger businesses in obtaining required financing on reasonable terms and conditions. Moreover, the businesses made eligible by the 1961 amendment of the IDB Act — businesses which accounted for approximately 40% of the loans made in fiscal 1963 — typically require smaller amounts than businesses such as manufacturing to which the Bank has been lending since its inception in 1944.

Reflecting the growing importance of small loans in the Bank's lending operations, the average size of loan approved dropped to \$44,100 in fiscal 1962 from approximately \$52,000 in each of the three previous fiscal years, and declined further in fiscal 1963 to \$40,200. While the cost of processing and servicing small loans tends to be high in relation to revenue, the Bank gives as careful consideration to proposals for small amounts as it does in the case of larger loans which would provide a greater financial return.

Other lenders have become more active in the financial field in which the IDB has been engaged, particularly in respect of larger loans, and the Bank welcomes the development of these additional specialized financial services which are becoming available to Canadian businesses. At the same time it finds there are still many firms desiring mediumsized or larger loans which for various reasons cannot borrow elsewhere on reasonable terms and conditions, whose needs the IDB can meet. The Bank is anxious to do all that it can to further Canadian business development in this area as well as in the case of smaller loans.

The total dollar amount of loans approved in fiscal 1963 was \$80 millions compared to \$71 millions in fiscal 1961 and \$92 millions in fiscal 1962. A distribution by size of the loans made over the past six years appears on pages 14 and 15.

The provincial distribution of loans is also shown on pages 14 and 15. The Bank's policy of providing financing to businesses anywhere in Canada is of particular interest and importance to those enterprises which are located (or are prepared to locate) in areas away from the established metropolitan areas, as financing is generally more difficult to obtain in such localities.

#### CUSTOMERS' PROGRAMMES

The \$80 millions of loans made by the IDB in fiscal 1963 helped finance customers' programmes totalling \$117 millions, as follows:

	Fiscal	1963
	Millions of dollars	Per cent of total
Land and Buildings	\$ 48.2	41.2%
Machinery and Equipment	34.0	29.1
Increase in Working Capital	17.7	15.1
Refinancing of Mortgages (mainly realty)	4.0	3.4
Refinancing of Suppliers' Liens	1.4	1.2
Refinancing of Other Liens	2.1	1.8
Refinancing of Other Obligations	1.7	1.5
Financing of Changes in Ownership	5.4	4.6
All Other Purposes	2.4	2.1
	\$116.9	100.0%

The amount of refinancing involved in customers' programmes was \$4.1 millions less in fiscal 1963 than in the previous year, and this was a factor in the lower total dollar amount of loan approvals in fiscal 1963 compared to 1962.

#### ORGANIZATION

A branch office — the Bank's twenty-third — was opened in Windsor, Ont., in April 1963. A sub-branch was established in Sherbrooke, Que., in July; this is open on a regular basis certain days of the month, the aim being to extend service to a centre where, for the present, full-time representation would not be feasible. IDB offices are listed on pages 20 and 21.

As a convenience to businesses located at some distance from the larger centres of population, representatives of the Bank periodically make visits advertised in advance to localities not having an IDB office, for the purpose of interviewing prospective customers. The number of such visits was further increased in fiscal 1963.

Reflecting the continued expansion of the Bank's activities in respect of the number and amount of loans on the books as well as in the rate of new loan approvals, the number of staff rose by 42 in fiscal 1963 to a total of 514. The effectiveness of an organization like the IDB depends to an unusual extent on its staff and the Bank is fortunate in the calibre of its personnel and the initiative they have shown in furthering the Bank's objective of service to the Canadian business community.

#### FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The year-end balance sheets and the income, expense and profit statements for fiscal years 1962 and 1963 appear on pages 8, 9 and 10.

Loan disbursements totalled \$74 millions during the year, principal repayments of \$38 millions were received, and loans outstanding rose by \$36 millions to \$200 millions at year-end. In order to finance this increase in its loans, the Bank's debentures outstanding were increased

during the year from \$115,300,000 to \$147,600,000, and an additional \$3,000,000 of share capital was issued.

Income was 30% higher in fiscal 1963 than in the previous year, due to the larger amount of loans outstanding. The standard rate of interest normally charged on new loans remained unchanged during the year at 7%.

Salaries rose by 15% reflecting mainly the increase in staff referred to under the heading "Organization". Operating expenses other than salaries rose by 7%. A major item in the latter increase occurred in respect of leased premises; total rental expenses in fiscal 1963 were higher than in fiscal 1962 due to the opening of six branch offices in the second half of fiscal 1962 and one branch in 1963.

The cost of outstanding debentures was 46% higher in fiscal 1963 than in the previous year, and amounted to 52% of income compared to 46% in 1962 and 41% in 1961.

As shown by the Reserve for Losses statement on page 11, during fiscal 1963 \$189,000 was written off against the Reserve accumulated in prior years and \$60,000 previously written off was recovered. The Reserve for Losses was increased from \$3,100,000 at the beginning of the fiscal year to \$3,700,000 at year-end, representing 1.59% of loans outstanding or committed at that time. The current Reserve together with total net write-offs of \$1,814,000 is equivalent to 1.27% of total disbursements made by the Bank since the commencement of operations.

The profit for the year amounted to \$693,000 compared to \$415,000 in fiscal 1962, after deducting provision for bad and doubtful debts amounting to \$729,000 in 1963 and \$650,000 in 1962.

As required by the IDB Act, the 1963 profit of \$693,000 was added to the Reserve Fund, increasing it to \$16,618,000.



# idb Industrial Development Bank

ASSETS	1963	1962
Cash on hand and deposits with other banks	\$ 17,831	\$ 80,847
Loans and investments \$200,891,660		
Accrued interest 910,931	201,802,591	165,642,225
Property held for sale (including agreements for sale)	96,649	16,073
Guarantees and underwriting agreements (as per contra)		13,181
Unamortized discount and premium on debentures	2,213,545	1,063,893
Other assets	419,729	318,894
	\$204,570,345	\$167,135,113

L. RASMINSKY

PRESIDENT

A. J. Norton

CHIEF ACCOUNTANT

## Assets and Liabilities as at September 30, 1963

WITH COMPARATIVE FIGURES AT SEPTEMBER 30, 1962

LIABILITIES	1963	1962
Capital — Authorized 500,000 shares par value \$100 each Issued and paid up 330,000 shares (1962 — 300,000 shares)	\$ 33,000,000	\$ 30,000,000
Reserve fund	16,618,446	15,925,486
Reserve for losses	3,700,000	3,100,000
Debentures outstanding \$147,600,000		
Accrued interest	150,890,000	117,847,750
Liabilities under guarantees and underwriting		
agreements		13,181
Other liabilities	341,899	248,696
	\$204,570,345	\$167,135,113

#### AUDITORS' REPORT

We have made an examination of the statement of assets and liabilities of the Industrial Development Bank as at September 30, 1963 and have received all the information and explanations we have required. We report that in our opinion it correctly sets forth the position of the bank as at September 30, 1963 according to the best of our information and as shown by the books of the bank.

J. H. RENÉ DE COTRET, C.A. of René de Cotret, Ferron, Nobert & Cie.

T. C. KINNEAR, F.C.A. of Price Waterhouse & Co.

Ottawa, November 4, 1963.



#### Statement of Income, Expense and Profit for the year ended September 30, 1963

WITH COMPARATIVE FIGURES FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 1962

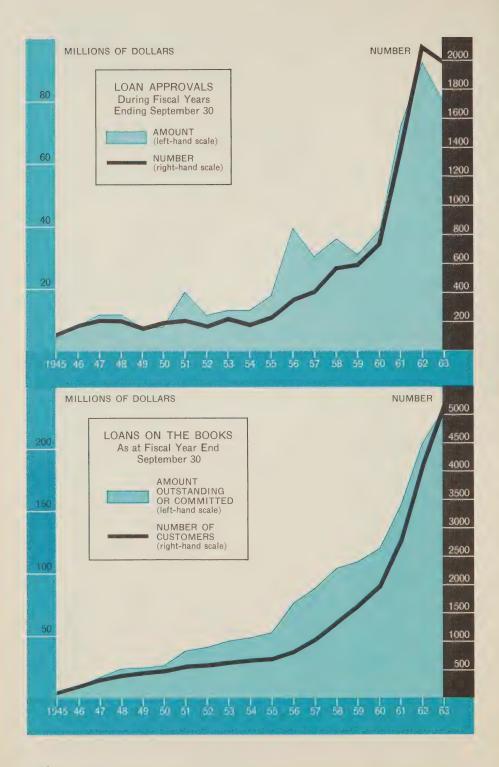
	(\$000)	(\$000)
INCOME	1963	1962
Interest Profit on sale of investments. Sundry	\$12,240 15 374	\$9,382 6 304
	\$12,629	\$9,692
EXPENSE		
Salaries <sup>(1)</sup>	\$ 3,135	\$2,723
Pension fund, unemployment insurance and group insurance.  Other staff expenses <sup>(2)</sup> Investigation and supervision expenses. Travel and transfer expenses. Rental and other costs — leased premises. Depreciation on equipment. Advertising. Other public information <sup>(3)</sup> Telephone and telegrams. Office supplies and expenses. Directors' fees. Auditors' fees and expenses. All other operating expenses.	232 43 82 130 435 68 85 39 117 173 12 17	243 42 73 92 399 58 84 59 100 169 13 17
Total operating expenses	\$ 4,651	\$4,141
count and premium)	6,556 729	4,486 650
	\$11,936	\$9,277
Profit transferred to reserve fund	\$ 693	\$ 415

The number of staff averaged 495 in 1963 and 442 in 1962.
 Includes overtime pay, medical services and cafeteria expense.
 Includes printing of Annual Report and of booklet "A Source of Financing for Canadian Business", etc., and in fiscal 1962 amortization of film about operations of the IDB.

#### Reserves

RESERVE FOR LOSSES	(\$000)
Balance, October 1, 1962	\$ 3,100
Add:	
Recovery of amounts previously written off \$ 60	
Provision for bad and doubtful debts for the year ended	
September 30, 1963	789
	\$ 3,889
Less:	
Bad debts written off	189
Balance, September 30, 1963	\$ 3,700

RESERVE FUND	(\$000)
Balance, October 1, 1962	\$15,925
Profit for the year ended September 30, 1963	693
Balance, September 30, 1963.	\$16,618



#### PROVINCIAL DISTRIBUTION OF LOANS

		s on Books at ber 30, 1963	November	horizations 1, 1944 to er 30, 1963
	Number of Businesses	Amounts Outstanding or Committed	Number of Businesses	Amounts
		(\$000)		(\$000)
Newfoundland	113	3,506	141	6,178
Prince Edward Island	34	799	47	6,679
Nova Scotia	163	7,050	236	13,685
New Brunswick	191	5,832	309	15,876
Quebec	1,038	65,229	1,693	155,645
Ontario	1,884	82,311	2,743	174,023
Manitoba	371	14,886	544	32,111
Saskatchewan	211	7,166	293	18,061
Alberta	614	19,887	830	43,825
British Columbia	460	24,011	897	73,559
Yukon, N.W. Territories	25	1,379	36	2,517
Total	5,104	232,056	7,769	542,159

# idb

#### SUMMARY STATISTICS OF LOANS

FOR FISCAL YEARS ENDING SEPTEMBER 30

(Millions of Dollars)	1958	1959	1960	1961	1962	1963
Amounts drawn down by						
borrowers	31.1	29.3	29.7	47.5	74.3	74.0
Repayments by borrowers	14.1	20.4	23.4	27.1	32.6	38.2
Amounts written off (net)	.1	.8	.1	.2	.2	.1
Increase in amounts out-						
standing	16.9	8.1	6.2	20.2	41.5	35.7
Amounts outstanding at year-						
end	88.6	96.7	102.9	123.1	164.6	200.3
Amounts not yet disbursed at						
year-end on loans author-						
ized	15.5	12.4	16.9	31.1	39.0	31.7
Amounts outstanding plus						
undisbursed at year-end	104.1	109.1	119.8	154.2	203.6	232.1
Number of customers on the						
books at year-end	1,321	1,609	1,966	2,768	4,083	5,104
Average amount outstanding						
plus undisbursed per cus-						
tomer (thousands of						
dollars)	79	68	61	56	50	45

## Loan Approvals

During Fiscal Years Ending September 30

CLASS	SIFI	CATI	ON	BY	NEW
-------	------	------	----	----	-----

1,365

	NUMBE	R		
	1958	1959	1960	1961
To New Borrowers	420 151	438 161	571 169	1,070 295
Total	571	599	740	1,365
	CLASS	IFICATI	ON BY	SIZE:
\$ 5,000 or less.  Over 5,000 to 25,000.  Over 25,000 to 50,000.  Over 50,000 to 100,000.  Over 100,000 to 200,000.  Total up to \$200,000.  Total.  Average Size.	20 223 127 121 46 537 34 571	31 242 153 112 43 581 18 599	28 313 188 124 60 713 27 740	39 578 372 234 105 1,328 37 1,365
	CLASS	IFICATI	ON BY	PRO
Newfoundland Prince Edward Island Nova Scotia New Brunswick Quebec Ontario Manitoba Saskatchewan Alberta	2 28 24 147 169 42 11 58	7 5 32 27 140 193 32 19 56	8 28 30 147 264 37 28 76	21 4 49 61 258 538 106 64 131

Alberta.... British Columbia.....Yukon and N. W. Territories.....

Total.....

# idb

#### R EXISTING BORROWERS:

		AMOUNT	T (\$000)				
1962	1963	1958	1959	1960	1961	1962	1963
1,730 355	1,532 454	26,686 9,255	24,150 6,429	29,517 9,059	53,596 17,640	75,922 16,059	61,020 18,791
2,085	1,986	35,941	30,579	38,576	71,236	91,981	79,811
72 985 526 340 121	100 993 476 303 84	52 3,662 4,947 9,047 6,808	105 3,911 5,939 8,406 6,293	121 4,905 7,131 9,659 8,748	165 8,960 14,238 17,610 15,418	304 15,278 20,414 25,289 17,797	431 15,113 18,324 22,737 12,249
2,044 41	1,956 30	24,516 11,425	24,654 5,925	30,564 8,012	56,391 14,845	79,082 12,899	68,854 10,957
2,085	1,986	35,941	30,579	38,576	71,236	91,981	79,811
			51	52	52	44	40
CE:							
60 16 61 89 423 810 143 86 216 169	52 12 47 70 395 676 160 78 305 181	31 1,235 1,399 10,449 10,473 2,050 1,019 2,796 6,239 250	235 171 1,355 765 7,585 9,862 2,065 978 2,745 4,743 75	698 111 1,075 888 9,398 12,388 1,895 1,493 3,465 7,057 108	754 70 2,130 2,711 16,884 24,952 5,433 3,133 5,990 9,032 147	1,628 403 2,840 2,491 24,340 33,686 6,417 2,938 8,011 8,605 622	1,531 305 1,881 2,276 22,520 27,902 5,657 2,344 8,316 6,727 352
2,085	1,986	35,941	30,579	38,576	71,236	91,981	79,811



# Classification of

**NUMBER** 

	TIONIBL			
	1958	1959	1960	1961
Manufacturing:				
Foods and Beverages	97	82	93	159
Tobacco and Tobacco Products	2			
Rubber Products	2	2	5	9
Leather Products	4	5	2	15
Textile Products (except Clothing)	18	13	12	15
Clothing (Textiles and Fur)	20	33	25	49
Wood Products	73	75	77 12	127
Printing and Allied Industries	11 20	6 25	35	18 59
Iron and Steel Products	66	78	102	187
(including Machinery and Equipment)	00	70	102	107
Transportation Equipment	26	22	26	43
Non-Ferrous Metal Products	6	17	16	22
Electrical Apparatus and Supplies	16	11	12	22
Non-Metallic Mineral Products	37	34	40	67
Products of Petroleum and Coal	1	1	2	3
Chemical Products	17	19	24	28
Commercial Air Services	13 8	17 13	16 10	38 20
Warehousing (including Refrigeration)	12	5	12	13
Other Transportation and Storage	30	42	61	103
Electric Power, Gas, Water Utilities	. 50	-72		103
Mines (incl. Milling) Quarries, Oil Wells	13	6	20	31
Construction	32	37	59	143
Industrial Buildings	20	13	12	28
Personal Services	15	11	23	42
Forestry	2		2	5
Wholesale Trade	4	9	16	31
Retail Trade	2	8	18	53
Education and Health Services	• •		• •	2
Recreation Services				1 4
Miscellaneous Services	1 3	2	2	17
Agriculture		4	2	11
Fishing and Trapping	* *	*	2	
Communications	• •	• •	• •	• •
(Enterprises engaged in more than one type of business	571	599	740	1,365
are classified according to major activity.)	-			===

# oan Approvals by Types of Businesses

DURING FISCAL YEARS ENDING SEPTEMBER 30

AMOUNT	(\$000)
--------	---------

Marie Advanced Name							
1962	1963	1958	1959	1960	1961	1962	1963
166	162	7,076	4,340	5,447	8,625	6,976	7,626
		200					
2	7	90	38	250	547	47	208
6	6	82	246	115	1,026	463	372
27	26	1,726	621	489	933	2,323	1,695
53 130	45 113	737	1,707	837	2,585	2,934	1,446
11	113	5,307 574	4,725 171	5,227 803	7,657 1,615	7,592 407	6,331 1,430
64	46	1,475	1,169	1,223	2,415	2,058	2,082
164	167	3,692	3,271	4,603	8,905	6,701	8,055
101	10,	5,052	5,271	1,005	0,700	0,701	0,000
16	25	1,096	765	775	1,444	648	847
3	7	147	1,055	664	784	93	296
25	13	962	502	531	2,112	1,860	566
66	54	3,428	1,497	2,621	5,930	3,097	2,248
3 27	26	20	30	40	224	152	1 522
45	26 56	1,277 404	696 1,122	942 868	1,268 1,681	1,164 1,394	1,522
20	12	158	891	598	908	1,394	2,298 384
11	12	921	469	1,203	745	703	1,222
88	92	1,353	1,789	4,012	5,445	4,579	4,792
2	2			• • •		80	63
28	16	1,603	361	1,500	2,614	1,418	550
162	123	1,047	2,275	2,358	5,957	6,928	3,877
32	32	1,587	949	492	1,232	1,312	1,377
269	261	432	327	672	1,596	12,813	10,022
9 152	6	125	395	292	220	612	4 170
240	116 226	189 70	546	673 906	1,383 2,208	5,888 6,888	4,179 6,219
18	10		240		85	463	181
67	59			• • •	100	4,174	2,662
25	21	30	51	105	168	628	631
34	39	133	511	245	582	1,156	913
106	175		60	85	242	4,127	4,809
1	6					8	455
13	7	• • •				798	376
2,085	1,986	35,941	30,579	38,576	71,236	91,981	79,811
====	===	=====	====	====	=====	====	

#### **Directors**

- \*L. RASMINSKY, C.B.E., OTTAWA, ONT.
- \*J. R. BEATTIE, OTTAWA, ONT.
  - A. C. ASHFORTH, TORONTO, ONT.
- \*H. BARIBEAU, LEVIS, QUE.
- \*R. B. BRYCE, OTTAWA, ONT.
  - N. H. DEBLOIS, CHARLOTTETOWN, P.E.I.

FREDERICK FIELD, F.C.A., VANCOUVER, B.C.

- C. HEDLEY FORBES, FREDERICTON, N.B.
- \*C. BRUCE HILL, M.C., ST. CATHARINES, ONT.
  - S. N. MACEACHERN, SASKATOON, SASK.
  - J. RENÉ OUIMET, MONTREAL, QUE.
  - L. PATRICK, C.B.E., CALGARY, ALTA.
  - W. S. PERLIN, ST. JOHN'S, NFLD.
- \*J. A. ROBERTS, D.S.O., OTTAWA, ONT.

DANIEL SPRAGUE, C.A., WINNIPEG, MAN.

<sup>\*</sup>Member of the Executive Committee

### Officers

#### HEAD OFFICE, OTTAWA

L. RASMINSKY, C.B.E. President
L. F. MUNDY Secretary

P. D. SMITH

A. J. NORTON

Chief Accountant

E. METCALFE

Internal Auditor

#### GENERAL MANAGER'S OFFICE, MONTREAL

A. N. H. JAMES General Manager

E. R. CLARK Assistant General Manager

C. E. DEATHE Executive Assistant

J. HARVEY

Administrative Assistant

G. R. ELLIOTT Assistant Superintendent, Credit Department

G. D. COATES Controller

H. M. SCOTT Chief, Legal DepartmentW. L. MUNDY Chief, Insurance Department

H. DUNCAN Chief, Loan Accounting Department

E. C. SCOTT Personnel Officer
C. I. STUART Deputy Secretary
J. W. SIVERS Information Officer

# Regional and Branch Offices

Г. JOHN'S85 Elizabeth Avenue N. J. Weedmark, <i>Manager</i>
ALIFAX
AINT JOHN
GONCTON
ASTERN REGION  REGIONAL OFFICE, MONTREAL901 Victoria Square  H. R. Stoker, Regional Supervisor  L. Viau, Assistant Supervisor
QUEBEC
TROIS-RIVIERES
MONTREAL
SHERBROOKE (Sub-Branch to Montreal)31 King Street West
OTTAWA

CENTRAL REGION  REGIONAL OFFICE, TORONTO250 University Avenue W. C. Stuart, Regional Supervisor J. R. Gibb, Assistant Supervisor
TORONTO
HAMILTON
KITCHENER-WATERLOO Waterloo Square Building, Waterloo W. H. Jay, Manager
LONDON
WINDSOR
SUDBURY
PRAIRIE REGION REGIONAL OFFICE, WINNIPEG360 Broadway Ave. J. C. Ingram, Regional Supervisor R. H. Wheeler, Assistant Supervisor
LAKEHEAD8-A North Cumberland Street, K. C. A. Dawson, <i>Manager</i> Port Arthur
WINNIPEG360 Broadway Avenue
K. A. Powers, <i>Manager</i> H. D. Ramsey, <i>Assistant Manager</i>
H. D. RAMSEY, Assistant Manager  REGINA

idlb

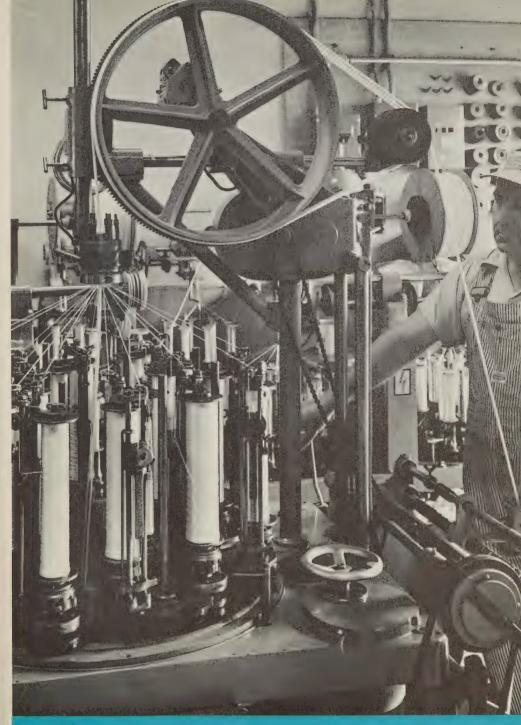
The businesses illustrated in the following photographs are typical of the concerns, in all fields of activity and in all parts of Canada, for which I.D.B. has approved more than 10,000 loans since its inception.



Mats with freshly printed designs being conveyed into a drying oven.

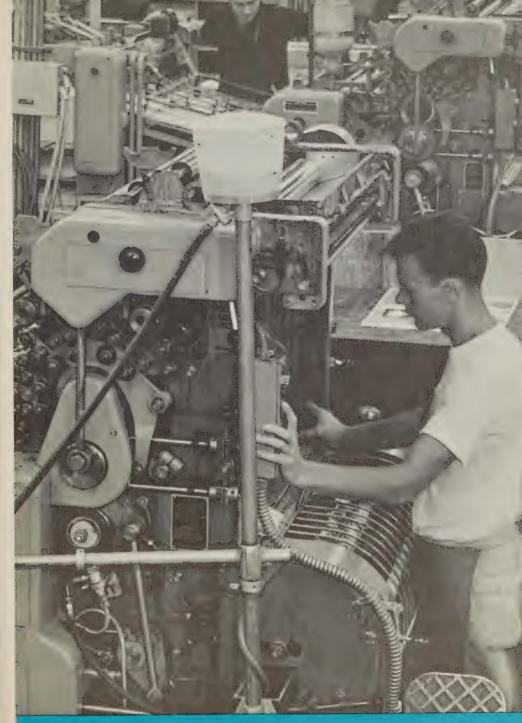


A road grader receives finishing touches near the end of the assembly line.



Braiding nylon filament into rope for industrial use.





Offset presses in a modern printing plant.



Extruding expanded polystyrene to be used for thermal insulation.



Egg production on a large scale. Feed and water are provided automatically and eggs are gathered mechanically.



Assembling furnaces which will heat homes in Canada and overseas.



A stoneware lamp base, hand made by a family enterprise, is placed in a drying kiln.







EAI FN130 - R27

Government hiblications

# idb INDUSTRIAL DEVELOPMENT BANK, Occasion



STATEMENT OF ACCOUNTS

FISCAL YEAR

1964





HEAD OFFICE

**OTTAWA** 

December 9th, 1964

The Hon. Walter L. Gordon, P.C., Minister of Finance, Ottawa, Ontario.

Dear Sir,

In accordance with the provisions of the Industrial Development Bank Act, I enclose my report for the fiscal year ending September 30th, 1964, and a statement of the Bank's accounts for this period which is signed and certified in the prescribed manner.

Yours very truly,

L. Rasminerky

President.

## Highlights

## Amounts of loans at September 30, 1964:

 Outstanding
 223.7

 Undisbursed
 39.7

263.4

## Number of customers at fiscal year-end:

Fiscal 1948 40	4
Fiscal 1952	584
Fiscal 1956	819
Fiscal 1960	1,966
Fiscal 1964	6.027

## Number of loans approved in fiscal year:

Fiscal 1948	204
Fiscal 1952	165
Fiscal 1956	349
Fiscal 1960	740
Fiscal 1964	2,083

## Amount of loans approved in fiscal year: (millions of dollars)

 Fiscal 1948...
 11.7

 Fiscal 1952...
 11.5

 Fiscal 1956...
 39.4

 Fiscal 1960...
 38.6

Fiscal 1964..... 88.1



# TWENTIETH ANNUAL REPORT OF THE PRESIDENT—1964

September 30th, 1964 marked the completion of twenty fiscal years of operation by the Industrial Development Bank. When the Bank was created by Parliament in late 1944, it was one of the first organizations of its kind in the world; since then a great number of other countries have established development banks of one kind or another.

Since its inception, the Bank has authorized over 12,000 loans to Canadian businesses — of which no less than half were during the past 3 years. In amount, these 12,000 IDB loans totalled over \$600,000,000. At the 1964 fiscal year-end, the Bank had loans outstanding or in course of disbursement totalling \$263,000,000 to 6,000 business undertakings comprising individuals, firms and incorporated businesses.

Following the initial surge of loans to businesses which became eligible for IDB loans for the first time when the Act was broadened in 1961, some temporary decline was to be expected. This decline was, however, small; the number of loans made in fiscal years 1961 to 1964 inclusive were:

1961	1,365
1962	2,085
1963	1,986
1964	2,083

By the second half of 1964 the rate of lending had risen to a new record level.

In addition to term loans, other kinds of financing are within the scope of the Bank's powers and can be considered in suitable cases, including the guarantee of loans from other sources, direct purchase of a company's capital stock, underwriting agreements, etc. It has been the Bank's experience to date, however, that few financing proposals of these types are received from applicants; in fiscal 1964, nine financing arrangements other than by way of term loans were approved, bringing

total approvals for financing of all kinds to 2,092, higher in the aggregate than for any previous year.

Loans approved in fiscal 1964 ranged in amount from less than \$5,000 to over \$1,000,000. As in past years, most loans were for amounts of \$25,000 or less:

,		scal 162	Fis 19	cal 63		cal 64
Size of loans	No.	%	No.	%	No.	%
\$25,000 or less	1,057	51%	1,093	55%	1,140	55%
\$25,001 to \$100,000	866	41	779	39	808	39
Over \$100,000	162	8	114	6	135	6
	2,085	100%	1,986	100%	2,083	100%
Average size of loan (\$000)	4	14	4	10	4:	2

A detailed classification of loan approvals by size appears on pages 14 and 15.

Due to the growth of lending by the Bank in the last four years, the amount of loan repayments has been steadily increasing: repayments totalled \$46,000,000 in fiscal 1964, \$8,000,000 more than in the previous year.

#### TYPES OF BUSINESSES

A classification of loan approvals in fiscal 1964 by type of business is given below; more detailed figures of numbers of loans and amounts may be found on pages 16 and 17.

Fiscal 1904	
Number	Amount
35%	48%
21	15
14	11
10	7
6	5
4	6
3	3
7	5
100%	100%
	Number  35% 21  14 10 6 4 3 7

The classification "Agriculture" included 201 loans to individuals and enterprises engaged in a variety of agricultural activities:

	Number	Amount
Poultry and egg production	30%	31%
Raising of livestock	22	19
Specialty farms (includes fur-bearing animals, greenhouse and nursery products)	14	16
Field crops	12	13
Other	22	21
	100%	100%

## CUSTOMERS' PROGRAMMES

Loans amounting to \$88,000,000 made by IDB in fiscal 1964 helped finance customers' programmes totalling \$119,300,000. As in previous years, the chief purpose for which businesses obtained loans from the IDB was to finance the acquisition of fixed assets.

	Fiscal 1964	
	Millions of dollars	Per cent of total
Land and buildings	\$ 46.9	39.3%
Machinery and equipment	34.9	29.3
Increase in working capital	18.4	15.4
Refinancing of realty mortgages	4.8	4.0
Refinancing of suppliers' liens on equipment	1.6	1.3
Refinancing of other liens on equipment	1.9	1.6
Refinancing of other obligations	3.7	3.1
Financing of changes in ownership	5.6	4.7
All other purposes	1.5	1.3
	\$119.3	100.0%

#### ORGANIZATION

In May, 1964, a branch office was opened in Rimouski, with a view to making the Bank's services more readily available to businesses in the lower St. Lawrence and Gaspe Peninsula area. Including a subbranch at Sherbrooke, which is open on a regular basis certain days of the month, the Bank now has twenty-five branch offices across the country. IDB offices are listed on pages 20 and 21.

In keeping with the IDB's objective of making its facilities available to businesses anywhere in Canada, representatives of the Bank periodically make visits, advertised in advance, to many localities not having an IDB office, for the purpose of interviewing prospective customers. In fiscal 1964, considerably increased emphasis was placed on this aspect of the Bank's activities; in the past year 226 advertised visits were made to 105 localities.

Operations of the Bank are now decentralized to the point where the decision with respect to over 80% of the number of loans approved in the last year was taken at local branches or at regional offices. This has helped in bringing about a further reduction in processing time for loan applications, a matter in which the Bank is constantly striving for improvement. The Bank wants to give prospective borrowers a decision on an application as rapidly as possible, and among the continuing difficulties to be overcome is the frequent problem of obtaining quickly from a borrower adequate financial and other information on which the Bank can base a sound decision.

One of the key factors in the ability of the Bank to carry out its functions effectively is the calibre of its staff who have again rendered the organization loyal, capable and imaginative service. The broadening of the IDB Act in 1961 made it necessary to add considerably to the staff in 1961-62 but the additional staff engaged at that time have now reached a level of training and experience which made it practicable in fiscal 1964 to deal with the new applications received, and to administer our growing volume of existing loan accounts, with about the same level of staff as in the previous year. At the 1964 fiscal year-end, the staff numbered 292 men and 212 women — a total of 504.

## FINANCIAL STATEMENT

The year-end balance sheets, and the statements of income, expense and profit, for fiscal years 1963 and 1964 appear on pages 8-10.

During fiscal 1964, IDB obtained funds from the following sources to provide for the increase in outstanding loans and other assets as shown on the September 30th, 1964 balance sheet:

Increase in outstanding debentures	\$20,500,000
Increase in issued share capital	2,000,000
Fiscal 1964 net profit less net write-offs of bad debts	1,665,000

\$24,165,000

Debentures now account for 75 per cent of the Bank's loanable funds; share capital and accumulated profits provide the balance. As the IDB Act provides, the additional share capital has been subscribed by the Bank of Canada, which has also purchased all the debentures issued by the IDB.

Income, expense and profit for fiscal 1964 together with comparative figures for the previous few years are summarized below:

	Fiscal 1960	Fiscal 1961	Fiscal 1962	Fiscal 1963	Fiscal 1964
Income	6,463	(thousa	ands of d 9,692	ollars) 12,629	14,660
Less: Operating expenses Cost of debentures	1,993 2,474	2,779 3,008	4,141 4,486	4,651 6,556	4,906 7,891
Net income before provision for losses	1,996	1.637	1,065	1.422	1,863
Less provision for bad and doubtful debts	488	444	650	729	998
Balance transferred to Reserve Fund	1,508	1,193	415	693	865

The increase in operating expenses between 1960 and 1962 reflected the sharp increase in staff and branches and associated training programmes undertaken to cope with the surge of business which followed the revision of the IDB Act in 1961. The growth in costs inevitably preceded the expansion of the volume of business on the books of the Bank, and its earnings declined from 1960 to 1962, but an upward trend in the Bank's net income began again in 1963 and was continued in 1964.

The standard rate of interest normally charged on new loans has remained unchanged during the past two years at 7 per cent.

During fiscal 1964, loan balances totalling \$227,000 were written off against the Reserve for Losses built up in prior years, and \$29,000 previously written off was recovered. The Reserve for Losses Account was increased from \$3.7 million at September 30, 1963 to \$4.5 million at September 30, 1964; the latter amount represents 1.71% of loans outstanding or committed at the end of the period.

The net profit of \$865,000 remaining after the appropriation to the Reserve for Losses was added to the Reserve Fund, raising it to \$17,483,000.

# Statement of

# idb INDUSTRIAL DEVELOPMENT BANK

ASSETS	1964	1963
Cash on hand and deposits with other banks	\$ 16,147	\$ 17,831
Loans and investments \$224,228,435		
Accrued interest (1963 - \$910,931) 1,085,826	225,314,261	201,802,591
Property held for sale (including agreements for		
sale)	213,285	96,649
Guarantees and underwriting agreements (as per contra)		20,000
Unamortized discount and premium on de-		
bentures	3,392,651	2,213,545
Other assets	437,786	419,729
	\$229,410,605	\$204,570,345

L. RASMINSKY

PRESIDENT

A. J. NORTON

CHIEF ACCOUNTANT

# Assets and Liabilities as at September 30, 1964

WITH COMPARATIVE FIGURES AS AT SEPTEMBER 30, 1963

LIABILITIES	1964	1963
Capital — Authorized 500,000 shares par value \$100 each Issued and paid up 350,000 shares (1963 — 330,000 shares)	\$ 35,000,000	\$ 33,000,000
Reserve fund	17,483,262	16,618,446
Reserve for losses	4,500,000	3,700,000
Debentures outstanding \$168,100,000		
Accrued interest (1963 — \$3,290,000) 3,787,250	171,887,250	150,890,000
Liabilities under guarantees and underwriting agreements	36,475	20,000
Other liabilities	503,618	341,899
	\$229,410,605	\$204,570,345

### AUDITORS' REPORT

We have made an examination of the statement of assets and liabilities of the Industrial Development Bank as at September 30, 1964 and have received all the information and explanations we have required. We report that in our opinion it correctly sets forth the position of the bank as at September 30, 1964 according to the best of our information and as shown by the books of the bank.

T. C. KINNEAR, F.C.A. of Price Waterhouse & Co.

H. MARCEL CARON, C.A. of Clarkson, Gordon & Cie.

Ottawa, November 4, 1964.



# Statement of Income, Expense and Profit for the year ended September 30, 1964

WITH COMPARATIVE FIGURES FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 1963

	(\$000)	(\$000)
INCOME	1964	1963
Interest	\$14,232	\$12,240
Profit on sale of investments	14 414	15 374
Sundry	414	3/4
	\$14,660	\$12,629
EXPENSE		
	£ 2 210	C 2 125
Salaries <sup>(1)</sup>	\$ 3,310	\$ 3,135
surance	220	232
Other staff expenses <sup>(2)</sup>	48 80	43 82
Travel and transfer expenses	113	130
Rental and other costs — leased premises	522 73	435 68
Depreciation on equipment	101	85
Other public information <sup>(3)</sup>	38	39
Telephone and telegrams	124 173	117 173
Directors' fees	12	12
Auditors' fees and expenses	16	17
All other operating expenses	76	83
Total operating expenses	\$ 4,906	\$ 4,651
Interest on debentures (including amortization of discount and premium)	7,891	6,556
Provision for bad and doubtful debts	998	729
	012 705	611.026
	\$13,795	\$11,936
Profit transferred to reserve fund	\$ 865	\$ 693

<sup>(1)</sup> The number of staff averaged 505 in 1964 and 495 in 1963.

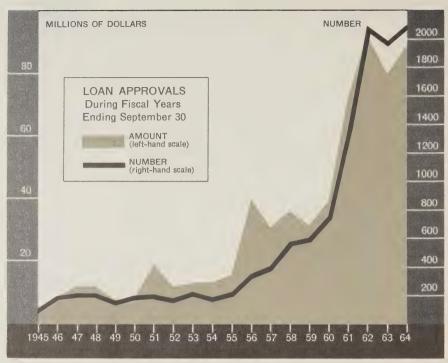
<sup>(2)</sup> Includes overtime pay, medical services and cafeteria expense.

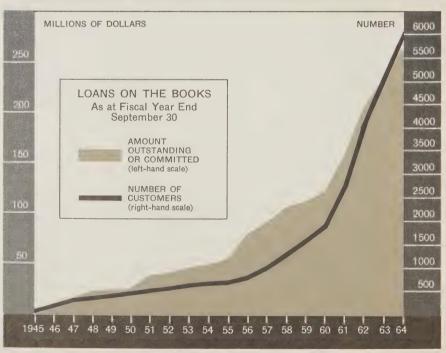
<sup>(3)</sup> Includes printing of Annual Report and of booklet "A Source of Financing for Canadian Business", etc.

## Reserves

RESERVE FOR LOSSES Balance, October 1, 1963	(\$000) \$ 3,700
Add:	\$ 3,700
Recovery of amounts previously written off \$ 29	
Provision for bad and doubtful debts for the year ended	1.027
September 30, 1964	1,027
	\$ 4,727
Less:	
Bad debts written off	227
Balance, September 30, 1964	\$ 4,500

RESERVE FUND	(\$000)
Balance, October 1, 1963	\$16,618
Profit for the year ended September 30, 1964	865
Balance, September 30, 1964	\$17,483





### PROVINCIAL DISTRIBUTION OF LOANS

Accounts on Books as at September 30, 1964 Total Authorizations November 1, 1944 to September 30, 1964

	Number of Businesses	Amounts Outstanding or Committed  (\$000)	Number of Businesses	Amounts (\$000)
Newfoundland	146	4,950	184	8,160
Prince Edward Island	34	678	49	6,740
Nova Scotia	171	7,663	274	15,807
New Brunswick	213	6,453	348	17,622
Quebec	1,230	75,702	1,994	180,628
Ontario	2,158	90,394	3,216	202,148
Manitoba	448	17,096	663	37,895
Saskatchewan	280	8,478	390	21,790
Alberta	760	23,473	1,054	52,682
British Columbia	559	27,103	1,070	84,128
Yukon, N.W. Territories	28	1,390	41	2,707
Total	6,027	263,380	9,283	630,307



### SUMMARY STATISTICS OF LOANS

FOR FISCAL YEARS ENDING SEPTEMBER 30

(Millions of Dollars)	1959	1960	1961	1962	1963	1964
Amounts drawn down by						
borrowers	29.3	29.7	47.5	74.3	74.0	69.6
Repayments by borrowers	20.4	23.4	27.1	32.6	38.2	46.0
Amounts written off (net)	.8	.1	.2	.2	.1	.2
Increase in amounts out-						
standing	8.1	6.2	20.2	41.5	35.7	23.4
Amounts outstanding at year-						
end	96.7	102.9	123.1	164.6	200.3	223.7
Amounts not yet disbursed at						
year-end on loans author-						
ized	12.4	16.9	31.1	39.0	31.7	39.7
Amounts outstanding plus						
undisbursed at year-end	109.1	119.8	154.2	203.6	232.1	263.4
Number of customers on the						
books at year-end	1,609	1,966	2,768	4,083	5,104	6,027
Average amount outstanding						
plus undisbursed per cus-						
tomer (thousands of	68	61	56	50	15	44
dollars)	08	01	20	30	45	44

# Loan Approvals

During Fiscal Years Ending September 30

CLASSIF	ICATION	BY	NEW
---------	---------	----	-----

1960

1961

1962

NUMBER

1959

To New Borrowers	438 161	571 169	1,070 295	1,730 355
Total	599	740	1,365	2,085
	CLASSI	FICATI	ON BY	SIZE:
\$ 5,000 or less. Over 5,000 to 25,000. Over 25,000 to 50,000. Over 50,000 to 100,000. Over 100,000 to 200,000.	31 242 153 112 43	28 313 188 124 60	39 578 372 234 105	72 985 526 340 121
Total up to \$200,000  Over \$200,000	581 18	713 27	1,328 37	2,044
Total	599	740	1,365	2,085
	CLASSI	FICATI	ON BY	PROV
Newfoundland Prince Edward Island Nova Scotia New Brunswick Quebec Ontario Manitoba Saskatchewan Alberta British Columbia Yukon and N. W. Territories	7 5 32 27 140 193 32 19 56 86 2	8 8 28 30 147 264 37 28 76 110 4	21 4 49 61 258 538 106 64 131 128 5	60 16 61 89 423 810 143 86 216 169 12 2,085
	==			

# idb

## R EXISTING BORROWERS:

		AMOUNT	(\$000)				
1963	1964	1959	1960	1961	1962	1963	1964
1,532 454	1,514 569	24,150 6,429	29,517 9,059	53,596 17,640	75,922 16,059	61,020 18,791	62,964 25,184
1,986	2,083	30,579	38,576	71,236	91,981	79,811	88,148
100 993 476 303 84	86 1,054 519 289 96	105 3,911 5,939 8,406 6,293	121 4,905 7,131 9,659 8,748	165 8,960 14,238 17,610 15,418	304 15,278 20,414 25,289 17,797	431 15,113 18,324 22,737 12,249	363 16,503 19,778 21,571 13,666
1,956 30	2,044 39	24,654 5,925	30,564 8,012	56,391 14,845	79,082 12,899	68,854 10,957	71,881 16,267
1,986	2,083	30,579	38,576	71,236	91,981	79,811	88,148
CE:							
52 12 47 70 395 676 159 78 306 181 10	60 4 62 52 439 675 154 120 282 230 5	235 171 1,355 765 7,585 9,862 2,065 978 2,745 4,743 75	698 111 1,075 888 9,398 12,388 1,895 1,493 3,465 7,057 108 38,576	754 70 2,130 2,711 16,884 24,952 5,433 3,133 5,990 9,032 147 71,236	1,628 403 2,840 2,491 24,340 33,686 6,417 2,938 8,011 8,605 622 91,981	1,531 305 1,881 2,276 22,520 27,902 5,585 2,344 8,388 6,727 352	1,982 61 2,122 1,747 24,982 28,124 5,856 3,729 8,786 10,569 190

# Classification of



	NUMB	ER		
	1959	1960	1961	1962
Manufacturing:	0.2	0.2	150	165
Foods and beverages	82	92	159	165
Tobacco and tobacco products		· ·	9	2
Rubber products	5	4 2	15	6
Leather products	12	_	15	27
Textile products (except clothing)		11 25	49	53
Clothing (textiles and fur)	33			
Wood products	74	76	127	129
Paper products (including pulp)	6	12	18	11
Printing and allied industries	25	35	58	64
Iron and steel products	80	104	190	164
(including machinery and equipment)		2.5	40	1.0
Transportation equipment	22	26	42	16
Non-ferrous metal products	15	15	20	3
Electrical apparatus and supplies	11	12	22	25
Non-metallic mineral products	34	39	65	66
Products of petroleum and coal	1	2	3	3
Chemical products	20	24	27	28
Miscellaneous manufacturing industries	17	17	38	45
Commercial air services	13	10	20	20
Warehousing (including refrigeration)	5	13	13	12
Other transportation and storage	42	61	103	88
Electric power, gas, water utilities				2
Mines (incl. milling) quarries, oil wells	6	20	31	28
Construction	37	59	144	161
Industrial buildings	13	12	28	32
Personal services	11	23	42	270
Forestry		2	5	9
Wholesale trade	9	16	32	152
Retail trade	9	20	55	240
Education and health services			2	18
Recreation services			1	67
Services to business management	2	2	4	25
Miscellaneous services	9	4	17	34
Agriculture	4	2	11	106
Fishing and trapping				1
Communications				13
(Enterprises engaged in more than one type of business	599	740	1.365	2,085
are classified according to major activity.)				
and the second s				

## oan Approvals by Types of Businesses

AMOUNT (\$000)

4,012

1.500

2,358

38,576

1,789

30,579

2,275

1,986

2,083

DURING FISCAL YEARS ENDING SEPTEMBER 30

4,340	5,435	8,625	6,934	7,525	9,016
•••	• • • •	:::		200	
38	230	547	47	208	233
246	115	1,026	463	372	434
611	474	933	2,323	1,695	1,610
1,707	837	2,585	2,934	1,446	1,919
4,575	5,217	7,657	7,522	6,281	5,954
171	803	1,615	407	1,430	758
1,169	1,223	2,380	2,058	2,082	2,290
3,298	4,718	8,933	6,701	7,921	12,455
,	,				
765	775	1,390	648	847	699
1,028	659	762	93	296	407
502	531	2,112	1,860	666	1,240
1,497	2,511	5,889	3,097	2,248	2,477
30	40	224	152		169
846	942	1,233	1,234	1,522	277
1,122	888	1,681	1,394	2,298	2,035
891	598	908	1,497	384	993
469	1,215	745	745	1,222	439
	- ,			,	

5,445

2,614

5,992

1,232

1,596

1,418

2,297

71,236

4,579

1.418

6,873

1,312

12,868

5,888

6,888

4,174

1,156

4,127

91,981

4,791

3,877

1,462

10,022

4,314

6,185

79,811

4,809

2,662

4,078

4,256

1,354

10,025

5,509

7,811

2,584

1.022

5,892

88,148

# Board of Directors

- \*L. RASMINSKY, C.B.E., OTTAWA, ONT.
- \*J. R. BEATTIE, OTTAWA, ONT.
- \*H. BARIBEAU, LEVIS, QUE.
- A. I. BARROW, C.A., HALIFAX, N.S.
- \*R. B. BRYCE, OTTAWA, ONT.
- N. H. DEBLOIS, CHARLOTTETOWN, P.E.I.

FREDERICK FIELD, F.C.A., VANCOUVER, B.C.

- C. HEDLEY FORBES, FREDERICTON, N.B.
- S. N. MACEACHERN, SASKATOON, SASK.
- A. J. MACINTOSH, Q.C., TORONTO, ONT.
- \*W. A. MACKINTOSH, KINGSTON, ONT.
- J. RENÉ OUIMET, MONTREAL, QUE.
- L. PATRICK, C.B.E., CALGARY, ALTA.
- W. S. PERLIN, ST. JOHN'S, NFLD.

DANIEL SPRAGUE, C.A., WINNIPEG, MAN.

\*J. H. WARREN, OTTAWA, ONT.

<sup>\*</sup>Member of the Executive Committee

# Head Office, Ortawa

L. RASMINSKY, C.B.E. President
L. F. MUNDY Secretary

P. D. SMITH

Deputy Secretary

A. J. NORTON

Chief Accountant

E. METCALFE

Internal Auditor

# General Manager's Office, Montreal

A. N. H. JAMES General Manager

E. R. CLARK Assistant General Manager

C. E. DEATHE Executive Assistant

J. HARVEY

Administrative Assistant

G. R. ELLIOTT Assistant Superintendent, Credit Department

G. D. COATES Controller

H. M. SCOTT Chief, Legal Department

W. L. MUNDY Chief, Insurance Department

H. DUNCAN Chief, Loan Accounting Department

E. C. SCOTT Personnel Officer
C. I. STUART Deputy Secretary
J. W. SIVERS Information Officer

# Regional and Branch Offices

	N'S N. J. Weedmark, Manager	85 Elizabeth Avenue
	X E. A. BELL, Supervisor J. G. KENNA, Assistant Supervisor	123 Hollis Street
	OHN	75 Prince William Street
	ONG. J. HILTZ, Manager	236 St. George Street
REG	N REGION GIONAL OFFICE, MONTREAL H. R. Stoker, Regional Supervisor L. Viau, Assistant Supervisor	901 Victoria Square
	OUSKI	133 St. Germain Street
	EBEC J. J. PAQUIN, Manager	925 Chemin St. Louis
	OIS-RIVIERES J. J. G. Bourbonnière, <i>Manager</i>	165 Radisson Street
	NTREAL	NNETON, Manager ver
SHE	RBROOKE (Sub-Branch to Montreal)	31 King Street West
	AWA	.350 King Edward Avenue

CENTRAL REGION REGIONAL OFFICE, TORONTO250 University Avenue W. C. STUART, Regional Supervisor J. R. Gibb, Assistant Supervisor
TORONTO
HAMILTON
KITCHENER-WATERLOO Waterloo Square Building, Waterloo W. H. Jay, <i>Manager</i>
LONDON
WINDSOR
SUDBURY
PRAIRIE REGION  REGIONAL OFFICE, WINNIPEG360 Broadway Ave.  J. C. Ingram, Regional Supervisor  R. H. Wheeler, Assistant Supervisor
LAKEHEAD8-A North Cumberland Street, K. C. A. DAWSON, <i>Manager</i> Port Arthur
WINNIPEG
REGINA
SASKATOON
CALGARY
EDMONTON
KELOWNA
VANCOUVER
VICTORIA

# 1944 idb 1964

On August 15th, 1944, royal assent was given to the Industrial Development Bank Act. The Act came into force on the following September 30th, and on November 1st, 1944 the Bank opened its doors for business.

Prior to that time there was no financial institution in Canada to provide a regular source of medium or long-term financing for small and medium-sized businesses unable to raise funds in the securities market. Short-term credit for business was provided by the banking system but, in general, longer-term funds were available only from non-institutional sources. Banks were not permitted to make loans on the security of land, buildings or other fixed assets, and other institutional lenders such as insurance and trust and loan companies were, so far as smaller mortgages were concerned, mainly interested in lending on residential rather than business property. There was therefore a special interest in broadening the sources of term financing, particularly for smaller businesses, to encourage industrial development.

The Industrial Development Bank, the new organization to provide term financing to Canadian business, was set up as a public institution with all of its capital stock being subscribed by the central bank, the Bank of Canada. It was intended to supplement rather than compete with the activities of other lenders, and to provide credit only when this was not available elsewhere on reasonable terms and conditions. The Industrial Development Bank Act also indicated that the IDB was to

confine its lending to enterprises which seemed likely to be financially successful and able to repay their borrowings from the Bank, and that the IDB was to be particularly concerned with the financing problems of smaller business enterprises.

These guiding principles were set forth in the preamble to the Industrial Development Bank Act which reads as follows:

"Whereas it is desirable to establish an industrial development bank to promote the economic welfare of Canada by increasing the effectiveness of monetary action through ensuring the availability of credit to industrial enterprises which may reasonably be expected to prove successful if a high level of national income and employment is maintained, by supplementing the activities of other lenders and by providing capital assistance to industry with particular consideration to the financing problems of small enterprises."

As the IDB would be operating in a field of lending new in Canada and would have problems of acquiring or training staff with the necessary specialized skills, its operations were at first limited to the area in which the immediate need for its facilities was expected to be greatest. Under the Act as proclaimed in 1944, IDB's field of operations was confined almost entirely to manufacturing enterprises, where the importance of investment in fixed assets made the provision of longer-term capital funds a particularly urgent problem. As the Bank acquired operating experience the scope of the IDB's operations was steadily broadened by successive amendments to the IDB Act:

- In 1952, the Bank was empowered to provide financing to commercial air services in Canada.
- In 1956, the range of industrial enterprises which the Bank could finance was extended considerably, to include for the first time such activities as processing, installing, reconditioning, repairing, cleaning, etc.
- In 1961, the Bank's field of activity was enlarged to include "any industry, trade or other business undertaking of any kind."

Since 1961 the Bank has been able to provide financial assistance to virtually all types of business enterprises in Canada; a few are, for policy reasons, not regarded as appropriate for IDB financing.

In keeping with the Bank's fundamental objective of making its facilities conveniently accessible in all parts of the country, branch offices have been established in key centres as the volume of business developed and suitable trained staff were available. The first IDB branches opened, shortly after the inception of the Bank, were in the metropolitan centres of Montreal, Toronto, Winnipeg and Vancouver. In 1956, branches were opened at Halifax and Calgary, and in 1959 at Saint John, Quebec City, London and Regina. In 1960, and in each succeeding year, additional branch offices have been established until, at the present time, the Bank has a network of twenty-five branches extending to all parts of the country. In addition, regular advertised visits are paid by each IDB branch to contiguous areas to contact interested applicants.

On the following pages are photographs illustrating the operations of a few of the more than 9,000 individual businesses to which the Bank has extended financial assistance in past years.



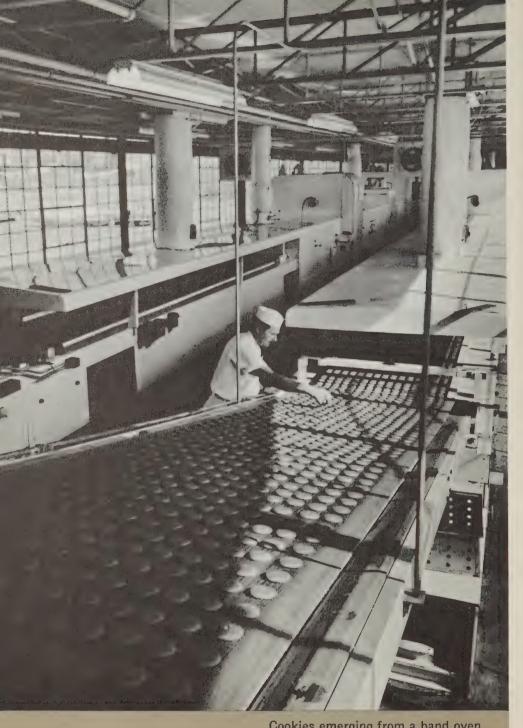
Manufacturing spiral welded pipe for use as piling or to carry air, water, and other gases and liquids.



Freshly caught fish being unloaded into a processing plant.



High speed plastic injection moulding machines being made for sale chiefly in foreign markets.



Cookies emerging from a band oven.



Flower cuttings being planted in a greenhouse.



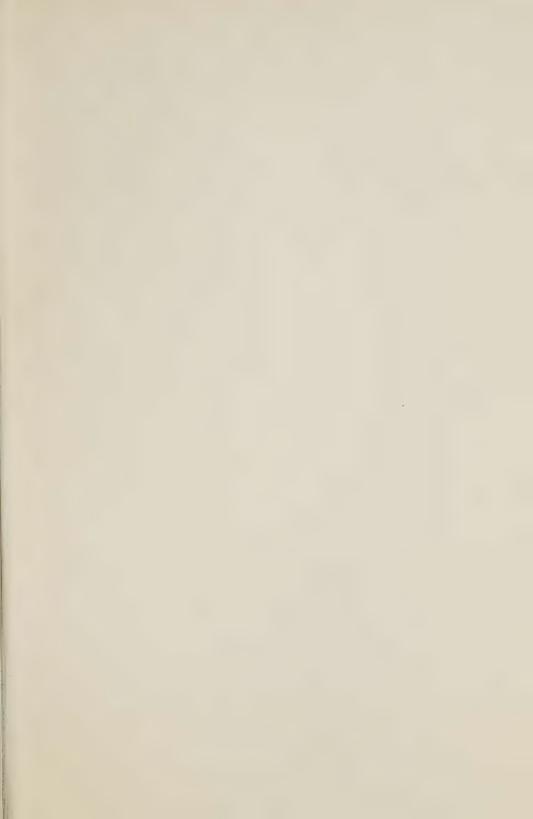
Preparing yarn for weaving wool fabrics.



Analyzing paints and lacquers in a laboratory for purpose of quality control.



This company operates a charter helicopter service to move men and equipment to inaccessible areas.





CAI FN130 - R27

Lewis morning

# idb INDUSTRIAL DEVELOPMENT BANK, Umana

REPORT OF THE PRESIDENT AND
STATEMENT OF ACCOUNTS
(FISCAL YEAR)

1965



# idb Industrial DEVELOPMENT BANK

HEAD OFFICE

**OTTAWA** 

December 1st, 1965

The Hon. Mitchell Sharp, P.C., Acting Minister of Finance, Ottawa, Ontario.

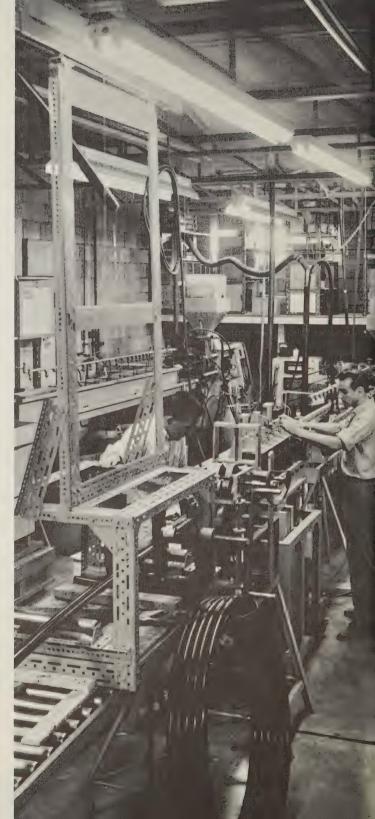
Dear Sir,

In accordance with the provisions of the Industrial Development Bank Act, I enclose my report for the fiscal year ending September 30th, 1965, and a statement of the Bank's accounts for this period which is signed and certified in the prescribed manner.

Yours very truly,

L. Rasninerky

President



Extruding polyethylene pipe.

## Contents

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The photographs included in this report illustrate the operations of a few of the more than 10,000 individual businesses to which the Bank has extended financial assistance.

# Highlights

Amount of loans at September 30, 1965: (millions of dollars)		
Outsta	anding	
Undis	bursed 42.6	
	296.9	
Number of customers at fiscal year-end:	- Additional and Addi	
Fiscal	1961	
Fiscal	1962	
Fiscal	1963 5,104	
Fiscal	1964 6,027	,
Fiscal	1965 6,961	
Number of loans approved in fiscal year:		
Fiscal	1961	
Fiscal	1962	
Fiscal	1963	
Fiscal	1964	
Fiscal	19652,209	
Amount of loans approved in fiscal year: (millions of dollars)		
Fiscal	1961 71.2	
Fiscal	1962 92.0	
Fiscal	1963 79.8	
Fiscal	1964 88.1	
Fiscal	196596.1	



# TWENTY-FIRST ANNUAL REPORT OF THE PRESIDENT—1965

The past fiscal year was one of continuing growth for the Industrial Development Bank. Lending activity was greater than in any previous year, as measured both by the number and by the amount of loans approved. At the fiscal year-end, September 30, 1965, the number of customers on the books of the IDB was nearly 7,000, and loans outstanding or in course of disbursement totalled almost \$300 million.

The substantial rate of lending experienced in 1964 increased further in 1965. The number of loans approved in fiscal 1965 rose by 6 per cent to 2,209, while the amount approved totalled \$96.1 million, an increase of 9 per cent.

As in previous years, more than half the number of IDB loans approved in 1965 were for amounts of \$25,000 or less. The number of larger loans decreased slightly from the previous year; approvals for loans in excess of \$100,000 were approximately 5 per cent of the total loan approvals by number and 30 per cent of the total by amount.

The average size of IDB loans approved in fiscal 1965 was \$43,500; it has changed but little over the last few years. The relatively small average size of our loans, together with the rise in the number of loan applications and approvals, reflects the continuing financial needs of small business and the special attention that IDB pays to applications from small business. A detailed classification of loan approvals by size appears on pages 16 and 17.

### TYPES OF BUSINESS

A classification of loan approvals in fiscal 1964 and 1965 by types of business is given below; more detailed figures of numbers of loans and amounts appear on pages 20 and 21.

	Fiscal 1964		Fisca	1 1965
	Number	Amount	Number	Amount
Manufacturing	35%	48%	36%	47%
Wholesale and retail trade	21	15	23	16
Personal services (including restau-				
rants, motels, laundries, etc.)	14	11	10	9
Agriculture	10	7	9	7
Construction	6	5	6	. 5
Transportation and storage	4	6	6	7
Recreation services	3	3	3	2
Other	7	5	7	7
	100%	100%	100%	100%

### CUSTOMERS' PROGRAMMES

In fiscal 1965, IDB loans in the amount of \$96 million helped in financing customers' programmes totalling \$126 million. As in previous years, the purchase of land, buildings, machinery and equipment made up the major part of these programmes.

	Fiscal	1965
	Millions of dollars	Per cent of total
Land and buildings	\$ 49.1	38.8%
Machinery and equipment	39.9	31.6
Increase in working capital	16.2	12.8
Refinancing of realty mortgages	4.5	3.6
Refinancing of suppliers' liens on equipment	1.9	1.5
Refinancing of other liens on equipment	1.6	1.3
Refinancing of other obligations	4.1	3.2
Financing of changes in ownership	5.8	4.6
All other purposes	3.3	2.6
	\$126.4	100.0%

Refinancing of term indebtedness to other creditors represented only a small part of customers' programmes, and in most cases refinancing was necessary to remove encumbrances from assets which were to be pledged to the IDB as security for its loan.

### ORGANIZATION

A new branch office was opened in Prince George early in September 1965 in order to make the services of IDB more readily accessible to businessmen in the Peace River district and in the northern interior of British Columbia. Previously these areas had been served by the IDB's branches in Edmonton and Vancouver.

At the end of the year, plans had been completed to divide the Toronto office of the IDB into two separate branches — Metropolitan Toronto Branch, serving the metropolitan area, and Mid-Ontario Branch, serving the rest of central Ontario. The division is designed to reduce the time involved in dealing with applications in the area and to maintain and improve the standard of service to the public.

There are now twenty-seven IDB branches across the country; they are listed on pages 26 and 27.

Representatives of the IDB regularly make visits to centres of population some distance removed from the nearest IDB office. The visits are advertised in advance in the local press and other media and prospective customers are invited to discuss their proposals with the visiting officer. This programme of visits was stepped up again in the past year in order to bring the IDB's services to the attention of businessmen in as many places as possible. In fiscal 1965, 436 visits were made to 143 localities, compared with 226 visits to 105 different cities and towns in fiscal 1964. These visits have resulted in a substantial flow of enquiries.

The increase in the number of customers and the greater activity in lending necessitated additions to staff. In the course of the fiscal year the number of staff rose by 53 to 557. Behind the continued growth in the IDB's business lie the loyal and imaginative efforts of the staff. I wish to record my appreciation of the high standard of performance maintained.

The IDB, one of the first organizations of its kind in the world, has

assisted in the development of similar institutions elsewhere, especially in a number of emerging and newly industrializing countries, by receiving trainees and observers from sister institutions in more than twenty countries. During the past year, the services of the General Manager were made available to the International Finance Corporation, an affiliate of the World Bank, to prepare a report, following an on-the-spot investigation, on the establishment of a development finance company in a member country.

### FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The statements of income and expense and the year-end balance sheets for the fiscal years 1964 and 1965 appear on pages 12, 14 and 15.

Loan disbursements in fiscal 1965 were \$80.8 million, an increase of \$11.2 million over fiscal 1964. Repayments amounted to \$49.8 million, up \$3.8 million over last year. Of the remaining funds required to be raised \$25.3 million was obtained from the sale of debentures and \$3.0 million from the issue of share capital.

In accordance with the Industrial Development Bank Act, the additional share capital was subscribed by the Bank of Canada, which also purchased all debentures issued during the year.

Income and expenses for fiscal 1965 together with comparative figures for the previous four years are summarized as follows:

	Fiscal 1961	Fiscal 1962	Fiscal 1963	Fiscal 1964	Fiscal 1965
		(thou	sands of do	llars)	
Income	7,424	9,692	12,629	14,660	17,107
Less:					
Operating expenses.	2,779	4,141	4,651	4,906	5,295
Cost of debentures.	3,008	4,486	6,556	7,891	9,549
Net income before pro-					
vision for losses	1,637	1,065	1,422	1,863	2,263
Less: Provision for bad and doubtful debts.  Net income transferred	444	650	729	998	1,323
to Reserve Fund	1,193	415	693	865	940

Bad debts aggregating \$608,000 were written off out of the Reserve for Losses during the year, while \$35,000 previously written off was recovered. The sum of \$1,323,000 was appropriated from profits to the Reserve for Losses, which stood at \$5,250,000 at the year-end. At the end of fiscal 1965, the Reserve for Losses amounted to 1.77 per cent of the \$296.9 million of loans then outstanding or committed. The total of actual losses realized since the inception of IDB in 1944 plus the reserve for possible future losses amounts to 1.34 per cent of the \$583.5 million of loans taken up by customers during the twenty-one years.

As the IDB Act provides, the net income for 1965 after provision for bad and doubtful debts was added to the Reserve Fund, raising it to \$18,423,096.



Manufacturing electric toasters.



Jars of honey being labelled.



# Income, Expense and Profit

for the year ended September 30, 1965

WITH COMPARATIVE FIGURES FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 1964

	(\$000)	(\$000)
INCOME	1965	1964
Interest Profit on sale of investments	\$16,626 55	\$14,232 14
Sundry	426	414
	\$17,107	\$14,660
EXPENSE		
Salaries <sup>(1)</sup>	\$ 3,575	\$ 3,310
Pension fund, unemployment insurance and group insurance	252	220
Other staff expenses <sup>(2)</sup>	57	48
Investigation and supervision expenses	88	80
Travel and transfer expenses	161	113
Rental and other costs — leased premises	531	522
Depreciation on equipment	81	73
Advertising	105	101
Other public information <sup>(3)</sup>	47	38
Telephone and telegrams	132	124
Office supplies and expenses	156	173
Directors' fees	12	12
Auditors' fees and expenses	18	16
All other operating expenses	80	76
Total operating expenses	\$ 5,295	\$ 4,906
count and premium)	9,549	7,891
Provision for bad and doubtful debts	1,323	998
	\$16,167	\$13,795
Profit transferred to reserve fund	\$ 940	\$ 865

<sup>(1)</sup> The number of staff averaged 526 in 1965 and 505 in 1964.

<sup>(2)</sup> Includes overtime pay, medical services and cafeteria expense.

<sup>(3)</sup> Includes printing of Annual Report and of booklet "A Source of Financing for Canadian Business", etc.

# Reserves

RESERVE FOR LOSSES		(\$000)
Balance, October 1, 1964.		\$ 4,500
Add:		
Recovery of amounts previously written off	\$ 35	
Provision for bad and doubtful debts for the year ended September 30, 1965	1,323	1,358
		\$ 5,858
Less:		
Bad debts written off		608
Balance, September 30, 1965		\$ 5,250
RESERVE FUND		
Balance, October 1, 1964.		\$17,483
Profit for the year ended September 30, 1965		940
Balance, September 30, 1965		\$18,423

# Assets and Liabilities as at September

WITH COMPARATIVE FIGURES AS AT SEPTEMBER 30, 1964

ASSETS	1965	1964
Cash on hand and deposits with other banks	\$ 106,846	\$ 16,147
Loans and investments \$255,145,386		
Accrued interest (1964 - \$1,085,826)	256,399,472	225,314,261
Property held for sale (including agreements for sale)	579,054	213,285
Guarantees and underwriting agreements (as per contra)	17,975	36,475
Unamortized discount and premium on debentures	4,422,816	3,392,651
Other assets	504,398	437,786
	\$262,030,561	\$229,410,605

Note: Amounts not disbursed at September 30, 1965 on loans authorized, \$42,590,873 (1964 - \$39,708,135).

L. Rasminsky
PRESIDENT
A. J. Norton
CHIEF ACCOUNTANT

195. <sup>14</sup>7. <sup>2</sup>



LIABILITIES	1965	1964
Capital —		
Authorized: 500,000 shares par value \$100 each		
Issued and paid up: 380,000 shares (1964 - 350,000 shares).	\$ 38,000,000	\$ 35,000,000
Reserve fund	18,423,096	17,483,262
Reserve for losses	5,250,000	4,500,000
Debentures outstanding \$195,400,000		10432
Accrued interest (1964 - \$3,787,250) 4,438,500	199,838,500	171,887,250
Liabilities under guarantees and underwriting agreements	17,975	36,475
Other liabilities	500,990	503,618
	\$262,030,561	\$229,410,605

### AUDITORS' REPORT

We have made an examination of the statement of assets and liabilities of the Industrial Development Bank as at September 30, 1965 and have received all the information and explanations we have required. We report that in our opinion it correctly sets forth the position of the bank as at September 30, 1965 according to the best of our information and as shown by the books of the bank.

H. MARCEL CARON, C.A. of Clarkson, Gordon & Cie.

T. A. M. HUTCHISON, F.C.A. of Peat, Marwick, Mitchell & Co.

Ottawa, October 29, 1965.



To New Rorrowers

DURING FISCAL YEARS ENDING SEPTEMBER 30

NUMBER

1960

571

1961

1.070

1963

1 532

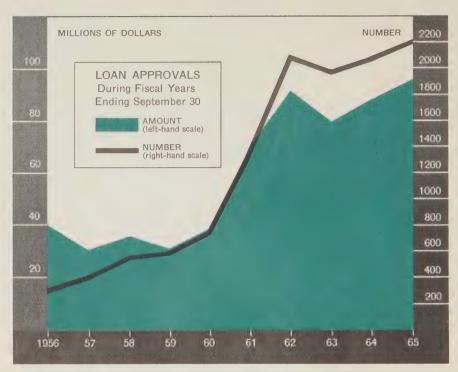
1962

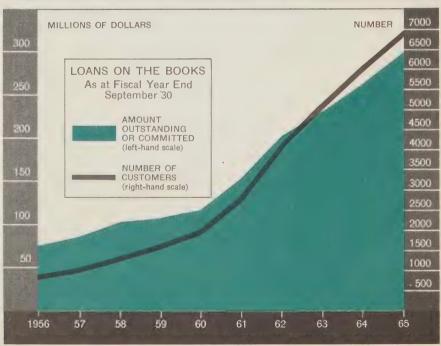
1 730

### CLASSIFICATION BY NEW OR EXISTING BORROWERS:

To Existing Borrowers	169	295	355	454
Total,	740	1,365	2,085	1,986
CLASSIFICATION BY SIZE:				
\$ 5,000 or less	28 313 188 124 60	39 578 372 234 105	72 985 526 340 121	100 992 476 303 84
Total up to \$200,000	713 27	1,328	2,044 41	1,950
Total	740	1,365	2,085	1,980
Average Size				
CLASSIFICATION BY PROVINCE:				
CLASSIFICATION BY PROVINCE:  Newfoundland  Prince Edward Island  Nova Scotia	8 8 8 28	21 4 49	60 16 61	5: 1: 4
CLASSIFICATION BY PROVINCE:  Newfoundland. Prince Edward Island. Nova Scotia. New Brunswick. Quebec.	8 8 28 30 147	21 4 49 61 258	60 16 61 89 423	5: 1: 4: 7: 39:
CLASSIFICATION BY PROVINCE:  Newfoundland. Prince Edward Island. Nova Scotia. New Brunswick. Quebec. Ontario.	8 8 28 30	21 4 49 61	60 16 61 89	5 1: 44 70
CLASSIFICATION BY PROVINCE:  Newfoundland. Prince Edward Island. Nova Scotia. New Brunswick. Quebec. Ontario. Manitoba. Saskatchewan.	8 8 28 30 147 264 37 28	21 4 49 61 258 538 106 64	60 16 61 89 423 810 143 86	5. 1: 4: 7: 39 67: 15: 7:
CLASSIFICATION BY PROVINCE:  Newfoundland. Prince Edward Island. Nova Scotia. New Brunswick. Quebec. Ontario. Manitoba.	8 8 28 30 147 264 37	21 4 49 61 258 538 106	60 16 61 89 423 810 143	5: 1: 4: 7: 39: 67:
CLASSIFICATION BY PROVINCE:  Newfoundland. Prince Edward Island. Nova Scotia. New Brunswick. Quebec. Ontario. Manitoba. Saskatchewan. Alberta. British Columbia.	8 8 28 30 147 264 37 28 76 110	21 4 49 61 258 538 106 64 131 128	60 16 61 89 423 810 143 86 217 169	3 6 1 3

		AMOUN	VT (\$000)				
1964	1965	1960	1961	1962	1963	1964	1965
1,514 569	1,602 607	29,517 9,059	53,596 17,640	75,922 16,059	61,020 18,791	62,964 25,184	69,936 26,210
2,083	2,209	38,576	71,236	91,981	79,811	88,148	96,146
86 1,054 519 289 96	* 76 1,072 565 378 81	121 4,905 7,131 9,659 8,748	165 8,960 14,238 17,610 15,418	304 15,278 20,414 25,289 17,797	431 15,113 18,324 22,737 12,249	363 16,503 19,778 21,571 13,666	306 17,011 21,782 28,214 11,948
2,044	2,172	30,564 8,012	56,391 14,845	79,082 12,899	68,854 10,957	71,881 16,267	79,261 16,885
2,083	2,209	38,576	71,236	91,981	79,811	88,148	96,146
• • • • • •		52	52	44	40	42	44
60 4 62 52 439 675 154 120 282 230 5	46 7 51 62 485 684 166 152 256 293 7	698 111 1,075 888 9,398 12,388 1,895 1,493 3,465 7,057 108	754 70 2,130 2,711 16,884 24,952 5,433 3,133 5,990 9,032 147	1,628 403 2,840 2,491 24,340 33,686 6,417 2,938 8,041 8,605 592	1,531 305 1,881 2,276 22,520 27,902 5,585 2,344 8,388 6,727 352	1,982 61 2,122 1,747 24,982 28,124 5,856 3,729 8,786 10,569 190	1,588 278 2,356 1,794 25,479 30,123 5,901 4,696 8,980 14,692 259
2,083	2,209	38,576	71,236	91,981	79,811	88,148	96,146





### PROVINCIAL DISTRIBUTION OF LOANS

Accounts	on	Boo	ks	as	at
Septem	ber	30,	19	65	

Total Authorizations November 1, 1944 to September 30, 1965

	Number of Businesses	Amounts Outstanding or Committed	Number of Businesses	Amounts
		(\$000)		(\$000)
Newfoundland	175	5,687	225	9,748
Prince Edward Island	35	790	53	7,018
Nova Scotia	189	8,050	306	18,163
New Brunswick	236	6,901	398	19,416
Quebec	1,447	85,897	2,311	206,107
Ontario	2,382	97,936	3,691	232,270
Manitoba	529	18,365	787	43,797
Saskatchewan	360	11,150	507	26,472
Alberta	869	26,714	1,254	61,707
British Columbia	709	34,461	1,307	98,819
Yukon, N.W. Territories	30	986	46	2,936
Total	6,961	296,937	10,885	726,453

### SUMMARY STATISTICS OF LOANS

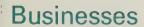
FOR FISCAL YEARS ENDING SEPTEMBER 30

TOTT TOOKE TEATIS ENDING SELTEMBER	30					
(Millions of Dollars)	1960	1961	1962	1963	1964	1965
Amounts Drawn Down by Bor-						
rowers	29.7	47.5	74.3	74.0	69.6	80.8
Repayments by Borrowers	23.4	27.1	32.6	38.2	46.0	49.8
Amounts Written Off (net)						
Principal	.1	.2	.2	.1	.2	.4
Interest						(.2)
Increase in Amounts Outstanding	6.2	20.2	41.5	35.7	23.4	30.6
Amounts Outstanding at Year-End	102.9	123.1	164.6	200.3	223.7	254.3
Amounts Not Yet Disbursed at Year-End on Loans Authorized.	16.9	31.1	39.0	31.7	39.7	42.6
Amounts Outstanding Plus Undisbursed at Year-End	119.8	154.2	203.6	232.1	263.4	296.9
Number of Customers on the Books at Year-End	1,966	2,768	4,083	5,104	6,027	6,961
Average Amount Outstanding Plus Undisbursed per Customer (Thousands of Dollars)	61	56	50	45	44	43

# Classification of Loan Approvals by Types

DURING FISCAL YEARS ENDING SEPTEMBER 30

	NUMBER			
	1960	1961	1962	1963
Manufacturing:				
Foods and Beverages	91	159	164	160
Tobacco and Tobacco Products	• •	• •	• •	
Rubber Products	3	9	1	6
Leather Products	2	15	6	6
Textile Products (except Clothing)	11 25	15 49	27 53	26 45
Clothing (Textiles and Fur)	25 76	126	130	112
Wood Products	12	120	11	18
	34	58	64	46
Printing and Allied Industries Iron and Steel Products	104	191	164	166
(including Machinery and Equipment)	104	191	104	100
Transportation Equipment	25	40	16	25
Non-Ferrous Metal Products	15	16	3	7
Electrical Apparatus and Supplies	12	22	25	13
Non-Metallic Mineral Products	39	65	66	54
Products of Petroleum and Coal	2	3	3	5-1
Chemical Products	24	27	28	26
Miscellaneous Manufacturing Industries	17	40	45	56
Commercial Air Services	10	20	20	12
Warehousing (including Refrigeration)	13	13	12	11
Other Transportation and Storage	61	103	88	92
Electric Power, Gas, Water Utilities		105	2	2
Mines (incl. Milling) Quarries, Oil Wells	20	31	29	16
Construction	59	144	160	123
Industrial Buildings	13	28	32	34
Personal Services	23	42	270	261
Forestry	2	5	9	6
Wholesale Trade	19	33	153	121
Retail Trade	20	57	240	225
Education and Health Services		2	18	10
Recreation Services		1	67	59
Services to Business Management	2	4	25	21
Miscellaneous Services	4	18	34	39
Agriculture	2	11	106	175
Fishing and Trapping			1	6
Communications			13	7
(Enterprises engaged in more than one type of business	740	1,365	2.085	1,986
are classified according to major activity.)		===		

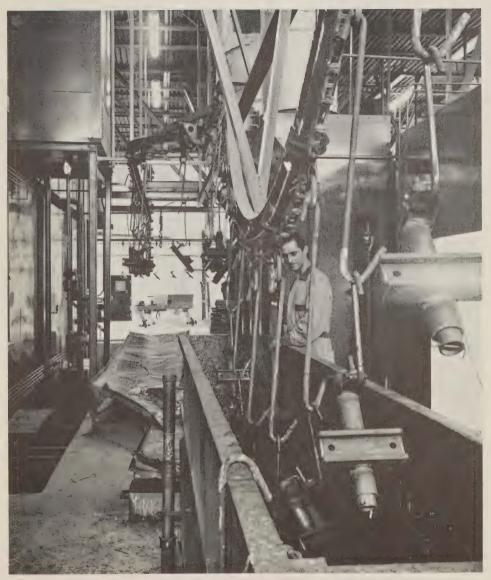




AMOUN7	(000)
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		AMOUNT	(\$000)				
964	1965	1960	1961	1962	1963	1964	1965
150:	152	5,423	8,625	6,919	7,525	8,986	8,680
5	1 4	205	547	25	162	233	74 192
14	18	115	1,026	463	372	434	644
19	25	474	933	2,323	1,695	1,610	4,457
38	49	837	2,585	2,934	1,446	1,919	2,102
115	119	5,217	7,557	7,542	6,281	5,954	6,321
15	13	803	1,615	407	1,430	758	1,454
47	56	1,148	2,380	2,058	2,082	2,290	1,788
183	193	4,718	8,971	6,701	8,020	12,434	9,694
23	20	765	1,334	648	847	699	844
2	8	659	676	93	296	407	318
16	19	531	2,112	1,860	566	1,240	1,200
47	48	2,511	5,889	3,097	2,248	2,625	3,332
3	2 21	40	224	152	1 522	169 277	60 779
9	53	942 888	1,233 1,806	1,234 1,394	1,522 2,298	2,035	2,894
15	23	598	908	1,394	384	993	845
9	9	1,215	745	745	1,173	439	521
67	93	4,012	5,445	4,579	4,791	4,078	5,506
4	3	1,012		80	63	79	70
17	25	1,500	2,614	1,668	550	1,053	1,102
117	132	2,358	5,999	6,623	3,877	4,004	4,566
36	36	567	1,232	1,312	1,462	1,354	1,818
290	226	672	1,596	12,868	10,022	10,025	8,639
7	4	292	220	612	77	147	176
151	196	740	1,458	5,905	4,461	5,509	6,816
291	319	911	2,323	6,888	6,134	7,772	8,989
7	9	• • •	85	463	181	100	696
61	54	105	100	4,174	2,662	2,584	1,971
13	16 43	105	168	628	631	307	498 1,164
43	205	245 85	588 242	1,156 4,127	913 4,809	1,061 5,892	7,118
201 5	6	63		4,127	4,609	166	350
16	9	• • •	• • •	798	376	515	468
083	2,209	38,576	71,236	91,981	79,811	88,148	96,146





Farm implement parts being dipped in paint tank.

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A. J. NORTON Chief Accountant

E. METCALFE Internal Auditor

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C. E. DEATHE Executive Assistant

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W. L. MUNDY Chief, Insurance Department

H. DUNCAN Chief, Loan Accounting Department

E. C. SCOTT Personnel Officer

C. I. STUART Deputy Secretary

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Tourist lodge in the north country.









